

This is a digital copy of a book that was preserved for generations on library shelves before it was carefully scanned by Google as part of a project to make the world's books discoverable online.

It has survived long enough for the copyright to expire and the book to enter the public domain. A public domain book is one that was never subject to copyright or whose legal copyright term has expired. Whether a book is in the public domain may vary country to country. Public domain books are our gateways to the past, representing a wealth of history, culture and knowledge that's often difficult to discover.

Marks, notations and other marginalia present in the original volume will appear in this file - a reminder of this book's long journey from the publisher to a library and finally to you.

Usage guidelines

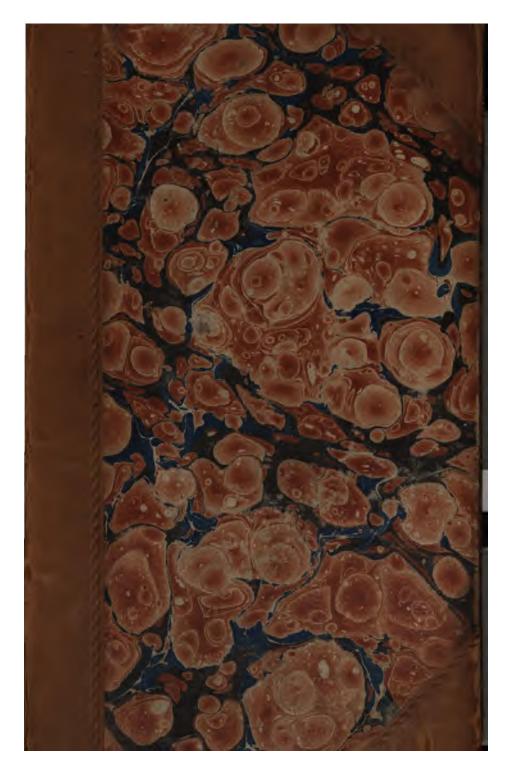
Google is proud to partner with libraries to digitize public domain materials and make them widely accessible. Public domain books belong to the public and we are merely their custodians. Nevertheless, this work is expensive, so in order to keep providing this resource, we have taken steps to prevent abuse by commercial parties, including placing technical restrictions on automated querying.

We also ask that you:

- + *Make non-commercial use of the files* We designed Google Book Search for use by individuals, and we request that you use these files for personal, non-commercial purposes.
- + Refrain from automated querying Do not send automated queries of any sort to Google's system: If you are conducting research on machine translation, optical character recognition or other areas where access to a large amount of text is helpful, please contact us. We encourage the use of public domain materials for these purposes and may be able to help.
- + *Maintain attribution* The Google "watermark" you see on each file is essential for informing people about this project and helping them find additional materials through Google Book Search. Please do not remove it.
- + *Keep it legal* Whatever your use, remember that you are responsible for ensuring that what you are doing is legal. Do not assume that just because we believe a book is in the public domain for users in the United States, that the work is also in the public domain for users in other countries. Whether a book is still in copyright varies from country to country, and we can't offer guidance on whether any specific use of any specific book is allowed. Please do not assume that a book's appearance in Google Book Search means it can be used in any manner anywhere in the world. Copyright infringement liability can be quite severe.

About Google Book Search

Google's mission is to organize the world's information and to make it universally accessible and useful. Google Book Search helps readers discover the world's books while helping authors and publishers reach new audiences. You can search through the full text of this book on the web at http://books.google.com/



500003506K

27. 246.

			•		
	-	u			
				•	

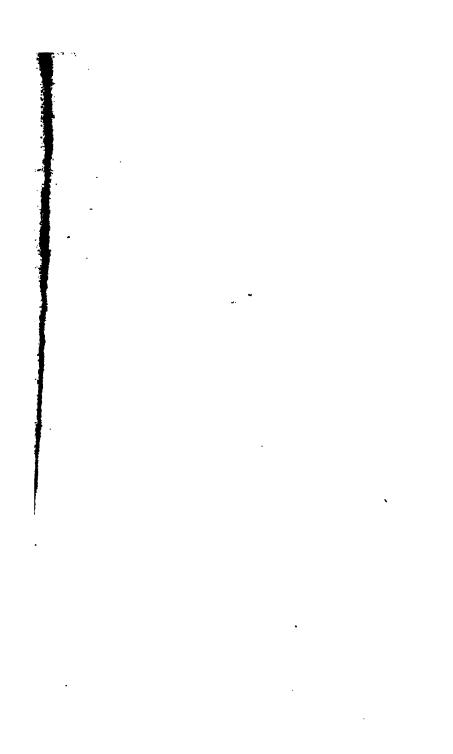
a.

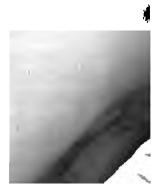
. s.. **

•



27. 246.







	•			
			•	
		٠		
•				

HIGH-WAYS AND BY-WAYS;

OR,

TALES OF THE ROADSIDE,

PICKED UP IN THE FRENCH PROVINCES.

A WALKING GENTLEMAN. .

THIRD SERIES.

" I love France so well that I will not part with a village of it; I will have it all mine." King Henry V.

IN THREE VOLUMES.

VOL. I.

LONDON:

HENRY COLBURN, NEW BURLINGTON STREET.

Wed HEWARD TO THE



Carry Control of the Control of the

SHACKELL AND BAYLIE, JOHNSON'S-COURT.

HORACE SMITH, ESQ.

THIS

THIRD, AND LAST, SERIES OF TALES

is inscribed;

IN TESTIMONY OF

THE AUTHOR'S

SINCERE ESTEEM AND FRIENDSHIP.

A STATE AND THE STATE OF THE STATE OF



THE CAGOT'S HUT.

Affairs that walk,
As they say spirits do, at midnight, have
In them a wilder nature than the business
That seeks dispatch by day.

SHAKSPEARB.



THE CAGOT'S HUT.

CHAPTER I.

I MUST once more, and probably for the last time, transport my readers to the mountainous district which joins France to Spain, and lead them into scenes and adventures which I traverse again in memory. My recollections of those regions, as vivid as they are various, may enable me to trace with some effect the country and the people; but the associations of feeling connected with the story I am about to relate, press on me in painful and embarrassing confusion.

In the former recitals of my Pyrenean walks, I have happily had to sketch but scenes of nature, and acts of men, which, though imperfect in the mass, or individually objectionable, had nothing so revolting as the source of the events I would now record. For they had their existence in that of the cordon sanitaire, a memorable establishment, formed for the perpetration of a political crime, which led to thousands of instances of suffering, deeper than the insulated one which I, by chance, was witness to.

It was late in the autumn of the year 1822 that I found myself, a second time, and for a short period, in the neighbourhood of those scenes which I had visited above three years before, in a milder season and happier times. War and winter were now approaching, hand in hand, and sending out the herald omens of their coming. An army of nearly thirty thousand men, stretching for a hundred leagues from sea to sea, had possessed themselves of the whole range of mountains; and their glittering arms and

floating standards scared the wild deer and the eagles, in their most remote and inaccessible The snow had invaded the hills, and with silent encroachments it came daily downwards, driving the stunted herds and flocks from their chilled pastures, and covering, like a funeral shroud, the dying beauties of the woods. The shepherds took possession of the plains, but not with the wonted cheerfulness and ease which had, in other years, accompanied their autumnal migration. They had not now the quiet homes of better days, nor could they look forward even to the scanty but undisturbed enjoyments of the winter hearth. Their huts were filled with soldiers; each village was a military post; and, besides all the tumult and alarm excited by this change, the whole country swarmed with a desperate rabble, driven out of Spain before the meteor flash of liberty, which gleamed, like the Archangel's fiery sword, on that unhappy land, by nature intended for a paradise.

The fugitive bands of smugglers, monks, and mendicants, and worse even than either, were self-designated "The Army of the Faith;" covering by a bold impiety, the cruelty, bigotry, and cowardice which formed the elements of their compact. A few inflamed fanatics gave an ardent colouring to the rest, and deceived the distant observer by a hue less odious than the reality; but those who saw them closely, have, one and all, agreed in painting them as both vile in motives, and brutal in actions. At the time I describe, they were utterly expelled the Spanish soil, and they overran the neutral territory of France, in noxious and despicable crowds. The groups of these wretches, hovering on the frontier, had a picturesque atrocity of mien which was in keeping with the savage scenery. Lazy monks, wrapped in their thread-bare cloaks and cowls, of brown, or grey, or black-half-starved women, with squalling infants, trudging along, shivering and almost naked—the mockery of an encampment of some scores of ragged ruffians,

whose military accourtements alone took from them the air of a gipsy bivouac. Such were the objects profusely spread upon the snow-covered mountains, and braving the blasts by which I myself was assailed, on my track from the Circus of Gavarnie, where I had been sating my curiosity by a view of the chief wonder of the Pyrenees.

The French army of observation, as the cordon sanitaire was newly named, occupied all the passes of the hills, and suffered considerably in their inclement positions. Every hut afforded miserable quarters to some ten or twelve soldiers, and in some places the troops were forced to encamp under tents, which were perpetually blown down, or torn up by storm gusts from the earth. I had many opportunities of observing the gaiety and good humour with which the soldiers bore privations of all kinds. No longer insulted by the ignoble pretence of forming a barrier against the yellow fever, they had thrown off the degrading title which it had procured

them; and the whole appearance of things growing daily more warlike, with occasional skirmishes between the Constitutional Spaniards and the insurgent rabble of the Faith, gave a martial character to the scene, that warmed the imagination and hushed the murmurs of the unfledged conscripts, of whom the army was composed. They were too unreflecting to discover that there was less dishonour in being the means of prevention to a physical contagion, than in becoming the instruments for the overthrow of the first of moral rights. But soldiers must obey, not reason; and a principle of duty, which applies exclusively to them, absolves from them the odium which falls with tenfold force upon the authority whose dictates they follow.

As no obstruction was at that time given to travellers within the frontiers, I pursued my excursions freely; and though shocked at every step to see the country I traversed forced from the solemn quiet of its natural aspect, I did not neglect the fund for observation afforded by the exotic and auxiliary illustrations which every step presented.

I had visited Gavarnie at that late season, to witness the effect given, by the accumulation of snow, to the cascades which foam over the stupendous rocks that form its gigantic amphitheatre. As this prodigious scene has been over and over described, I shall not make a transcript of the works of others, nor seek a rivalry with them; wishing rather to lead my readers into sites more unfrequented and obscure. I quitted Gavarnie, oppressed, I might almost say, by the contemplation of its vast sublimity and appalling desolation. I looked back on its glaciers, its cataracts, and the mighty mounds that tower above them: I suffered imagination to rest awhile on the peaks where Ariosto's splendid genius had bounded uncontrouled -and I turned into the track of commonplace events and scenes, lightened of a weight of wonderment that seemed to bow me down.

I threaded the defiles that lead from Gavarnie to Gedro; hastened through the mass of created ruin called Peyrada, or Chaos, where measureless heaps of granite and calcareous rock have been hurled and strewed around by the Omnipotent hand; and I passed, with sure, but rapid steps, the edge of precipices, from an attempt to fathom the depths of which the gaze involuntarily withdraws, baffled and dizzied.

When I entered the rustic inn of Gedro, late in the evening, I found but little comfort in the aspect of the place. It, like all other houses which professed to afford refreshment and repose, was completely filled by a motley crowd, composed of French soldiers and Gens-d'armes, and all the varieties of Spanish vagabonds which I have before mentioned. Outside the house, and nearly blocking up the approach, stood a throng of mules laden with all sorts of rubbish, saved from the ruin of their wretched owners, or pilfered in their flight; and with these were

mixed, oxen, sheep, and goats, bellowing and bleating in all the discord of a cattle fair. Within was a scene of brute confusion quite analogous. A large fire, formed of the young bark of the cork-tree and a newly-felled pine, filled the wide chimney at one end of the room. Close to the flame pressed a throng of women, children, monks, and muleteers, their steaming cloaks joining a thick vapour to the smoke from the moist fire-wood and numerous cigars and tobacco-pipes. Several were standing; others sat on stools, and large blocks of stone, or wood: all employed in efforts to warm themselves, or hang on the branches which were crackling but not yet in flames, their gaiters, shoes, and sandals. The woman of the house occupied one corner of the chimney, stooping almost into the fire, while she cooked, on a gridiron of the rudest construction, slices of beef, cut by her husband from the still warm, and almost quivering carcase of a cow, that hung in one corner of the room. Some hungry individuals devoured the steaks, as they came, tough and blackened, from the hands of the hostess. Others partook of the black bread and onions, which they carried in their wallets; and drank deeply of the wine contained in their goat-skin bottles, or quaffed, from small vessels of horn, the brandy which was served to them by the brood of urchin inn-keepers, which formed the remainder of the family. The Spaniards, who were strictly under the surveillance of the police, paid for whatever they consumed; and the Gens-d'armes threw many a look of contempt on the military and religious outcasts, as they drew forth their leathern purses and counted down the money, probably obtained by no creditable means.

Among the many wild and bandit-looking figures, one particularly struck me. There was an indolent fierceness, a recklessness of results, a hardened indifference, all speaking together in his marked countenance and careless attitude, as he reclined against a block of wood, and prepared for the disposal of a smoking collop, which one of the boys was conveying from his This man, like all the other mother's hands. members of the Army of the Faith, was unarmed; that is to say, he bore no weapon of legitimate warfare-musket, sword, or pistol; all these being taken from their persons, as soon as they passed the Spanish lines and sought refuge behind the French army. Throwing open his cloak, which was wrapped in several folds round his body, I saw his broad leathern belt, on the unfilled cavities of which he seemed to throw a speaking look of regret for the arms that should be there. He, however, drew from his side pocket a knife, and opened a blade of poignard shape and length, with which he commenced to cut his meat, and the piece of coarse brown bread that was placed before him. While he fed, grossly and greedily, he might have been thought to have had all his ideas centred in the indulgence of his appetite; but I distinguished a sinister glance at times, which

seemed to search for the observation of which he appeared so careless. His viands all dispatched, he drew from the pocket of his loose breeches a flask, containing some liquor, most probably brandy. He slowly uncorked it, leaned back his head, opened his mouth wide, and holding his hand high and steadily, he poured with great precision the continuous stream of liquid, not spilling a single drop, and thus swallowing the whole without once closing his lips, or letting them touch the bottle, a method of drinking very common to the Spanish peasants. He then handed the empty vessel to the boy, to have it replenished by his father's hand, and unrolling the scarlet cotton sash, which girded his body, he drew a ring from off its innermost end, and took some small pieces of coin from this secure substitute for a purse Under the inspection of a corporal of Gendarmerie, who acted as a commissary on the occasion, he paid his reckoning, and deliberately arranging his sash, wiping his knife blade,

and replacing it in his pocket, he lighted his cigar, placed it in his mouth, and then wrapped the folds of his dark brown mantle round him, and stretched himself on the floor, where he soon slept, or pretended to sleep.

It was next my turn to receive some portion of the homely fare, which was furnished to me and Ranger in very scanty rations, and served up as uncouthly as possible. Every thing was, however, made more palatable to me by the civilities of the corporal, and more particularly by the attention of a serjeant of infantry, a spruce, dapper, consequential and kind-hearted fellow, who, soon discovering my nation, exerted all his influence to procure me good treatment from the people of the house; and, in order to protect me from the contrary at the hands of the Spaniards, addressed me as if he thought me a true believing Frenchman, instead of an English heretic. England being held in unlimited hatred by those with whom I was forced just then to herd, the strictest precautions were requisite on my part to preserve the character thus assigned me.

While I made the best of my bad supper, and Ranger devoured his share, growling all the while at two or three half-starved curs, that made envious but vain efforts to snatch away the precious bones he was cranching, the serjeant entertained me by a fluent string of observations on the surrounding groups, and anecdotes touching the service in which he was engaged. He was a fair specimen of a French soldier, vain, mercurial, good natured, as was discoverable at sight-generous, humane, and brave, as the sequel of our acquaintance fully proved. He had served in Spain during the late war, and he piqued himself highly on his knowledge of the people, and also of the language, which he assured me he spoke "quite like a Spaniard-the same thing." But that little flourish he took a very early opportunity of disproving, by a sentence, execrable in idiom, accent, and pronunciation, addressed to one of the women who sat near us. It took effect, however, just as well as if it had been pure Castilian—for it was a compliment; and the woman rolled out a reply at the little serjeant, from her voluble black eyes.

"Divinities, these Spanish women!" exclaimed he, slapping one hand against his own thigh, and the other on my shoulder, " Ar'n't they, my friend?" And before I, his friend, could answer, he ran on-"Ay, that they are, dear creatures! Gods! how I have adored themrisked life and fame for them thousands of times-fought for them, robbed for them, broke parole for them-every thing, in short, but ran away for them; that I could not do, for I am a true Frenchman; but sacre! peste! I would have done even that—if I could. Look at that black-eyed Venus there-never was an eyebrow or the tip of a nose so like my Franchetta's, the little nun I carried off from the convent in Salamenca. - And may I die, if that

rough-muzzled fellow, who lies there with the cigar asleep in his mouth, isn't the very model of her brother, whom I killed as he strove to stop our flight."

Had I encouraged him, he would no doubt have found in every individual present a resemblance to some one who figured in his thousand feats; but wishing to discourage his personalities, I strove to turn his attention to a topic that might lead not abruptly from the one he handled.

"What do I think of the Spanish troops?" said he, repeating my question, "why that they're not worth a thought. The weakest battalion of ours would beat their best brigade, if one can say best grammatically, where all are bad: but never mind niceties—what one learns in a college one loses in a camp.—But, as I was saying, they do fight like twenty devils, behind a wall, or a chevaux-de-frise—Saragossa for that. They say death is on the point of a Guerilla

knife, and hell at its hilt—because, from hell there's no redemption. Heaven preserve us from their treacherous blades!"

"What," said I, "such a one as our lazy comrade there carved his supper with, just now?"

"Ay, that and the like of it, they are as sharp as wit, and as cunning as a serpent—they slip down from a sleeve, and into one's flank, without so much as a flash in the pan to give notice: and that very fellow, you may take my word for it, could rip a man open as dexterously as our host there slices that cow."

Just then, my eye fell on the swarthy face of the Spaniard, and I thought I could discover his, slowly and slyly half opened, and turned for an instant on the serjeant. The latter proceeded:

"Ay, take my word—you may safely—on whatever concerns Spain. I know them well, or who could? I have fought, drank, gamed, with the men—and, ah, God help you! what

have I not done with the women! I suffered much in that damnable, delicious land—but, ye gods, what have I enjoyed! Do you know, my friend," continued he, "that of all my unfortunate days, since I first passed through Perpignan, that on which I was taken prisoner at Barossa was the worst."

"No doubt," replied I, "liberty is the greatest of losses."

"Liberty! not a bit of it—I didn't care a fig for liberty—a dungeon is a heaven to a man of sentiment, if he has with him but one memorial of love."

"Then you lost all your baggage?"

"Baggage! ay, that I did—clothes, money, watch, all—but what of that? A man of mind enough to be a philosopher can be naked without a want; but the journal of my amours! Devil take me if the loss of it does not drive me almost mad, even now."

[&]quot;The what?" asked I.

[&]quot;The journal of my amours-the record of

my intrigues—the list of my conquests—the names of my mistresses! that was the treasure, the dearest, the most precious to a man of honour: and I lost that—Oh, heavens! that, which compromised the reputations of the loveliest women, and the noblest houses of Estramadura and Castile!"

The serjeant here quaffed, in solemn silence, a goblet of sour wine, to the memory of his mistresses and their buried reputations, no doubt. I found the subject so pathetico-ludicrous, that I could neither laugh nor cry, but, with, I fear, a half and half expression of sympathy and amusement in my countenance, I entreated the serjeant to be consoled.

"Yes, I will," exclaimed he, "sacre bleu! what's the use of sighing? The world's young yet, and why be sad on the very threshold of life!"

I liked the sentiment: and reasoning on the corporal's scale, I was pleased to flatter myself; that were he only on the threshold, I had not

reached the portal. For the serjeant was certainly full forty years of age; and bore many of those invidious marks on his temples and cheeks, which may be called the mortal *termini* that denote the distances on the downhill path of life.

The different groups, of either sex and every age, were now huddled together, without respect to place or persons. Each took care of himself or herself respectively. Neither the women nor the ecclesiastics had any precedence given them as to choice, nor did the children meet any tenderness of regard; but each took possession of a sheep skin, a blanket, or whatever else was convertible to the purposes of covering or repose.

"Every one for himself, is the motto here tonight, you see," said the serjeant, "and you must not swim against the stream. As for me and my party, and my honest friends the Gens-d'armes here, we have our quarters hard by, in a very well arranged, barrack-sort of barn. I cannot take you there with me, and I don't like to leave you in this company, within reach of these pot-bellied monks, and long-knived Guerillas. I must endeavour to get you a bed—bad enough, I fear—above stairs. Wait a bit." And so saying, he rose, and went to settle the point with the host and hostess.

During the few minutes occupied in the negociation, I had time to cast a glance on the thirty or forty human beings scattered around. Almost all had yielded to fatigue, and slept soundly, as testified by a full chorus of snoring, in every possible key; varied as I, perhaps maliciously, fancied, by the thick drawn sighs of the monks, as they lay stretched in close contact with the females of the party. The broad glare from the chimney, and the dingy gleams of a couple of coarse lamps, shewed the whole scene in a light that was in perfect keeping with the objects it brought to view.

In consequence of my being so warmly pa-

24 THE CASOT'S HUM TY 151

tronized by the serjeant, I was treated with great civility by the host and his wife, who immediately complied with the demand for a bed above stairs—in the same room they occupied. And having wished a cordial good night to my military friend and his companions, who now retired to their quarters, I gladly mounted the narrow stairs, that led me at all events one degree higher than the society I had been too long mixed with.

A tottering screen formed a division, for decency's sake, between me and my hosts; and I threw myself upon the bed, glad to stretch my limbs, though with little hope of sleeping, on a palliasse from which more than half its original stock of straw had been taken to supply forage for the horses belonging to the Gens-d'armes.

the second of the second of the visit in

CHAPTER II.

AFTER a couple of hours' persevering efforts, I gave up all hope of sleeping; and as the next most rational way of passing the night, I betook myself to reflections—of all sorts, political, moral, and so forth, but to no purpose. My thoughts ran restive and unmanageable, and rioted in utter confusion. They were as if blown about by the wind that roared around the house, rushing from the mountains, in gusts that seemed emulous of the voices of the wolves that kept tune with them. The rain poured down in torrents—the doors and window frames rattled—the house shook to its foundations—the animals in the yard lowed and neighed—

their bells jingled—and the nasal signals of the sleepers in the room below came up through the liberal chinks of the unceiled floor, to complete the discordant chorus.

In this tumult of sounds, I strove to amuse myself by a comparative classification of all their varieties. I listened attentively to distinguish and separate the tremulous whine of the children, from the heavy breath of the women, the hoarse snore of their fierce mates, and the corpulent grunt of the fattest of the monks. I even thought that I now and then caught a murmured exclamation, warmer than prayer; and my ears did not deceive me in bearing me the echo of some of my friend the serjeant's, high-flown compliments, winging their way in soft whispers to the very heart of the dark-eyed Arragonese-for the cunning serjeant confessed as much to me afterwards, and also that one great cause of his kindness in placing me in the garret, was to get rid of an obstruction from the kitchen. Thus goes the world !- and thus passed the night.

My host and hostess were stirring long before the lark, and even ere the eagle shook the night showers from his wing, and sent his sharp gaze down the valley in search of prey. I arose with the dawn; and the restless company below stairs were employed betimes, in prayers, and imprecations, and demands for food. nauseous bustle of the preceding night was evidently about to be re-acted; and I became impatient to make my escape from the scene. Looking from the window, I saw that the morning promised nought but dreariness. valley, so lovely in summer, was now almost wholly flooded; and the Gave, which had its source in the cascade of Gavarnie, rolled foamingly along its swollen bed, and threatened to tear away the little bridge which was just opposite the inn. The only signs of animal life were a troop of Izards, which had been driven down from the hills by the storm, and were wildly gazing across the valley-and the figure of an old woman of miserable mien and

corresponding attire, standing in the road in front of the house. Her stature was low, her complexion cadaverous, her eye sunken, and her countenance bore in every trait the imprint of disease and want. Her feet and legs were bare; a short petticoat just covered her knees; and over her head and coming half way down her back, was a blanket, or piece of coarse and filthy cloth. This she held folded round her waist, but as it lay open on her throat it exposed the hideous olive-coloured swelling called a goître, which protruded all around and joined the lower jaw and chin, giving to the whole face an air of shapeless deformity. I knew enough of the Pyrenees and their population to be certain that I gazed upon a Cagot.

Aware of the abhorrence entertained towards this unfortunate race by the natives of the country, I rather hurried the preparations for my descent, for I thought it not improbable that some aid might be necessary for this poor

object—one of the fittest for protection, or charity, because a prey to the prejudiced bigotry of mankind.

When I got down stairs, the whole assemblage was in motion, but none of them looking much improved by their night's discomforts. The host and hostess, with their children, male and female, were busy in attending to the calls of their rude company. Three or four Gensd'armes and soldiers were lounging in their grey great coats about the door; and in front of it, as if immoveable, stood the melancholy piece of human statuary which I had witnessed from my window. I should have thought, from her appearance and attitude, that she was expecting alms, which she had not the courage to demand, had I not to my great surprise observed a piece of silver in her hand, which she held a little in advance of her body and towards the house.

The first of the party within who seemed to notice her, was a little girl of about ten years

old, one of the children of the Spanish refugees; and no sooner did her eye fix itself on the appalling figure, than she uttered a scream, and shrunk back beside her mother, a swarthy Biscayan dame, who came forward to examine into the cause of her daughter's alarm. She, in her turn, on perceiving the old woman, shrieked and shrunk back; but snatching her child forwards again, she made her look steadily on the object of terror, while she assisted her in thrusting the thumb of her right hand between her middle and fore-fingers, thus putting forth the counter-charm against the evil eye, which is the summary substitute for the bracelet sometimes worn, called manesita, a little hand of ivory or stone, considered the legitimate amulet against witchcraft for human beings, as the paw of a mole is for mules and horses.

The cause of alarm now spread among the Spaniards, and they hurried towards the door to see the detested dealer in magic. Exclamations of horror, invocations of saints, and threats

of punishment were loudly uttered on all sides; and I began to apprehend some violence to the poor old wretch. But two persons, of more authority than I had any claim to, stepped forward to her protection, at the same time with me. The first of these was my friendly serjeant, who came from the barn, his foraging cap placed sprucely on one side of his head, and his great coat hanging loosely with a rakish air. As he advanced, he took off his cap and made a low bow of formal civility to the Arragonese woman -giving me a knowing wink at the same time, as much as to say he might have been more familiar if he chose it. While I stepped out into the road and stood near the poor Cagot, he commenced an harangue to the muttering Spaniards, foremost among whom was the ruffian who had chiefly attracted my notice the night before.

"Come, come, my good friends of the Faith, be pacified," cried the serjeant. "Neither religion, courage, nor gallantry permits this. This poor object is a Christian and a woman to boot, do you know that?"

"A'Christian!" gloomed the Spaniard, "she is a witch."

*Not at all; my friend; you deceive your-self: witchery in France is practised by females much younger than she—and in Spain too, if I may be permitted so to say," pulling off his cap again and making a general bow to the ladies who surrounded him, and every one of whom under fifty honoured him with a smile.

"Let her begone, then," said the Spaniard, pale with rage or fear—"let her turn her cursed glance from the children of the Faith—or!"——and with this emphatic monosyllable, he laid his hand upon the handle of his knife.

"What!" exclaimed the serjeant, briskly, all the better feelings of manhood being roused— "What! would you dare to threaten? since coaxing won't do, we must try other means, I see. Do not attempt to draw out that vile weapon. I believe I ought to take it from you

altogether but if Lallow you to carry, it to car your bread and meat, that's all a Dare but to speak of it much less wield it in the stility to aught that is French, and by heavens; I; II, have you rolled from the topmost peak, of our frontier hills down into Spain again, just as you and your fellows roll down the bales of woollen which you smuggle from one side to the other !? ... This burst of eloquence and metaphor, which finished it, produced the desired effect on the scowling ruffian, who slunk back into the house, brushing irreverently, past one of the monks who came forward to appease the sounds i of discord, and to interfere in favour of the unhappy, cause; of, the quarrel. This monk, who had hitherto escaped my notice, was nevertheless a remarkable figure. He was young, tall, sallow, with an eye that protruded ardently, as if propelled by the frantic enthusiasm which evidently filled his brain. He wore a dark brown cassock, with a cross of white woollen on the breast, the Capuchin uniform, and a broadbrimmed hat banded by a string of beads. A rosary hung at his right side, and a long sabre, in a brass scabbard, which he had contrived to conceal from the searchers, was exposed at the left, as in his energetic movement he flung aside the folds of his drapery. He rushed into the road, and with gestures of animation and sincerity he threw his arms before the forlorn figure of the Cagot, and fervidly addressed his compatriots in her favour. Whether his harangue or the serjeant's was most effective, I do not pretend to say, but the Spaniards all retired sulkily to the house; and the priest finished his office of charity by slipping a small piece of money into the Cagot's empty hand, unmindful of the larger one which she still held in the other

During the progress of this scene, the Cagot never changed her position, nor seemed conscious that the bustle applied to her. It was evident that long suffering and degradation had bowed her down too low, to let her believe herself of even sufficient consequence for the curses that were heaped on her, much less for the interest she excited.

"Here, old brute," most brutally said the woman of the inn, speaking from the window; "take back your basket, give me the money, and be off with your unlucky looks—a curse is upon you and your odious race." The poor Cagot moved quickly to the spot, took her basket of provisions, and gave the piece of money, which was received with contemptuous caution by the woman, as if its very touch carried infection. The wretched purchaser, thus spurned and trampled on, murmured a blessing on her insulters, probably the mechanical effect of her accustomed terror, and turning her back to the inn, she quitted the village, at a pace much quicker than I could have supposed compatible with her emaciated limbs.

A continued sleet and piercing north wind, combined to render the morning most uninviting for pedestrians like me and Ranger. As he sat shivering by the door, exchanging looks of curiosity and wistfulness with the Izards beyond the valley, he shewed no symptoms of an inclination to go abroad. I had quite as little; but I could not reconcile myself to the fate of passing even a portion of the day with even a portion of the occupants of the inn. I therefore resolved to brave the inconveniences of the weather, and to strike off into some of the valleys out of the beaten track to Pau, for which town I knew the Spaniards to be bound. very seldom took a guide during my desultory rambles in the mountains; but on this occasion I thought it necessary to have one, until I should fall in with some farm-house or cottage, that would afford me a night's shelter. I therefore proposed to the innkeeper's eldest son, a stout lad of about fifteen, to take me under his charge; and he readily accepted the office, for the promise of a slight remuneration. He was, however, obliged to assist in serving breakfast to the Spaniards, and in preparing the mules and horses for such as meant to pursue their journey, before he could enter into my service; and I was charactered to delay, much beyond the time required to dispatch my bowl of élicolate, with rye! bread, fresh butter; and a slice of cold direct saucishon; altogether an excellent breakfast.

Several of the Spaniards, men and women, straggled off on their wandering course, among them the chief ruffian, who (as he lounged away alone and apparently untallied with any of the party) threw one gleam from the smothered fire of his eye on my friend the serjeant.

- "Adieu, comrade," cried the latter, gaily, "should we ever meet again, I will thank you for that parting glance."
 - "Perhaps we may," was the reply.
 - "Perhaps," echoed the serjeant.
- "That's not very likely though," said I: "chance meetings of this kind are not to be looked for again; and I for myself an sorry to say good bye to you, with not much hope of an opportunity of returning all your civility."

"Who knows?" replied the serjeant: "we soldiers lead a roving life in these mountains now-a-days. I am going off to-morrow myself to one of our most dreary out-posts, and we may stumble upon each other once more before you quit the country. Good bye, Sir, good bye! Take care of yourself, and if you meet that scoundrel, pray leave him one side of the road clear for his own company."

We shook hands and parted, he turning all his attentions to the Arragonese woman, who made no preparations to leave the place; and I taking to the road with my guide and my dog, in one of the worst moods for travelling that a man could possibly experience.

In pursuance of my plan, I struck into the valley of Heas, which lies to the eastward of Gedro, for the double advantage of being sheltered from the north wind, and of examining the chapel, dedicated to the Virgin, which stands in that lonely vale, and which on two days in the year is the scene of a pilgrimage composed

of a multitude of pious peasants from all parts of the mountains. The entrance of this valley promises beauty and variety of scenery, being planted with elms, ash, and maple trees, ornamenting rich pasturages at each side of the river, which, like all those in that part of the country, bears the common name of Gave. But after a short time all becomes dismal and desolate beyond description. Neither tree nor shrub of any kind relieves the monotony of this desert. Masses of shattered rocks encumber the plain, and one huge block was pointed out to me by my lively guide, called by the name of Caillou de la Raillé, held in considerable veneration as a resting-place at which all the pilgrims who visit the desert chapel stop to say their prayers—at the foot, if they are old and infirm; on the summit, if they have youth and activity sufficient to allow of their scrambling up.

About half way in the valley, but before we came in sight of the little chapel, an opening to

the right displayed the dreary valley of Estaubé. There was something inexpressibly and unaccountably attractive in its sombre and desolate appearance; a spell-like influence that leads one on, in wonder at the frame of mind which makes men court such naturally repulsive scenes. The day was in unison with the dreariness of my feelings, and this desert vale associated well with it. I asked my guide where the road led to; he replied, "To the foot of Mont Perdu." The very name of this mountain was so truly in accordance with the whole scene, that I at once resolved on traversing the vale; and I was more firmly fixed in my determination, when in answer to my inquiry, if there were any habitations in that direction, he said, "Yes, a few huts belonging to the Cagots."

Since the adventure of the morning, my mind had continually reverted to all I had ever read or seen of that unhappy race of beings proscribed by the prejudices of men from all the rights and attributes which should be common to all, and bearing in the leathsome deformity of their universal disease a virtual hadge of infamy, which seems placed on them by the hand of nature itself. As I walked on, I conversed with my intelligent, companion about these unhappy people; and while my reader may suppose me to be moving onwards through the sad defile, overhung by black and livid clouds, and parched by the frozen breath of the keen and cutting wind, I will sketch in another chapter as much as I then knew, of the poor people with whom I was about to make; a more practical and intimate acquaintance.

And the second of the second o

CHAPTER III.*

Lost in the labyrinth of time, and defying all traces of history and tradition, there has been, for ages, in the Pyrenees, a race of beings whose very existence is an enigma that never can be solved. They are scattered in Béarn and Navarre, and the valleys of Barèges, Aure, and Luchon, and some of the minor and almost nameless gorges of the mountains, are frightfully populous with these living libels on humanity. They are, without exception, deformed, infirm, imbecile; articulating imper-

• The following are the authors to whom I am indebted for the materials of this chapter and the Note at the conclusion of the volume:—Ducange, De Gebelin, De Marca, Ramond, and Palassour.

fectly; afflicted with incurable and monstrous goitres, and uniting together the smallest possible portion of mental power, with the utmost excess of bodily degradation.

The curiosity of the historian, and the compassion of the philosopher, are alike excited by the existence of this unfortunate people, who are not confined to the Pyrenees alone, but dispersed along the western parts of France for nearly its whole extent, and in every respect similar to the Cretins of the Valais. The derivations of their name are as confused as the traces of their origin; but they have been every where and at all times the objects of the same abhorrence, and the victims of the same inhumanity. In the solitudes of Lower Brittany, they were in the most distant times treated with savage cruelty. In periods more civilized, the parliament of Rennes was obliged to interfere to procure them the rights of sepulture. were then and there called Cacous and Caqueux. The Dukes of Brittany fixed on them a badgethat last and worst mark of slavery and tyranny combined, for pointing out the victim to all the excesses of injustice—it seems to imply impunity to the baseness that is ever too ready to inflict them. In the island of Maillezais, near Aunis, they are found under the name of Coliberts, synonymous with slave. In Guienne and Gascony, where they are called Cahets, the desolate swamps and arid deserts afforded them an almost insupportable refuge. In Navarre they were sometimes designated Caffos; and, finally, in the ancient Comninges, Bigorre, and Béarn, as Cagots or Capots, they were reduced to the very extremes of indignity and persecution. There they were, in the fourteenth century, publicly sold as slaves; there, as elsewhere, looked on as infamous and accursed; admitted into the churches by a separate entrance, with seats apart, and even a distinct benitier* adapted for their use. In many places the priests would not admit them to confession; seven of their

^{*} The vessel which contains the holy water.

number were considered only equivalent to one witness from any other class; they were forbidden to walk with feet or legs uncovered, for fear of imparting contagion; and they bore on their wretched dress their distinctive badge, the foot of a duck or goose, implying, no doubt, some insult now not easy to understand.

Manners less harsh, and the gradual spread of knowledge which must ever carry toleration in its track, have somewhat tempered the rigour of their fate, and softened the aversion of the other inhabitants of the countries they are found in. But still the extent of their degradation is proportionate to the changes which have affected every other community. No census of their numbers has ever been taken, as if their very existence was a disgrace, as it is indeed a reproach to the country. They are not allowed to carry arms; not suffered to exercise any trade but that of a carpenter or wood-cutter, which are considered as ignoble as they are themselves. Every mean employment is confined to them;

malady and misery are their only heritage; and if law does not set its seal upon their brutalized condition, a proscription as powerful has stamped it with a fiat that seems as irrevocable as the wretchedness it perpetuates.

We thus see them, as they are, a race of slaves, of whom the origin is lost in the gloom of the dark ages; a rejected caste, enveloped in a mystery which no research can penetrate, amongst whom tradition has perished with the rights and dignities of man, and which presents a sad and silent monument of those times which have transmitted to us nought but what is odious and deplorable. The people of the country, antiquarians, and the poor wretches themselves, are equally ignorant of the source of their indignities, and the epoch at which they commenced. Conjecture and fiction have united in going back to the remotest periods, and ascribe to the ravages of leprosy the horror which its victims inspired; but it was but lately that any attempt was made to reconcile to

reason the surprising conformity of name and fate, which distinguishes the various tribes of a people separated by distances so great, and so long and so utterly without communication with each other.*

For my own part, having felt some interest in the Cagots, and carefully studied the different theories about them, I confess myself pleased to leave their origin and their existence unexplained. To me, it does not appear more extraordinary that they should have been as they now are from the first, than that they are as we now see them. And I am well inclined to let them rest in their present wild and impressive obscurity, an anomaly in all the existing varieties of mankind, unaccountable and mysterious, combining all that can excite the vague and shadowy imaginings of men, as to beings

[&]quot;Who look not like the inhabitants of earth,

[&]quot; And yet are on it."

^{*} For further particulars relative to the Cagots, see Note at the end of the volume.

The mind, baffled in all the beaten tracks of reasoning, might better embark on the pathless sea of hope, in search of a safe harbour for these wrecks of human nature. We might, by imagining the possibility of their amelioration, lead to plans for their relief; and instead of useless efforts to account for their miseries, make practical attempts to remove them. Could a sympathy be but once excited for these outcasts, the natural benevolence of man would feel the electrical touch through every link of social feeling; and that the elements for our sympathy exists, is not to be doubted. In their desert retreats these forlorn and attainted individuals still fear that persecution may attack, while they hope that compassion may relieve them. are to be found amongst this people—the most poor and wretched upon the face of the civilized earth--some of the finest primitive affections: and while contemplating with shame, the narrow circle into which man may imprison his fellow man, we have at least the consolation of knowing that he possesses in himself the power of dissolving the shackles he has forged; and of burying the memory of his own injustice, in an oblivious flood of charity and atonement.

CHAPTER IV.

- "You do not intend, Sir, to go any farther up this dreary valley?" asked my guide (after we had advanced near a league), in the usual one and general manner of putting a question, which one wishes to have answered in the negative.
- "Yes, I do though," replied I, "for two reasons, my lad. I feel myself not well—my bed was damp last night, I fear—and I must seek for some house that will afford me lodgings for the night."
- "Then, Sir, you must come back to our's, for between this and the frontier line there is not a human being nor a habitation."

- "Why, you told me, a little while back, that some Cagots lived in these parts!"
- "Oh, Cagots! yes, but you don't count them for anything, or their huts either, I suppose?" said he, inquiringly.

"Lead me to one of them, and you shall see," was my very unsatisfactory answer. The boy, with mingled interest for me and detestation of the Cagots, laboured hard to convince me that it was little less than insanity to trust myself in the contamination of their hovels. And finding my hardihood unshaken, he seemed to shrink from me, as if the repugnance with which he regarded the association I projected had thrown its shadow over his good feelings towards myself.

While we held this short parley together, I felt myself growing extremely unwell, for a violent cold had taken sudden possession of my frame I hastened on, towards what I looked to as the shelter, and what my guide considered the infection, of some Cagot's hut: and I grew im-

patient at the mist and the murky clouds, which shrouded the sides of the hills, and prevented us from distinguishing any object at all distant. As we turned round a huge block of granite that lay almost across the path, the boy, who was straining to catch a view of a secluded gorge, which he knew to contain one solitary hut, turned abruptly to me, seized me by the arm, and pointed in silence to a spot about twenty yards from the side of the path. I there observed, coiled up like a snake, or in the position which he himself would have called, la rosca del galgo,* the gloomy and repulsive Spaniard—the very last man of my acquaintance whom I could have wished to encounter in such a place. I never felt better satisfied at my common habit of carrying a gun in these parts, even when I had no chance of meeting game; and my guide had a perfect accordance of feeling with me on that point, for with a pleased and significant look, he whispered, "Is

^{*} The Greyhound's-roll.

it loaded?" I gave an affirmative nod; and we went on, our eyes turned with a sort of fascination upon the object which neither of us admired We had recognized the champion of the Faith by his dress, and the form of his figure, which I had seen displayed in the same position the night before, when he lay on the floor of the inn at Gedro. I know not whether or not he slept on the present occasion any more than then; but his face was towards the earth, for the purpose, as my guide insisted, of holding converse with some of the spirits of evil with which that solitude was reputed to abound. I marvelled much at the circumstance of this lonely ruffian, having thus singly straggled upon the desolate track; but I reconciled his appearance with the notion that such a place must have had a most magnetic power upon a dreary vagabond like him: and, recollecting the parting caution of the serjeant, I passed quietly forward, without disturbing the feigned or actual slumber, in which the fellow lay. A few

hundred yards left him shadowed in mist; yet I could not from time to time resist my inclination to look back, in the expectation to see his tall form, magnified in vapour, striding on with giant step and tortuous movement. But he did not again appear; and our attention was taken from him by the faint sound of a cascade, murmuring sadly, like the voice of some mountain spirit, that sent its wailings on the desert. Such was the notion which flitted across my brain in that scene, so fit for magic and all its wild illusions. My mind was suited to the desolate tone of nature. I was ill; fever was in my blood; and my imagination seemed to move in mist. It was in this frame of feeling, and while I mechanically followed my guide, that these straggling notions of enchantment took the consistency of the verses which I afterwards committed to paper.

SONG OF THE MOUNTAIN SPIRITS.

When all is calm in the torrid sky,
Yet the eagle, hovering far on high,
Turns quick and flaps his ruffled wing,
And seems to shrink from some viewless thing—
'Tis then we sport on fields of air,
Unseen within our wide dominion,
Fan the proud bird that hovers there,
And scare him with our noiseless pinion.

When waves lie hushed upon the main,
And thistle down floats not o'er the plain,
And flowerets droop by lowland rills,
Yet tufted verdure moves on the hills—
'Tis we who rush from mossy cells,
High o'er the bed of drowsy ocean,
Fling o'er the hills our fresh'ning spells,
And shake the grass in magic motion.

Read on yon pine tree's silver bark
Our scripture legends, wild and dark—
The mystic charter graven there
Sways the rude spirits of the air!
Beneath the Pole star's quivering light,
Grouped round its stem our crews assemble,
And mortal wanderers of the night
Hear our unholy mirth, and tremble.

They tremble! yet a darker hour
Shews forth the mountain spirits' power—
From cloud to cloud, we rush along,
The thunder peal our choral song—
And from our torches, flung around,
We hurl the lightnings bolt of death—
Till, echoing to our shouts, resound
Wild shrieks from smoking vales beneath.

As we approached the little cascade, whose voice became at every step more loud and hoarse, a gloomy gorge opened upon us to the right, and the foam of the angry water appeared through the mist like a moving column of snow. The rocks over which it fell were soon however visible, and the rugged path that led up their sides in almost perpendicular ascent.

"Now, Sir," said my guide, "you may see the Cagot's hut, perched on that shelving rock, but scarcely to be distinguished from it. You see the smoke blown loosely by the wind?"

"I do," said I, "and here we may part—for I am resolved to make that hut my lodging for the night."

"Well, Sir, since you will do it, it does not become me to dissuade you further," said the boy, with a mixed look of sorrow and anger in his face. And as I gave him his fee, for his advice and attendance, he turned away, thinking me no doubt a most incorrigible and incurable patient. Resolved not to risk an encounter with the dubious occupant of the valley behind us, he took his way up the mountain towards the westward, in which direction lay the gorge I was entering upon; and bounding across the little cataract, as agile as a wild deer, he was soon lost to my sight in the mists above.

I then stood alone in that most dismal spot. I knew that I was close on the frontier line, and at the very foot of Mont Perdu, but I could not distinguish any object two hundred yards distant, and the thin smoke curling from the roof of the Cagot's hut was all that gave signs of animation to the scene. This lowly habitation stood on a patch of earth that covered a projecting ledge of rock which hung over the bleak

ravine. The land surrounding the house was rudely cultivated, and shewed a cross of dwarf vegetables, intermixed with a few shrubs, and here and there a pine tree, the seed of which, wind-wafted to the clefts of rock, had taken root in the spongy soil. Upon advancing closer, I saw a couple of goats browsing on the patches of furze and coarse grass, which coated the face of the rock; but no inhabitant appeared in or about the hut, as far at least as my glance could penetrate its secrets, through two small windows in the front, and as many behind, looking upon the little garden and down the ravine. The door was closed; but there was not altogether that air of filth and desolateness about the place which I had before observed to surround the habitations of the unfortunate class of beings. Ill as I felt myself, and in want of repose and warmth, I did not perhaps see things in their true light, but fancied them better than they were, from my satisfaction in being within their reach at all.

I advanced, and gently tapped at the door A bustle seemed excited within, at this intrusive and no doubt unusual sound. I knocked again, and heard low, quick whisperings, as if of stifled alarm. I once more, and more loudly, repeated my demand for entrance, and at length the door slowly opened—and I started back with surprise, to see upon the threshold, the figure of the poor woman, who had so much excited my attention the same morning at Gedro.

The recognition, to my still greater wonder, was evidently mutual; for, from what I had seen of her at our last meeting, I supposed her to be so utterly imbecile as not to possess the commonest power of observation. But I was in this mistaken: she remembered me well and kindly; and the air of trepidation and terror, which filled her countenance as she opened the door, was in an instant changed to an expression of pleased security—the most repulsive, certainly, that I had ever seen of its kind. Assuming the gentlest tone I could command, not to

alarm the poor old creature, I said that I was glad she had got home safely with her provisions. She gave me a ghastly smile of thanks, and seemed quite overpowered by my few words addressed to her in a way so unlike that to which she was accustomed. She did not, however, venture to speak, much less to invite me into the house; and I was unwilling to alarm her by abruptly demanding permission to enter. I asked her if she was alone.

- "No, not quite," replied she, with hesitating, and almost inarticulate tones.
 - " Is your husband within?"
 - " No, he is cutting fuel in the forest."
 - "Then, who pray, have you in the house?"
 - "Why, Sir, it is only my poor daughter."

This reply was uttered with fear and trembling, and as the old woman spoke she threw her looks alternately back into the house and at me, as if the safety of her precious charge had been in the most imminent dagner. I was too ill to laugh outright, but I could not help smil-

ing at this maternal alarm: the very notion of this daughter was so disgusting to me, that I for a moment felt utterly repugnant to enter the house; and I acknowledged a passing excuse for the aversion, so common to the people of the country, against these unfortunate beings. I soon, however, recovered from this impression; but feeling myself getting worse every moment, I was resolved to take the place by storm, if I could not obtain an amicable admission. I therefore said, in a manner as gentle, but somewhat more firm, than before,

"Well, well, you have nothing to fear from me, for yourself or your daughter, depend upon it—you are helpless women—and you carry your protection with you." She took these words in their common meaning, and evidently felt no offence; but she did not ask me in. I was therefore forced to put the question plainly,

"Now, my poor woman, will you have the kindness to let me enter your house, for I am fatigued and ill?"

I thought I could clearly trace all the fermentation, arising between her wishes and her fears. She dared not refuse me—she was inclined to admit me—but was terrified lest some sinister design might have lurked in the extraordinary circumstance of a stranger visiting this lonely refuge of proscription. I read all this in what is called the index of her mind—but there was a secret page in the volume, which all my study did not enable me at that time to understand.

"Come, come," said I, as soothingly as I could, "Fear nothing, for you have nothing to fear. I am not disposed to do you any harm; on the contrary, as you must have seen this morning, I am inclined to do you a service."

The fact was that I had added a trifle to the monk's charitable donation, which it was not worth while to mention before, but which had its weight in the scales wherein the poor Cagot now balanced her thoughts.

"Wait an instant where you are," said she,

shutting the door, which I heard her bolt inside.

I leaned against the wall, and in a few minutes
the door opened again, and she fairly asked
me in!

"You may now enter, Sir," said she, "and welcome, but have mercy on two poor lone women, pray do!"

Good Heavens! thought I, what does the old creature dread? She has surely no money to be robbed of? and what other temptation is there here? I passed the threshold thus thinking; but I only said, "Be satisfied, my good women, you really have nothing to apprehend."

The daughter for whom the old woman felt all this alarm, or at all events the chief part of it, sat in a corner spinning. She was as far as possible from the fire-place, which contained a very comfortable blaze; and as I looked at her I saw every limb trembling, while the flax vibrated in her fingers, like the thread of expiring life about to be severed by the fatal scissors of the Fates. This nervous object, whom

I so unintentionally alarmed, was, like all the younger women of the Cagot race, close wrapped in her dark grey capulet, which covered the head, and being closely drawn about the throat (most likely from the negative effect of vanity, which hides a defect as readily as it exposes a charm), the goitre was not perceptible, and this lessened in some degree the rising nausea, which I found it so hard to suppress. I saw the torture which my presence caused, and I did not wish to add to it by inquisitive observation. contented myself, therefore, with a hasty glance at the pale face peeping out from her hood. Her eyes were cast down, and the lids almost closed. Her other features appeared rather well formed, to my hurried glance; and I was afraid to let it linger a moment longer, lest some movement might display the loathsome swelling, the very thought of which was sickening.

I sat down on a low chair beside the fire, and Ranger, without ceremony, took possession of one corner of the chimney. The other was

occupied by a large grey cat, whose green eyes glared, and who raised up her back, hissing fiercely her dissent to the intrusion. She formed a fitting member of the domestic trio, and I should not have been surprised had I discovered a goitre under the fur of her neck, for she had a genuine Cagot eye and air. Neither of the women spoke a word. The one sat trembling, and the other stood motionless. I felt anything but comfortable, independent of the increasing sensation of illness. There is always an awkwardness in being in a place where one knows one's self not welcome; but it is increased tenfold when you are convinced that fear is the motive which keeps back the expression of discontent. That was exactly my case just then, and I felt a thousand times more embarrassment in the hovel of these poor outcasts, than I should experience in presence of those haughty pretenders of rank and wealth, who glory in creating sensations of perplexity, but whose arrogance only rouses the scorn of an independent mind.

To my several efforts to commence a conversation, I could get but monosyllables from the mother, while the daughter was sullenly silent; and I should never, I believe, have succeeded in exciting the positive attention of either, had they not perceived me to be evidently and seriously ill. I was attacked with the shivering, which is the general precursor of feverish colds, and the girl did not tremble more violently from her terror on my entrance than I did in a quarter of an hour afterwards. As the women gazed on me, I saw them put their heads close together, and heard them whisper in cautious tones. They consulted on my case, and as they seemed satisfied of my harmlessness, their compassion was excited in my favour. At length the old woman approached me, and, in a tone as distinct as she could assume, she told me I was welcome to remain in her house as long as I found it convenient, and that she only lamented the poorness of the accommodation. I was astonished at this unhesitating expression of confidence and kindness, and more than ever confirmed in my hatred of the prejudice which pronounced the unhappy Cagots to be devoid of the common feelings of humanity. Put thus at my ease, by finding that my companions were in some measure recovering theirs, the discomforts of illness were no longer increased by the consciousness of intrusion. I admitted the sympathy of the old woman, and thanked her for it, in a manner, I must believe, as sincere as the feeling it expressed; for the girl, raising her head for an instant, whispered, in the rude patois of the mountains, "We have nothing to fear from him."

"Indeed you have not, my poor girl," replied I, in the same dialect, in which I had become tolerably conversant, and in which the old woman had always spoke, although she sufficiently understood the French in which I had replied. But this incautious betrayal of my learning had an unlucky effect on her to whom it was addressed. The girl seemed quite fright-

ened to find that I could speak, as well as understand the patois. She gave one hurried glance of surprise from a pair of large black eyes, which instantly sank again, and I could not induce her to speak another word.

The old woman began now to make active efforts to relieve me. She added fuel to the fire, and she proceeded to prepare for me some whey of goat's milk and vinegar, letting me know that I might, if I chose it, retire to an inner room, and occupy a bed for the night. This communication was evidently the result of a suggestion from the younger of my hostesses, with whom the old one kept a constant telegraphic communication of nods, and winks, and signs. I was taken by surprise by this offer of a lodging, for I had scarcely contemplated its being probable, or even possible. When the offer was actually made to me, I could not help shrinking from its acceptance; and had I not been so much indisposed, I should certainly have preferred trusting to a mountain walk, in

search of other quarters, to coming into contact with any thing belonging to my revolting companions. I nevertheless muttered an imperfect acknowledgment of assent and thanks; and while my kind nurse prepared the whey, and a ptisan, made with dried lime-tree blossoms and other ingredients, I had time to examine more particularly the place I was in.

CHAPTER V.

The room in which I sat, served, like the entrance-room of most cottages, for "parlour, kitchen and hall." It wore any air rather than that of the misery usually connected with ideas of a Cagot's hut. It was very decently furnished with tables and chairs, a dresser with crockery-ware, a sufficiency of cooking utensils, and even a few glasses and other conveniences beyond the wants of beggary, or even of a state of moderate indigence. The floor was clean swept, and every thing in an orderly state. In a small room, or rather closet, beside the fireplace at the side next the entrance, I observed a coarse but decent bed, which I concluded to

belong to the old couple; and beyond the chimney was a similar recess, furnished as its fellow, and this I understood was to be appropriated to my use.

Where then, thought I, is yonder sallow-faced and interesting damsel to pass the night? But being rather nervous on the subject of any detail in the family arrangements, and fearful of touching a delicate chord, I ventured no inquiry In the meantime, the damsel in whatever. question, but not in demand, was busily occupied, and as actively so as was consistent with a limping gait as she walked, in making preparations for my bed-room; and she really seemed to employ herself about my comforts with so much alacrity, that I felt some qualms for the ingratitude that made me still look on her and think of her with an unaccountable feeling of loathing. I could bear the presence of the old one better, for there was not any of those involuntary wanderings of thought with respect to her which one cannot suppress sometimes in

relation to less antiquated females. Imagination could find no resting-place in her wrinkles, nor tread the mazes of her scanty grey hairs. It was hard to judge of the girl's age from her figure, the deformity of her lameness, and from my scanty views of her colourless cheek." She might have been about twenty, but had she been a hundred, she had not been more secure from my inquiries or intrusion. Chance, however, led me into the secret of her dormitory : for I observed her on one occasion to open a little door at the farther corner of the room from the chimney-side where I sat, and she entered a recess that I thought must have either composed or led to the place of her rest; but my inquisitiveness was quite content to remain outside the sanctuary. The dress of both these women was as far removed from the appearance of actual want, as were the household appointments. The girl wore, beside her grey cloth capulet, which was almost, if not quite new, an under dress of nearly the same kind of stuff,

with very good shoes, and blue worsted stockings, displaying feet and ancies by no means course or large. The old Cagot was very decently dressed. Instead of the tattered wretchedness of her morning costume, she was now covered with clean and comfortable clothing; and it was clear to me that her half-naked appearance at the inn was assumed for the purposes of concealment or imposition.

There was altogether in the air of every thing I haw, enough to excite the curiosity of one fond of seeking adventures, and not unaccustomed to meet them. I made up my mind to the fact that some unusual cause existed for this appearance of comparative comfort and holiday attire. The seclusion of the scene, and the circumstances of the times, favoured the notion that this hut might be the place of rendezvous for some political intrigue, and for persons requiring better accommodations than a family of miserable Cagots: and the chance of observation and treachery might account for the alarm

caused by my visit, better than any dread of mere harm to property or person, where so little temptation existed for either. It was thus I debated with myself, and I was strengthened in my belief of some mystery by the anxiety evinced by both women that I should betake myself to bed, which the old one, however, naturally enough accounted for, by recommending repose as the most likely relief to the illness I suffered under.

Anxious, nevertheless, to see whether any new light would be thrown upon the state of things by the appearance of the old wood cutter, I was resolved to wait for his return before committing myself to bed; and to beguile the time and satisfy my curiosity, I commenced the following conversation, which went on by snatches.

want for comfort here?" It has been do

"Poor creatures like us want little of any

lo bed ou must have some kind friend who give
gioni othernmeans to a support a yourselves de
flexently?"
ai Mandeed, we sometimes get a little help?
vi 66 But chance very seldom leads a charitable
traveller into this desert?"
, 19 56 Ah; Sir, charity might find a home even
here Manney on the control of the co
280ff Then tell me, my good dame, is it for cha-
rity that you keep this spare bed ready, so clean
and snug ?"
3. This question was clearly a puzzler, and caused
serious embarrassment to both my hearers. The
girl with seeming indifference to what was said,
kept very busily occupied in getting matters
ready for my accommodation, but I could ob-
serve her, now and then, to stop; and with her
face averted, as if she looked for other things,
she evidently listened attentively, to what passed
between myself and the old woman, whose an-
swers were always preceded by a long pause,
and an interchange of looks, and sometimes

even of whisperings with the girl. To my last stated question I could get no reply, I was therefore resolved to put it still more plainly.

"Come, come, tell me the truth," said I,
"don't you expect some one here to-day, whose
bed I am about to occupy?"

The old Cagot, with more address than 1 could have expected from her, avoided the very appearance of having heard my question. She poked the tongs into the fagots, which were blazing round a machine, in shape between a pot and a kettle, which contained water for bathing my feet; and she examined the vessels intended for my whey, with that apparent earnestness, which we often see in the eyes of those, whose minds are as empty as the vacancy they gaze at. But this silent hesitation was an eloquent answer to my demand; and it confirmed my belief, as much as the most ample confession. Being thus satisfied, as to what I had before but suspected, I did not further endeavour to wring an unwilling revelation from my hostess; and uttering a short sentence of welcome to his

but I was gladly preparing to trust my aching head and feverish body to the bed, which I suspected to be at the bottom of this secret, be it what it might, when the noise of a bundle of wood, falling outside the house, called off the attention of the women, and somewhat aroused my own. "My husband," exclaimed the old woman: "my father," murmured the young one; and they both moved to the door, to admit the lord and master of the place.

The hurry of the women was positive evidence of their anxiety to guard against an incautious betrayal on the part of the person expected; and rapid whisperings, as they stood outside, confirmed it. Having, as I supposed, announced the presence of a stranger in the house, they both returned with the old man, who had profited by their caution, and slewed no surprise at seeing me. He had deposited his bundle of sticks outside, and he carelessly sat down upon a stool, bowing to me, and uttering a short sentence of welcome to his

hut. Like most of the males of his unsightly race, he was diminutive, weakly, and dull, but not altogether so repulsive in appearance as those of the other sex. I was too seriously ill to attempt the labour of extracting any information from him, and indeed my anxiety to know more about the place I was in, was yielding to the languor which insensibly oppressed me. Returning therefore the man's salutation, by one as brief as his own, I arose from my seat, to go towards my bed room, when I was arrested by the appearance of a strange figure, which I alone perceived through the window that looked upon the garden in rear of the house.

The first thing which attracted my notice was the head of a man, peering above the rocks, which bounded the garden towards the ravine; and the scrambling position of his hands and arms, shewed that he was with difficulty chimb-ing up. But in a moment or two, the whole person appeared vaulting with a light bound across the sugged breast work, and safely landing

in the garden. The figure thus hurriedly presented to me, was extremely curious, but I had no time to examine it minutely. Stooping to lift up a long staff, which had been probably flung forward as he gained the summit of the rock, the man without further hesitation, ran actively across the little space, and reached in a moment the window through which I perceived him. Putting his face close to it, he gave a loud and familiar shout, which seemed mixed with a chuckle, as if he meant to join the sound of good news to the notice of his arrival. Whether the effect produced was alarm, astonishment, or pleasure, I could not then determine; but his shout was answered by a shriek from both the women—the old one transfixed to her position close to me, with the vessel for my foot-bath in ther hands the young one rushing from the little room, which she was finally preparing for my reception, and instantaneously throwing bopen the window, making signs of caution to the apawiccomer, and rapidly addressing him in a

fow tone, but clearly admitting him to be an old acquaintance. who have all to be be a class and the beam of won

In accordance to what she seemed to say, he only whispered a word or two, and he came immediately round to the entrance, where she met him.

"It is a poor pilgrim," muttered she, as she limped briskly across the floor, addressing me in her suppressed and timid tone, but with her face averted, as if afraid of betraying somewhat more than she ventured to say; and as the stranger paused upon the threshold, rapidly uttering a blessing, which was clearly ready made for such occasions, I had time to look at him attentively. His presence performed a temporary miracle upon me, for either I forgot, or my nerves actually shook off for a few minutes, the illness which had before and did afterwards oppress me.

The man before me was of the middle size, but he stooped as he stood, and thus took at once from the height and activity of air which he messesed just previously in the garden. He now leaned on his staff, and wore the look of middle age, the reality of which appearance was belied by anticipation, as he sprang apwards from the rock..... His whole costume was such as we have seen worn by the representations of pilgrims, in pictures, or in Carnival times, but auch as had never before met my observation in the motley masquerade of real life. His head was covered with a broad brimmed hat, round which was a string of cockle, muscle, and other shells, indicating the pilgrim's visit to the sea shore, where probably the term of his penance had ended. His sharp, shrewd features seemed out of character in the disguised air of solemn piety which he endeavoured to throw into his countenance; and I thought an arch smile seemed playing on his compressed lips, and in his twinkling grey eyes, but not easily to be detected through the hair coming down over his forehead, and the bushy beard which covered the lower half of his face. He wore a dark blue

frock coat with a large cape, coming close up to his throat, which was bare; and round his waist was a leathern belt, fastened with a broad brass buckle, and thickly studded, as was his frocklike body dress, with shells of the same description as those which decorated his hat; a pair of loose dark pantaloons came down to his ancles, and coarse shoes and cloth gaiters completed his dress. Across one shoulder hung a wallet, suspended by a leathern strap, and at his girdle was a wicker-covered bottle, an ebony crucifix, and a little basket. His whole attire bore marks of rough travelling, as if he had come by tracks more moist and muddy than even the narrow path trod by the mountaineers and their mules. While he muttered his entrance prayer, making occasional signs of the cross, and other motions with either hand, I could distinctly remark the acute glance with which he surveyed me, rather than the house, in which I was quite prepared to see him perfectly at home. His incantation ended, and his speech as I thought

prepared he copened chis clips and hegan in Prenchal lamor but a read sen dorde steored aid 2256 I have given my blessing to this habitation. and all those it contains, inhabitants, and strand gerrouse well-for there is one at least within these walls. The section of another words on noise Ancair of mock divination, and heavy emphasis accompanied these words, which, were plainly directed to me, and meant to make a powerful impression. Had I been in my usual guodustate of health, Leshould have nichly anjoyed the tricks of this impostor, let, the affair have ended as it might; but just then I was too ill to relish his antics, for the charm of his first appearance was beginning to subside. I, however, put on an air of profound reverence, and gave the expected stare of astonishment at the amazing knowledge displayed by the pilgrim. The old man and woman were too stupid to recomprehend these niceties of deception, or to play a very complicated part. They therefore premained passive spectators, and the girl only

quietly handed a seat to the venerable personage, to whom she did not presume to make any reply.

kindly give a meal and a night's lodging to a weary pilgrim, returning from the performance of his painful penance, which led him from Lille, on the frontiers of Flanders, called for its beauty, the Paris of the North, to the chapel of our Lady of the Ascension, on the shores of the Mediterranean, close to the City of Barcelona in Spain, where he said fifty aves and served fifteen masses for the repose of the soul of Joseph Jacques Demarle, killed by him—that's me, the said pilgrim—in a fit of passion, one night at a tavern debauch."

Nobody answered this harangue; but the pilgrim took silence for consent, and freely drawing a chair by the fire-side, he began to disembarrass himself of his accourrements, and spoke as he went on—

"Heaven will reward you for this, kind christians; and for not despising the lowly con-

femions of a sinner, who must talk in hymility the exime he suffers for to all whose baunty be solicity that's part of my tyow," said he, in a , brisken tone, and nodding at me, as if he sould motiontinue any longer the serious mockery he of his painful country attention that Chamille. Town trime does not seem to: liet heavy on From conscience, reverend pilgrim," said Legal 10 Why the deuce should it?" said he, "when Ashare handed it over to the good munks of Saint Marival, and prayed the soul of my poor relation: fairly out of purgatory full at fortnight back!? Clone, mistress, what can you afford a poon pilgrim in the eating line? It is fast-day, but I have a dispensation. And mark me, Mademoiselle, could you give me a cup of water from the well in the garden there? I shall add a few medicinal drops from my flacon, prescribed by the hely physician of the convent, the very morning it was sacked, and the brethren driven out, by the sarrilegious band of that archireprobate, Mina, year of a subject of

"You have left troublesome folk and a busy scene behind you, it seems," said I, it had no seems

"Yes, and not far off either," replied he.

"The frontier line is not the sixth part of a league from this house, and the hostile parties are almost within gun shot of each other, close to us."

"You have entered France, my good pilgrim, by a dreary and unfrequented path," continued I; but there was something inquisitorial in these observations, and he perceived it, for he added, pointedly enough—

"Yes—I came by the almost impracticable pass of Bielsa, on my way to fulfil a vow at the chapel of the Virgin, in the valley of Héas, hard by; but there is no place so desolate or sacred, that heresy and Englishmen won't creep in,"

This very broad hint was spoken with a sharp and significant nod, which made it pointedly personal; but it was my turn to play the actor, and not wishing to draw down any further recent that might becray me to the Cagons, I prosecuted my examination of the migram nofurther. In order, however, not to display any symptoms of consciousness, I asked if the Constitutional force was pursuing the fugitives of the Faith?

"Aye, that it is!" cried he, in a most animated tone, and his eye sparkling with pleasure, but he recovered himself in a moment, and added, "Yes, the enemies of our holy religion are for the time successful. The brave and pious champions of the Faith are forced to retire. Even Misas and Miralhes, Eroles and Mata-Florida, the bravest and best of the Royalist chiefs, are beaten back; and Mina, with his lieutenant, Count de Linati, and the gallant Melchior de Trevazos, called El Vengador, the avenger, are treading on the very limits of France this moment."

This last sentence was uttered with a renewed forgetfulness, and a genuine animation of tone, which had power over his hearers as well as himself; for even the Cagot-girl jumped from the stool on which she sat, and clasped her hands either in surprise or sympathy with the pilgrim's evident delight.

I was myself right glad to hear of the triumphs of the Constitutional leaders; but finding that the pilgrim was playing a double part, I did not chime in with either his pleasure or his lamentation, but heard the expression of both with apparent indifference. It was, moreover, very clear that he was no stranger in the Cagot's hut. I did not exactly know by what opinions I might be surrounded, or among what sort of folk I might, ere long, be entangled. This pretended pilgrim was a very questionable sort of character, and was very likely to be followed by others not a whit more correct. I therefore resolved to be extremely reserved and circumspect in my remarks and conduct, and I thought my safest quarters would be found in bed. The old woman once more urged me to retire, and I saw that my presence was an incumbrance to the whole party. Taccordingly prepared to go, and bourst ecolect to make my exit with a civil and a little property of the property of the civil appear to my fellow lodger.

"I am afraid, my good friend," said I, that I have forestalled the accommodations which would have been yours, but for my intra-store. But being unwell, I must keep the bed which chance has given me, and I hope you will be able to find a corner to repose yourself in the night. With this hope I wish you light slumbers, and good cheer."

First come, first served, is a common proverb, and you are heartily welcome to be its illustration. As for me, hard beds and hard fare have been my lot for some time, particularly since my friends, the monks, have been dispossessed; but I hope I have a chance of finding wherewith to enable me to eat and sleep here, although the place does not promise much at first sight. God bless you, Sir, and here," (opening his little blacket,) to help your recovery, take this charm.

Do not despise it—'twas blessed by a holy manitie it round your neck, and 'twill not make your sleep the worse; for, used with faith, it will keep off the night-mare, the cramp, and bad dreams."

He here gave me this amulet, consisting of a little bag of white leather, marked with a scarlet silk cross, and tied with black ribbon. I took! it as gravely as it was offered; and turning towards my sleeping-place, I cast an involuntary glance into the opposite recess, which Piliad before conjectured to be the bed-room of the girl. I saw enough to convince me that it was a chamber of larger dimensions than my own, and appointed in a style superior to the rest of the house. Part of a curtained bed was evident; and, rather to my satisfaction than my surprise, I observed a Spanish guitar hanging against the wall, with a cloth cloak, while some books were scattered on a small table. All these appearances confirmed my conjectures as to the sometime visitors of the hut; and I stopped

short to make further observations, when the girl, who with the old woman was in attendance on me, stapped before me and shut the door of the room. I took the hint thus given; and a short time sufficed to have my feet bathed by the kind old woman, and to settle me in a bed, wonderously well appointed for the place it was found in. .;; niii Now; Sir, sleep soundly, and have no fear; mygldaughter or myself will watch, lest you. should want any thing," said the old woman, quitting my closet, and leaving the door ajar. best 2879 16 10 (23) The Control of organ years to be seen to the second An per with a little of the contract of the co Mr. and Same gaigand artist Service of the the second of the second people for the first facilities to the for the second section of the she services of the state of the stopped

But a moment of the brought the right of me Stantion der in to me pend and a light, ohn from more hands of a bringing on the most garden. busy what sings in the next room, whereas the the family when the street states we had not when in dehapter Viscon Contactle milene at the theory of the killion. The second of th per Delen . Wararaves might have contained the Charles -nwhother the pilgrim's leathern bag, which I carefully bung round my neck, of the bold waman's medicament-I slept sooif and solindly for several hours. When I awoke, far in the night, as I found out by feeling the hands of my watch, I was in a high degree feverish, and in considerable pain of head and body. "I had a confused and half delirious notion of all sorts of disagreeable things connected with thy visit to the hut-loathsome Cagots, the rufflan Spaniard, the suspicious pilgrim, all mixed: together in combinations of annoyance. T forgot where I was, and started up in my bed.

But a moment or two brought the truth of my situation clearly to my mind; and a light, glimmering through my imperfectly closed door, and busy whisperings in the next room, told me that the family, with their friend and visitor, had not all retired to repose. My throbbing head was not in a state to attend to what was passing, even could I have overcome my aversion and contempt for that method of gaining information. But I could not avoid catching an occasional word of the conversation; and I heard the names of Mina, Linati, and Don Melchor frequently repeated, without any coherent sequence which could lead to a betrayal on the part of the speakers, or a discovery on mine, of whatever secret might be joined with these names. The conversation was carried on with great animation, and certainly in French, so I was convinced that the Cagots had no part in it. I thought I could distinguish the pilgrim's quick and sententious manner of speech, but no tone above his breath allowed me positively to recognize his voice. The other was, as it were, muffled in still lower whisperings, so that it was impossible to ascertain whether it came from male or female.

I certainly felt some feverish reflections pass rapidly through my brain as to the strange scenes amidst which I was placed; and having sense to know that I was, in my present situation, utterly at the mercy of persons and events, as they might arrive, I made up my mind to let things take their course, without worrying myself with hopeless conjectures. But although thus in every way disinclined to listen to the conversation, I could not restrain my curiosity to get a sight if possible of the speakers. I therefore cautiously raised myself in my bed, and stooping forwards, not being embarrassed by curtains, I was enabled to see into the outer room without running any risk of being in my turn observed.

The first thing which caught my eye was a man sitting in front of the fire-place, whose comparatively youthful appearance and close thick-bearded adventurer I had left in the same position when I went to bed. Beside him stood a table with remnants of an analyzed repast; and beyond it, with her back to me, sat a female figure, of which I could distinguish nothing but its generally graceful contour, and a head covered with flowing ringlets, which appeared dark as jet, as they hung upon the shoulders that, like them, were buried in deep shade. She leaned one elbow on the table, and as her head rested on her hand, I fancied a pensiveness in the attitude, which seemed to speak a whole story of anxiety and interest.

The man was talking rapidly, in all the constraint of an under tone, but with evident respect, and using gestures expressive at once of his earnestness and of the active nature of the scene he was describing. A word or two incautiously pronounced in a louder key, as if his voice gave the slip to his prudence, caused the female to raise her finger with a warning

motion, and the knowing smile he gave in reply, made me almost start, from its resemblance to that which I had remarked so particularly in the pilgrim. In fact, another glance of scrutiny convinced me it was that pious masquerader himself; and I rapidly observed that he wore precisely the same clothes, only that they were divested of all their shell-work ornament, and other accessories, as completely as his face was of the distinctive decoration of penance and pilgrimage.

At this instant, as fate would have it, one of the most indiscreet symptoms of cold in the head escaped me—a loud and sudden sneeze, which alarmed me almost as much as those I had so minutely observed. The pilgrim jumped up. So did his companion, and with a light and graceful step she darted across the floor to the distant end of the room. I laid myself down, quickly but quietly, at full length, and gently drew the bed clothes up close to my chin. Three or four consecutive repetitions of

1 307

my treacherous sneeze made it impossible to feign sleep, so I uttered an accompanying moan or two, to give the appearance of my being self-disturbed. At these sounds, and holding a little copper lamp in her hand, the dimly lighted, half-hidden figure of the Cagot girl came limping into my room; a dark cotton handkerchief which was tied over the close hood of her capulet, gave evidence of her having slept or been prepared for sleep during her time of watching. I shrunk involuntarily from her presence into the retirement of the bed-clothes. There was something nauseous to me in the notion of her sallow cheek, her lameness, and the hidden goitre, which was exaggerated by imagination, mixed with the cunning concealment which she aided in practising as to the persons outside. I therefore told her, in a very gruff tone, and in a few words of Patois, that I wanted nothing, and that she might retire. She took me at my word, and the withdrawing of the light gave silent notice of her absence. I therefore looked boldly up again, hoping to catch a second glimpse of the mysterious female who had so much excited my curiosity and interest. But I saw nothing, the door having been drawn as close as its imperfect construction would admit of, by my repulsive nurse; and I only heard now and then a faint whistling from half-opened lips, like the echo of the lowest possible whisper.

The effects of this temporary excitement soon passed over, and I became more violently oppressed with pain and thirst than I was before. I however took copious draughts of the liquid preparation which stood beside me, and after some time, I again sunk into an imperfect slumber. From this I was awoke, or rather aroused, for I could scarcely say I slept, by the sound of footsteps in the garden close to my window. An occasional pause seemed to mark that the person, be it who it might, stopped at intervals to listen at the windows, or perhaps attempt to peep through the crevices of the

temporary shutters; and I suffered somewhat of that vague annoyance, almost always excited by uncertain and imperfect sounds. Something more positive came however very quickly to give me more serious cause of inquietude, for the lamp having been suddenly extinguished in the outer room, my door gently creaked upon its rustic hinges, and I heard some one groping his way cantiously about the walls, until his hand come in contact with my gun, which I had as usual deposited in the corner nearest to my bed had beard the barrel grating against the wall, as the secret hand withdrew it from its position, I confess that I felt at the moment extuernely, uncomfortable, so much so as to prompt an immediate measure, which might, in the apprehension of treachery, have been considered a desperate one. I sprang suddenly up, stretched out my hand at random, but in the direction of the one Lintended to arrest, and caught a firm graspitof a sinewy arm, covered with a cloth slegve...

hold of that gun!" said I, in a suppressed but steady voice.

No violence was offered to me; but a second hand was placed on mine with a pressure of entreaty, and a voice, which I instantly knew to be the Pilgrim's, begged of me not to be alarmed, protested that nothing wrong was meant to me, but that suspicious sounds outside forced him, the speaker, to borrow my gun, as the only weapon of defence which the house afforded. I was somewhat re-assured, but not quite satisfied at this rapid explanation; but I had no suspicion of the pilgrim, who had, from the first, won a species of confidence, by the frankness and gaiety of his air, which bore more of frolic than insincerity in it. I therefore loosed my hold, saying, God and of the King I"

"Well, my friend, I prove my confidence in you, and I trust to your good faith."

"You may do so, implicitly," said he, seizing my hand, and registering this assurance by a

Wirdial pressure. He quietly stepped back to the other woom, and I sat up in the bed to listeh to the result of his proceedings. ateady some. bookfir a few minutes of doubtful slience, I heard the footsteps again, retiring from the "close neighbourhood of my window; and in a Mille more, a knocking at the house door gave signal of the intended entrance of friend or foe, bas the case might be. The control to the vinceWho are you that knocks, and what do you white hercely inquired the unbearded and whicheled pilgrim, double-cocking my gun, and Hoking I dare say as resolute as ever did Peter Ithis Hermit or any of his followers. A MACHE The blessing of Saint Geronimo be on the "house!" replied a rough voice, in Spanish, y open; for a soldier of the Faith, in the name of 'God and of the King!"

"That's not our watchword!" said the pilgrim, "what is to be done?" addressing himself gets some one beside him, who answered in a whisper. This I thought could be only the strange female, and my curiosity made me stretch myself to the foot of my bed, and close to the door, through the opening of which, I cautiously peeped; but to my great disappointment, I saw only the girl of the house, in her most ungraceful night dress, who tremblingly held by the pilgrim's arm.

"Open, good christians," continued the voice outside, "you have nothing to fear. It is but a benighted soldier, alone and unarmed."

"If I was sure of that!" exclaimed the pilgrim, with a suppressed stamp of his foot, and jerk of one arm, and then scratching his head, in evident perplexity.

"Open the door, for the love of

"Have patience, then! by the life of my saint!" growled and swore the pilgrim, with no example of patience or sanctity, and in just such an attempt at Spanish as might be expected from a pious wanderer, who walked across the hills to Barcelona and back again.

"Can there be a plot?" inquired the pilgrim

of himself, but he got no satisfactory answer. "Yes, yes, I must let him in, and confide in the Englishman—there's nothing else for it," continued he; and addressing himself to the girl, he added, "do you conceal yourself—nothing in the shape of a woman must appear before these rambling vagabonds of the Faith. Pray go in, and keep very quiet."

According to this advice, the girl crept across the floor, and entered the door of the secret apartment. The pilgrim took up the little lamp, which he had re-lighted, and came close up to my bed, The reader will recollect that I had before clearly seen and recognized him, when stripped of his disguise; but he, not knowing that, thought it necessary to caution me against any abrupt suspicion. He therefore hastily said, as he entered,

b. Now, my good Sir, pray, let me entreat you, do not be alarmed at my change of appearance—you are ill and feverish, and may not recognize mer but I am, that is, I was, the very

identical pilgrim you saw and talked with tonight. But you see I have got rid of my beard
and my dress, and my vow, for in fact my
pilgrimage is over, and I am on my way
home. But this is no time for explanation—
there is danger near us—and I cannot believe
that you are in any plot against any one in this
house—are you? Now, do tell me, honestly and
frankly,"

"No, on my life and honour," replied I,
"but I am ready to assist in its defence."

"You are?" cried he, cutting short my heroics. "Give me your hand, then," and seizing one, he started, looked with a most pathetic air full in my face, and exclaimed—"Good God, Sir, you are in a high fever—how flushed you are! your eye is in a blaze—Oh! if I had but Father Munoz, the convent physician, here!"

Whack, whack! said the heavy fist of the person at the cottage door,

"Saints, devils, and martyrs!" roared the

pilgrim, " litter quiet I say." Then turning to mand " For the love of heaven. Sir, don't tir-Post of the west of a fact section to both yes Open the door, good christians," whatic, whack! went the tongue and fist outside; while she pilgrim went on, turning alternately from ant, and to me. batte Go to the devil-Pray keep cool-(whack, whack, whack!)—May you never eat nor drink 4-swallow large draughts of prisan--("Open, open the door!") May you perish from cold!-Cover yourself well with the blankets-(whack!) May the frost pinch you !- Encourage perspiration—And the wind whistle through you'! And keep yourself warm-(whack, whack!) Keep quiet !- lie still-I'm coming-I'm going -Till open the door-I'll shut the door-'(whack, "whack; whack!) May curses seize you!-May God bless you, Sir!"-and pushing me back into the bed, from which I attempted to rise, he rushed into the outer room, Mammed my door after him, and opened the

other, cursing the intruder with all his might and main.

"Health and wealth!" exclaimed the Spaniard, in the proverbial greeting common in his country, and with a cringing expression.

"Who and what are you, that disturb poor people thus?" many that disturb poor

astonished tone. " said the Spaniard, in an

What ! Sanchez ! Is this you?" cried the pilgrim.

What has become of your beard?"

Where is your cassock?" logs od aming to

"And you have not been shot?" and a youngh

And you have really escaped hanging?"

fool, Don Melchior, pardoned me, and let me escape -_"

ensional maxiety, that I really was a the pilgrim

^{*} Salud y pesetas, is one of the rinfrancs, with which the conversation of Spaniards abounds. Pesetas stands for riches in the proverbial application.

But you may meet again Pasaid the pilgrim.

"Perhaps we may 12 muttered the Spaniard.

Every sound of the voice tended to convince me that this was no other than the ruffian I had seen the preceding day. At this last expression, the very same as his parting words to the Serjeant at Gedro, I could not restrain my desire to be sure of him. I therefore leaned forward, at the risk of discovery, and caught the glare of his dark eye, and saw his hand laid expressly upon his knife.

As soon as the Spaniard had recognized the pilgrim, he spoke French to him with great fluency; and a conversation now began between them, relating to some former acquaintanceship and adventures, the particulars of which I could not make out. I was so disturbed and harassed by interruptions and curiosity, mixed with occasional anxiety, that I really was, as the pilgrim said, in a high fever. My head swam and burned, my mouth was parched, and I lay

almost insensible to what passed in the next

But the pilgrim, after some time, paid me a visit, and told me that the Spaniard was asleep before the fire, and that there was nothing to apprehend. I did not think this apparent slumbering any proof of security, if there were any danger in the fellow's being awake; and I told the credulous pilgrim to be on his guard, if he had any secrets to conceal.

"Let me alone," said he, "I know the scoundrel I have to deal with. He does sleep now, depend upon it, for I took good care to mix one of my charms in his brandy—just the same, my good Sir—pray don't be angry—as the old woman put into your whey, and to which you owe the sleep you have already had."

I saw that this fellow had not lived in a convent of Capuchins for nothing, but that his friend, Father José, had taught him some of his tricks; but I nevertheless could not help liking him, and having faith in him. Such is for me

manner. I found myself, however inclined; totally imable to specific by the communicative dispesition of my companion, or to gain any information on the secrets of this flut; the inicit dents of which were becoming every hour mode mysterious and dramatic. I histened to this first mode dispesition to find that, however open he might be as to a part of his own affairs, he was double locked, and barred, and bolted, in respect to others.

kindest possible tone, "I am forced by pressing matters to quit this house. I must take away this sleeping ruffian with me. He is of the army of the Faith, and he has reason to believe my opinions the same as his own; but I should blush before any Englishman not to avow myself the very reverse. I must however keep up the fairce with him, and get him from this place. He wandered here by chance from a gloomy.

love of solitude. He is a prime villain, and has just escaped from death by means of the very man he attempted to assassinate, but who was warned of his purpose by a friend. His intended victim was no other than the Avenger, Don Melchior de Trevazos, the bravest, the noblest of men. But I must leave you-yet it grieves me. Still, you may rely on it, you are in safe hands. The old people of this hut will take good care of you; the young woman will be kind to you; and I have learned from the fellow without, that Father Munoz, a most skilful though a young physician, and a conscientious though fierce enthusiast, is at a village close by, where he intends to rally some stragglers of the Faith, to repass the frontier, and oppose Don Melchior, who has driven them before him like sheep. I will send for this monk to see you; and, in the mean time, should any other strangers arrive, pray have no suspicions-take no notice of what passes-and expect to see me shortly again. God bless you once more-there is your

gun-keep dulet und all will be well with

I returned the cordial squeeze of his hand, nodded assent to his suggestions, and wished him a safe journey. He immediately left me; and in about half an hour afterwards, the dawn just their breaking, I heard him rouse the Spaniard from his sleep, and they quitted the house together.

A flice man or give a solution of the contract of the contract

The state of the s

has, share the state of inquiries as to my illness, and prescriptions for its removal. She tald me that the worth and pious man, who had sompleted his pilgrimage and resumed his own.

completed his pilgrimage and resumed his own proper character, had given her a letter to take to Gedro to deliver to a Spanish monk, the same, as she believed, who relieved her so humanely the previous morning, and who, being skilled in medicine, would come to see, and, she hoped, to cure me. She added that she

was just setting out; and, in the mean time, having replenished my jug of diet-drink, and her husband being about to start on his daily task of wood-cutting, she left me and the house to the care of her daughter.

I almost shuddered at this announcement; but ill as I was, I had a gleam of hope that I might possibly, through the girl, get some insight into the proceedings of the concealed heroine, (for I was resolved that she should be one) who I was resolved that she should be one) who I was retain, still remained hidden in the hidder. This notion made me avoid the expression of my disgust, at the prospect of being left at the mercy of the young and goited guardient thus promised me; and I abstained from any him or allusion, which might lead the old woman to suspect my knowledge of her house, hold matters being deeper than she supposed it.

"I lay still and silent while she spoke, and I soon heard her and her husband leave the cottage." I concluded that both the females, now, with me, joint occupiers of the house, still slept,

and watchful night. I thought repose in every way essential to myself, to give me strength to prosecute my inquiries, or indeed to meet the possible contingencies, to be expected from the ambiguous parting words of the pilgrim. I therefore once more strove to sleep, and I succeeded. When I awoke again, I found myself much refreshed, and looking at my watch, I perceived that it was not quite eight o'clock.

My anxiety to know what was going on in the other, and most mysterious, part of the house induced me to rise from my bed, and venture on a cruise of discovery to the next room. I threw the coverlid across my shoulders, and in this costume, quite à la Cagot, I slowly and cautiously slided out of my closet. The window-shutters having been opened by either the pilgrim or the old woman, I had a full view of the chamber and its contents. The table shewed that the time had not been idly or badly

speat by the travellers. The remnants of bread, cheese, eggs, and sausages, with glasses that bore marks of service, told a tale of good cheer and abundance. On the table stood an ink stand and some paper, with unfinished scraps of writing. These excited my attention, more than any other of the fragments, and I could not resist letting my eye glance for a moment on the scribbled and defaced lines before me. I at once discovered the writing to be in a neatfemale hand-One or two words, "Father, Mother," and what looked like "duty, honour," and "unbounded attachment," were all that I distinguished: for the reader may. believe my honest assertion, that I did notindeed I could not telet my eye rest more than a moment on the page, any more than I could let my ear lie for an instant against a door. always, excepting cases which involve personal. safety or the like.

I nest a wistful glance at the door of the secret: chamber, where I was convinced so interesting a. subject of inquiry lay concealed. But whether it was feeling or fever that refined or rarefied my sentiments, I know not; yet they certainly were at the moment quite too pure to allow of my taking one unauthorized step towards the gratification of my intense curiosity. I accordingly turned into my own quarters again, cautiously avoiding a glance at the room which the old Cagots occupied, and not venturing to look behind me for fear of discovering the appearance of the young one, in all the unloveliness of dishabille.

But I was scarcely laid again in my bed, when a timorous tap at the door, and half uttered inquiries from the girl, convinced me that I was not to escape from her persecuting attention. I answered, without looking up, that I was quite well, and wanted nothing whatever. But, from that strange impulse which leads us to look at the things we loathe, I could not resist a stolen half glance at this girl, asking her at the same time—

my good girl His bein Bressed Muschaed she, in a tone of surphiseries if astonished at my imagining the com-Tranguand she muttered something in unintel-hitts Bray, don't be offended," said I, "it is was anly , that a I did not wish to disturb your so had had the delicacy (or the conceit) to whap herself up throat and all, full as closely as the shad been covered the day before. She was retiring from the door, and I became emboldened in proportion as she was timid. I thought I might venture some inquiries, so I said, in accepts, of more civility than she was accustomed to from meatuu You were very much disturbed, I fear, last night, as well by me as by other visitors." 15 Myhat?" asked she, with all the vacant emphasis of stupidity. I repeated my observation distinctly. "Yes, indeed, you did," was her unmeaning reply, accompanied by a sort of abortive laughs that was quite shocking. I would not venture to look at the countenance, moving in idiot sympathy with these tones; but I was determined, my eyes firmly closed, to prosecute my efforts for information. I thought that the only way to succeed with her was to take her by sufficient to beat down her guard as I might say and carry the outworks of her caution by a coup-de-main.

"And pray," exclaimed I, quickly, "how is' the young lady in the other chamber, after such a bad night?" The girl was too far off, and too much shaded by my door to let' me see her face; but as she might have seen mine, I spoke as abruptly and sternly as I meant to look.

" What?" answered she.

"Come, come," cried I, impatiently, "tell me, like a good girl, who is the female that..."
But just at this important stage of my crossmination, I was interrupted by a voice out-

side, volubly uttering, as the speaker entered the hut-

guns all spiked, I suppose—and, perhaps, a mine ready to spring and blow me up! Ha! I sak you a thousand pardons, Mademoiselle, for entering so unceremoniously by this ready-made breach, and without a summons to surrender. By the fire of those consuming black eyes, and that rosy blush on your cheek, my dear, I hold you and your whole sex in adoration! Permit me to salute your hand. Nay, don't be frightened, nor shrink away from me after that fashion. Always show a fair front to the enemy, and never turn your back on a friend. That's one of the golden rules of life—so, do now, my lass, give me one embrace."

I really did not hear the girl's reply. I was so provoked at this proof of gross want of taste—at the promiscuous gallantry which could make love to a *Cagot*, that, for the moment, my displeased surprise stifled the satisfaction at first

given me by the sound of my friend, the serjeant's voice, for the reader will have recognized him in the new comer.

"What! you will neither kiss me, speak to me, nor look at me," continued the serjeant. "Why, what do you tremble for, my good girl? Do you think I would do you any harm? By the life and honour of a soldier, I would die first! So, like a sweet, modest little darling as you are, tell me, where is the sick gentleman who came here yesterday evening; and tell him that his friend, Victor Achille Passepartout, serjeant of the —th infantry of the line, wishes to see him."

"Come in here, serjeant," cried I, "if you can tear yourself away from the charms of that tempting creature."

"Ha! ha! my friend, you are there, are you? So, so, this is your illness, is it? A fit of mountain gallantry—a heart-burn—an amorous ague? I thought as much—" and as he entered, with these words, his cap and feather

were knocked off his head by the door frame although he was a short man, and stooped as he came in. In recovering his head-dress, he stumbled against my bed, and he commenced a series curses on his awkwardness, and apologies to until, looking me full in the face, he saw that I was really ill; and he then, with great kindness, began to inquire into my case, and begged me to excuse the levity with which he had treated it. He offered me all sorts of assistance, proposed sending to Luz for the surgeon of his regiment, and took as much (though a different sort of) interest in my illness as one sometimes meets from one's nearest relative and heir at law. I declined the serjeant's offers of aid, telling him that I was in hopes of seeing the military monk, of whose medical skill I had heard high praise.

"What!" cried the serjeant, "would you trust yourself into the hands of that fellow?
Why, when he finds you out to be an Englishman, and a heretic, he would think nothing of you. I.

giving you a passport for purgatory, (in the shape of a dose of physic.) Aye, or for another place, a stage farther on. I know Spain and the monks right well."

"And I know something of human nature," thought I, "of the good side of it too; and I am sure that the man who relieved the poor old persecuted Cagot yesterday, cannot be converted into a fiend to-day." So I thanked the serjeant for his caution, but told him I had no fear of treachery.

"Well, well," replied he, "perhaps you are right after all. I am not a suspicious man—I am dull-sighted enough when my own safety is in question, but I am lynx-eyed for that of my friends; and you may have the satisfaction of knowing that if this priest should poison you, I will have him hanged on the highest pine tree in the district."

I could not help smiling at this consolatory promise, and the serjeant, fancying he had quite composed me, began a detail of his privations in the little temporary shed he occupied since day-break, with a party of ten privates, on the very selvage of the frontier, and in sight of the hut where we were.

"Egad, you can see it from this window," said he, pointing across the ravine; "and there stands the sentry, striving to warm himself in the smoke from our kitchen-fire. He has laid his firelock on the ground though. Very well, he shall have an extra hour for that negligence."

I looked from the bed, and plainly distinguished the turf and moss covered hovel, which resembled the worst kind of huts in the bogs of Ireland and the Scotch highlands, while the smoke, forcing its way up through the sods that formed the pastoral kitchen, and the grey coated sentinel who stood beside, brought forcibly to my recollection the whiskey stills I had so often stumbled on, in trespasses almost as illegal as the secrets they led to.

While I was thus occupied, I observed my

vintor keenly reconnoitring the room without, and eyeing the covered ways of the female fortress he had before been approaching.

"Come, come, serjeant," said I, peevishly,
this is too bad: how can you look at, or think
of this wretched Cagot girl, with her sallow
cheeks and loathsome goitre?"

"Softly, softly, my friend," replied he, in an under tone, "don't hurt her feelings so; she hears you, and her blushes cover her ears."

" Blushes, indeed!"

"Aye, upon my life, like roses on an olive tree. And hark ye, my friend, don't you be so nice in your tastes—beggars can tbe choosers. A Cagot girl in these deserts is as natural as a duchess in Paris. Women are women every where. They have all alike their charms for me—I worship the sex—and am idolater enough to admire a protuberance on the throat, just as much as though it were lower down. But, by the gods, the girl without has a pair of eyes

blacker and more burning than any I ever met with."

- "Well, well, worship their sacred fires; but let it be in secresy and silence, that's all I ask of you."
- "Agreed, agreed, my friend, my devotions shall not disturb you, depend upon it. I would rather remove than add to your fever, believe me. But hold, can I be mistaken? It is surely he—yes—I knew his lounging gait."
- "Who do you see?" asked I, while the serjeant strained forward at the window.
- "That rascal Spaniard, I was forced to check so abruptly yesterday. I thought he was lurking somewhere hereabouts, for the boy who told me of your being here, recounted your having stumbled upon him yesterday; and, to tell you the truth, I was brought here by my anxiety to step between you and any treachery on the part of that scowling blackguard."
- "Many thanks, my good serjeant—I have nothing personal to apprehend from him; but

he is a bad one, I have good reason to know, and I cannot think that any good design brings him here now; he should be going in another direction."

- "You know something of him, then?" " at
- "Enough to warrant what I say, and to enable me to put you on your guard. "He understands and speaks French well."
- "We are but even there," said the serjeanst consequentially—"for I speak Spanish like a Spaniard—just the same."
 - "You told me that yesterday," replied I. "
- "Yes, and proved it too, I think," added he; "for how else could I have so soon won my way into the affections of that haughty Arragonese Countess? How else carry by storm the bulwarks of birth, pride, rank, piety, and the devil knows what? Now I'll wager that you didn't discover her to be a countess?"
- "No, I'll be hanged if I did," said I, smiling;
 "for she appeared as common a person as any
 of her party."

ing his hands—"Egad, I musn't forget my appointment with her though. Good bye, my friend, for a while. I'll certainly send for our doctor for you—Adieu!" and he was going off rapidly, when he suddenly added, "The Devil! had quite forgot that scoundrel—but there he is, winding up directly here, and looking round him as if he were watched, or afraid of being so. There he goes, sharp by the angle of that rock, and into the path leading up to the door. I will stay quietly here, and we shall soon see what he is about."

Caution the girl not to tell him you are in the house," said I.

and softly to her," said the serjeant, stepping into the outside room, where he buzzed a few words in a delicate tone; and he came back sideways on tip-toes, blowing kisses from his fingers at every step, as he looked amorously over his shoulder.

"Now, my good serjeant," said I, "remember that the ruffian carries his long knife, and you are unarmed—and though ever so well inclined, I am quite unable to help you in a contest with him."

"True, egad," replied he, looking rather anxiously around, "I had forgotten that—but here is your gun."

"Exactly what I was going to observe to you—it is loaded, and makes you more than a match for him."

"It's all one—it's all one—gun or no gun, I should fear little from an encounter with such a fellow:—but are the flints good—the powder not damp—is it loaded with ball or shot?—not that I care a sous about the matter, but since one has such a weapon by one—"

"One may as well make the most, while one seems to make least of it! Isn't it so, serjeant?" asked I, abruptly, and cutting him short in the middle of a speech, such as we often hear from men who, not satisfied with being sufficiently

brave, lessen their own merit in affecting to underrate their enemy, and see more glory in the pretence of despising danger than in the pride of overcoming difficulty.

"Why, as for the matter of that-" said the serjeant-

"Hush!" whispered I—"I hear his heavy tramp at the threshold," and in a moment more the outer door creaked back on its rusty hinges.

"God be praised! Good morning, my lass!" said the Spaniard, in mechanical devotion and surly gaiety, and in French, a striking contrast to the cringing tone of his salutation in his own language, as he entered the hut the night before, and was so roughly welcomed by the pilgrim with my double barrelled gun in his hand. "Good morning, I say; why, you do not seem to welcome me. You would rather have seen that vagabond impostor—that ci-devant pilgrim—Eh? But he is far out of sight now, and I am as much master here as he was last night, do ye see—so look cheerful, and give me some breakfast."

All this was said with an air of insolent brutality; and I saw that the serjeant was quivering in every limb, not from fear of the ruffian, but with anxiety to attack him. He sat on the side of my bed, the gun across his knees; and his legs involuntarily kept up the nervous motion familiarly called "the Devil's tatoo."

- "Keep steady," said I, "or the creaking of the bed will betray you before your time."
- "I cannot contain my rage!" muttered he, every word half a dozen times its original length, from the chattering of teeth and stuttering caused by his emotion.
 - "You are quite alone," asked the Spaniard.
 - " Quite," replied the girl.
 - "Your father and mother are from home?"
 - "Yes."
- "Then give me the gun that your friend, the pilgrim, left here behind him this morning. Give it, I say," continued he, in a boisterous tone, which proved that she hesitated at his first demand—"Give it to me, or, by the Virgin, I'll sacrifice you on the spot!"

The serjeant bounced up, but I held him back, by the scanty skirt of his jacket, and forced him down upon his seat.

"I will not give it to you—take it by force if you durst, and you shall be hanged for the crime, like a robber and a villain as you are."

Such, as well as I could catch her patois, was the girl's reply, delivered in a firm and gallant tone, astonishing to me, even though I knew her to be aware of protection against the Spaniard's fury.

- "Bravo!" exclaimed the serjeant, jumping up once more, and he was rushing from the room, when I threw myself after him, caught hold of his arm, and whispered—
- "Not yet—not yet—let him commit himself fully."
- "You are right, my friend," stammered he, stopping close to the door, while I lay down again in bed.
- "Insolent reptile!" vociferated the Spaniard to the girl's reply—"Odious and loathsome

Cagot, you are not worthy my revenge; but let me pass—I will have the gun—and here I begin my search."

"You shall not enter there while I have life," cried the girl. At these words, I heard the rapid closing of a door and a key turned quickly in the lock. I knew immediately that it must be that of the secret chamber, where I was now more than [ever convinced the lovely female was concealed; and, in addition to my head-ache and fever, I burned and shook with an anxiety full as forcible as the serjeant's. I prepared to quit the bed abruptly, when the serjeant in his turn held me down.

"Not yet—not yet—" said he: "let the villain attempt violence."

"Stand back, wretch!" roared the Spaniard, and a clatter of chairs or tables told that a struggle was commenced.

" Help, help !" screamed the girl, " Help, help !"

Whack! sounded the door of my room, as the serjeant burst through it—and smack! said the butt end of my gun, as it came in contact with the Spaniard's head, with a force which I thought must have shattered the stock, or fractured the skull. A war-whoop yell accompanied the serjeant's blow—the heavy carcass of the Spaniard flopped against the floor—the girl shricked—and just as I emerged from my room, the blanket thrown hastily round me, I saw her disappear into the secret chamber opposite, and heard the door forcibly bolted inside.

The Spaniard lay on the floor; the serjeant flung himself upon him, holding him by the throat, thundering forth execrations of untranslatable variety and vigour; while Ranger, unexpected by the whole party, darted upon the prostrate ruffian, and shook and worried him with all the energy of tooth and nail. Satisfied that the girl was safe, the sanctuary she defended and fled to secured, and the Spaniard stunned and disabled, I looked about anxiously for wherewithal to bind him, and soon found a piece of rope, used by the old Cagot for tying up his

fagots. With this, the serjeant and myself bound the Spaniard's arms well behind his back, with less tenderness than he might have experienced from the most brutal executioner—in fact we had no mercy on him. I took his formidable knife from its sheath; and on examining my gun and the fellow's head, I to my great surprise ascertained that neither was materially hurt by their momentary junction and instantaneous divorce.

During the whole of this process, which did not occupy much more time than what might be consumed in reading this record of it, the enemy, as I may fairly call our prisoner, shewed the most evident symptoms of a craven and contemptible spirit. He was overwhelmed with astonishment and terror, at the suddenness of the assault and the probable consequences of his subjection. But he did not utter a word, his scowling visage looking unspeakable things at the serjeant and myself. The former was too busily employed, in double-cording and in

double-cursing his foe, to pay attention to the contortions of pain, fear, and fury, so strongly depicted on his countenance, while every knot that he tied, and each additional twist he gave the rope, drew forth a panting interjectional snort, that seemed to come from the inmost depths of the serjeant's nervous system. He ceased at length, and taking his knee from off his victim's carcass, he wiped the sweat from his own brow, and looked round pleasedly at the security which he had earned by it.

As the Spaniard rolled and writhed upon the floor, the serjeant could not restrain the expressions of his delight. He had no moderation in his triumph, and thus proved himself an imperfect hero. So I trust that my readers have not begun to take him for mine. As for myself, I had played but a very inferior part in this drama; and its being so happily concluded, left no further necessity for my presence; so I wrapped my blanket closer, and retired to my closet, leaving the serjeant to the enjoyment of

heaping loads of abuse on his fallen foe. As I crept into bed, not much the better of all my exertion, I heard the following fragments of my trusty ally's reproachful apostrophe to his victim, over whom I saw him standing:—

"Yes, you scoundrel, you are there, thanks to this good arm and this brave heart !" (slapping his hand upon his breast, three or four times;) "aye, twist and turn like a snake that has lost it's sting," (flourishing the daggerknife over his head.) "What! you are muttering, are you?-invoking some rank devil, I'll warrant it; but you must pray with your hands unlcasped, and let your elbows knock together, closer than they ever did, since you gave up your dancing master. You villain! to attack a poor defenceless woman! Woman, the loveliest, the most angelic of earth's blessings, or man's delights! Woman! the masterpiece of nature!"

And so he ran on, in the very superlative of bombast and burlesque, for longer than would be supportable in the recital; and he was at length stopped only by the entrance of the old Cagot woman, and of no less a personage than Father Munoz himself, who had obeyed the call of his quondam friend the pilgrim, and came promptly to my relief, for which he had been summoned.

"Mary, the most pure, I salute you!"* piously ejaculated the monk, but this short prayer was all I could distinctly understand.

[•] Ave Maria purissima!—the entrance salutation of a pious Spaniard.

CHAPTER VIII.

From my situation in the closet bed, I was not able to observe the effects of this arrival on the countenances of the various parties to the scene without; and little information was to be gathered from the confused babbling which immediately took place. The serjeant burst forth into a vituperative attack against his prisoner; the old woman sent out screaming inquiries for her precious little girl; and the medical monk, totally forgetting the object of his visit, uttered pious and sorrowful ejaculations at the scandal to his country and his cause, in what he saw and heard of his compatriot's situation and conduct. The ruffian did not speak a word.

The old woman at length succeeded in learning where the girl had taken refuge; and I saw her enter the chamber, into which she was cautiously admitted through the half opened door. She came out in a very few minutes, and crossed over to pay me a visit. She had acquired ample information as to the cause of the serjeant's presence in her hut, and of the still more anwelcome intrusion of the Spaniard, and she copened upon me a battery of blessings, and thanks for the part I had taken in the rescue; and then made anxious inquiries as to my ·illness. All these matters I cut as short as possible, being chiefly alive to the subject of my own curiosity; and, without any regular plan for coming at information, I at last found some.

"Pray now, my worthy dame," said I, "do tell me, without keeping up the mystery any longer, how is the lady in the opposite room, for I know all about the secret of her concealment? Has she been much alarmed? Come,

come, answer me frankly; I tell you again I know the secret."

"Oh! pray then, Sir, for the love of Heaven, do not betray it to any one of those persons outside; Mademoiselle would be ruined were it known.

"Never fear, never fear; I will be discreet, but how is she?"

"Oh, pretty well, Sir; she has great courage, but this was almost too much for her—the risk of discovery was dreadful."

"Yes, if it had not been for your daughter, that scoundrel would certainly have found her out."

"Sir!" said the old crone, said the old crone,

"I say it was your daughter's spirited resistance, that saved the room door from being forced open, and the lady from discovery. Did not they tell you that?"

The woman looked stupidly at me, as if all her stock of intelligence had been exhausted; but I did not, as I have before remarked, find her duiness so disgusting as the girl's, and seeing that my mention of her daughter did not touch her sympathies, and that she began to busy herself about my ptisan, et cetera, I let the conversation drop, satisfied with the confession I had obtained as to the concealed female, and delighted to hear that she was still, as I might say, within arm's length of my observation.

While I ruminated on all that was passing, the voices in the outer room suddenly ceased their clamour, and the serjeant came in, the gun in his hand, and seated himself beside my bed. The old woman immediately retired, and I saw her slipping into the secret chamber, which opened instantly to her gentle knock.

"Well," said I, to my panting and exhausted companion, as he wiped his oozing brows; "well, you have done your work in good style; but why do you lose sight of your prisoner? He may escape."

"Leave me alone for that, my friend. Escape!
Sacré! I should catch him, were he to gain the

top of Mont Perdu. I am as active as an Izard—let me alone. No, no, he'll not escape me. I have left him with that monk to confess, I suppose. They are a pair of scoundrels together I do believe, for amongst these scum of the Faith there is nothing but rascality. I am watching them—and should he stir, I am quite ready to lodge the contents of this in his body—but you see I did not want it, to enable me to overcome the fellow—there it is, you see, not even cocked!"

I passed over this ingratitude to the weapon which had served him so well, though so silently, and I paid him some compliments on his courage and address. I heard the priest, in the mean time exhorting his disgraced follower to a course of more honourable conduct, than he had lately pursued; and in a little time he made his appearance at the door. On seeing me, he seemed somewhat ashamed of his forgetfulness of the purpose of his coming to the hut.

"This, then, is the gentleman who is ill?"

asked he, looking round apparently for the old woman.

"Yes, this is he, your reverence," said the serjeant, in a bitter tone, "and have a care that you treat him well and fairly. Look to his fever, never mind his politics; feel his pulse, but don't meddle with his conscience. Recollect it is medicine, and not religion, you have now to administer—and take a friend's advice."

This last phrase was accompanied by an expressive gesture of tucking-up significancy—but the monk heeded it not. His rapt and enthusiastic look told that he was superior to paltry hints and ignoble apprehensions. He same forward calmly, and with a steady hand he felt my wrist, smiled assuringly, and nodded his head with that happy air of indifference, the good effect of which every skilful doctor knows fall well.

you in a few minutes; but first, Master Serjeant, let us despatch the affair of this unhappy cul-

prit outside. What do you intend to do with him?"

"Eh, what do with him?" replied the serjeant, completely thrown off his centre, by the monk's commanding air and tone, and by the contemptuous indifference with which he had received the hectoring lecture, which the serjeant expected would have produced a very different effect. "Do with him?" repeated he, turning to me, "Egad, I don't exactly know.

I had not begun to think of that yet."

"Perhaps then you will liberate him?" said the monk, calmly.

"Liberate him!" repeated the serjeant two or three times; but the echo was reverberated in tones of redoubled noise and emphasis; "What! let such a villain loose upon the world, to violate all the rights of men, women, and children—to make forcible entries, God knows where—to lay violent hands on the devil knows what—"

"Hush, hush your blaspheming voice!" ex-

claimed the monk, in a loud tone of authority, and raising his hand high above the little serjeant, who had started up, and stood as erect as a recruit under the measuring rod. "Commit not this outrage against heaven, joining the name of the Most High with that of the arch fiend. You declaim against an offence to man, while you are insulting your Maker!"

** Sacre! Peste! I had no notion of it;" said the serjeant, evidently a little frightened at the accusation—"God knows"—

"Silence!" interrupted the monk, "God knows all things, and scorns your paltry appeal."

nor brave the offended Deity!" uttered the monk, accompanying the thunder of his lungs with a lightning flash from his protuberant and electrical eyes.

"Was there ever the like of this?" asked my crest-fallen little friend, fairly beaten, upon

Well but, Sacré Nom de-"

the field of all his recent glory, by this domineering ecclesiastic; "Did you ever hear such a bullying bravo?—He won't let me speak a word, either of question or answer. What must I do with him?"

"Listen to him quietly, and keep yourself cool," said I.

"Well, Sir, is your mind made up?" continued the priest, in an elevated voice, his looks reflecting the warmth of his heated feelings. "Are you decided yet? Will you give the man his freedom, or bring disgrace in his person on the sacred cause he serves?"

"Sacred cause, indeed!" murmured the serjeant.

"Pray keep silent one moment, and suffer me to speak a word," retorted the menk, in a tone of most authoritative entreaty. "Would you, I say, bring shame on the cause of religion and loyalty, because one of its followers, in mistaken zeal, trenched upon, although he did not even overstep, the strict line of the law?"

- " "Why, as for that --"
- this man is a champion of the faith, filled with ardour for the cause of his God, his king, and his country. He knows the sacrilegious rebels are in arms, that Mina and his bandit horde are close upon the frontier. He burns to engage once more in the holy conflict of the faithful against the infidel, and to enable him to join his brethren in arms, he begged a loan of a weapon which he knew lay idly here."
 - "Begged a loan! The rascal!" uttered the serjeant, in a suppressed voice, which he only ventured to let slip through his teeth as it were.
- that strict rule which forbids us to carry arms upon your neutral ground, embroil your government and ours? Would you throw discredit on the righteous and the loyal, and give a triumph to the vile revolutionary band that lords it over Spain, and threatens France?"

"Tell me," said the serjeant, recovering a little his wonted jocular air, "tell me, my good Sir, what penance do you inflict upon your lying lay brathren?" and he winked at me as he spoke.

"What do you dare to say?" thundered the monk, more loudly and violently than ever. "Would you, a christian and a catholic, venture a ribald jest against the sacred mysteries of the church? And is it for you, while offending against her holy laws, to become the judge of a brother sinner? Would you—"

"Most pious, reverend, and venerable father," exclaimed the serjeant, with a mixture of sarcasm and ennui, "I am quite, perfectly, thoroughly convinced of my own errors, your worthy follower's virtues, and your infallibility. Take him away with you, upon condition that you leave me alone. Off with him, for the sake of heaven—I beg pardon, for my sake. There is his innocent little pocket-knife—cut his cords with it; youder is the door, you know the way

nuts and I pray the saints and angels; that, once beyond its threshold, I may never see either of your pious and loyal faces again."

Quite exhausted by this tirade, the poor serjeant resumed his seat, twisting his mustachios, in evident mortification at having been thus bearded by the unwhiskered enthusiast, that gave so formidable an illustration of the church militant on earth.

I must leave the reader to picture the air of solemn delight with which the monk proceeded to the next room to liberate his worthy associate in the cause of legitimate tyranny; and the unsatisfied and harassed appearance of the serjeant, as he opened my window and made his exit, to regain his quarters beyond the ravine, the first having assured me he would return to me in a few minutes, and the latter promising to come and see me on the morrow.

When left quite to myself, I could have laughed heartily at the whimsical contrast of character which I had just witnessed; but the

immediate return of the monk, having let his countryman loose, broke in upon my unsocial In his capacity of physician, he enjoyment. was much more attractive than in his holy calling; and I congratulated myself that he was my bodily, and not my spiritual comforter. His whole manner inspired complete confidence! I saw he was clever, and believed him when he assured me my illness was trifling. By this means he effected more than half the cure; and I think my readers will excuse the detail of all the other means employed to perfect my reco-I took his advice, and followed his prescriptions. He accepted my thanks, but refused the proffered fee, giving me to understand that he practised physic, not professionally, but for the good of his fellow-creatures -a very correct distinction—as I thought. Before my doctor left the hut, I was infinitely better; and by nightfall, when only under the care of the old woman, for the girl did not again come near me, I pronounced myself, to myself, fairly convalescent.

The day passed over in a quiet stillness that seemed almost unnatural to a place that had heretofore been the scene of such continued bustle, variety, and adventure. Nothing occurred to break the monotony, but the old male Cagot's arrival to his dinner about noon, and his return once more from the woods at nightfall. I heard him throw down his fagots at the door, and, with a few words to interrupt him, he eat his homely meals, and then retired to rest. The old cat occasionally purred an accompaniment to its master's munching, or mewed a request for a scanty morsel from his table. But at sunset, or soon after, the whole but was hushed into a most desolate state of repose,

Ruminating on the events of the night and morning which had passed by, I was not more amused at comparing the different characters extraneous, as I might say, to the hut, than I was interested in dwelling on the consideration of those which seemed legitimately its inmates.

The character of the poor Cagots appeared to me in a far brighter hue than my former implessions had given to it: the unobtrusive placidity of the man-the ready activity and kind assiduity of the old woman—and the spirited exertion of the young one, all convinced me that they were not quite so low in the scale of Numanity as prejudice would place them; and the serjeant's enlogium on the eyes and blushes of the girl'had, after all, I believe, their influence in awakening these favourable sentiments. But above all subjects, the hidden female was the one that at once interested and tormented me the most. Determined to leave no fair measure untried to obtain some further information about her, I was resolved to have recourse to the girl once more, as, more immediately than the old woman, in contact with the concealed heroine, with whom she had clearly passed the greater part of the day. I determined to make an absolute and unlimited offer of my services to this damsel, be the causes of her concealment, or

Acres

the means of service what they might. I therefore called the old woman, and proposed to her to let her daughter relieve her attentions upon me for a while, although had I not other reasons for the presence of the girl, I could have readily dispensed with both. She made some hesitation, as if her apprehensive qualma were again rising. My smothered disgust was somewhat revived by this, but I kept it down, and repeated my request. The woman muttered something indistinctly, left the room, and progeeded to that where her precious charge had all day remained. In a very few minutes she came back, accompanied by the limping girl. "Come here, my good girl," said I, with a smooth-tongued patronizing tone, "I am anxious to know how you have recovered your alarm-

tell me."

[&]quot;I am quite well, Sir, thank you."

[&]quot;And the—young lady," added I, quickly, to try what would be the effect of the rapid question upon her, not that I had now any

notion of her affecting a concealment of what the old woman had avowed—"how is she? What is she doing? Does she want my assistance? Can I be of any use to her? Tell me all this now, like a good girl."

I made these inquiries in French, my patois not being sufficiently fluent to keep pace with my impatient curiosity.

"Remember what the pilgrim said to you at parting!" replied she, in her mountain diction.

"Ask no questions, and take no heed of who comes or goes. Good night, Sir," and with these words she left the room, and quietly closed the door.

TRANSPORT OF A STREET OF A STR

CHAPTER IX. As about 1

August Sang se de la companya de la

I could not for some time exactly comprehend the nature of the occult sentiment, under the influence of which I acquiesced so calmly in the orders of this girl, and which seemed to inspire me with a feeling actually bordering on respect and regard for beings of an order so very inferior as I considered those around me. Even the old grey cat seemed not quite excluded from its fair proportion of this growing weakness of my nature; and I once or twice rebuked Ranger for the unmannerly growling in which he indulged, as the green eyes of Grimalkin beamed intrusively at the half open door. But from well examining the

bent of my thoughts, I became convinced that all this, which seemed so strange, was the natural result of association and sympathy. I could trace the emanation of every feeling to the main one of anxiety and interest in the situation and circumstances of the hidden female. My one casual glimpse of her person, my ignorance of her name, her objects in concealment, and the causes which led to it, combined to throw an air over the whole situation, to which I cannot apply any other name than romantic, and tended to tinge my mind with a colouring that I must, I think, venture to call chivalric.

There are, certainly, moments in life, when, though we may wish, may labour, to be common-place in our sensations, and matter-of-fact in our conduct, we cannot succeed. A tide of feeling will rush upon us, too powerful for the dykes and mounds raised up by reason and philosophy. Our minds sink under the flood of weakness—if it be so—which flows warmly over, impregnating, and probably purifying,

excey thought. For these moments may surely becomsidered as our best, the true intervals of enjoyment, when we throw off the thraldom of social restrictions, and revel alone in a boundless realm of freedom and romance. It is in such times that the imagination fixes on some object, with an interest more than real-an eneggerated intensity, creating an atmosphere around, and giving to the meanest things within its influence, a character not properly their own; as the fragrance of the rose envelops, and might seem to breath from the veriest weed that erawls beneath it. And such was the state of feeling which produced for the Cagot family a degree of consideration on my part, that was due to my excited interest for the unknown female, to whose fate they seemed allied, and in whom all my thoughts were centered for the while.

I had slept too much during the day to be inclined for a further indulgence in that vital but, to me, most irksome loss of time and sagrifice of useful thought. Besides, as night

approached I felt all my anxious curiosity. increase, as if it were the most probable time: for the arrival of the expected new comers; half promised by those cautious warnings of the pilgrim, which the girl's monition confirmed. I lay, therefore, wide awake, in spite of the strong recommendations and anxious wishes to the contrary on the part of my two nurses; for while the old one strove to put me to sleep by the lullaby of her advice, the young one frequently listened at the door to ascertain its effects upon me. Finding this state of perturbed idleness insufferably wearisome, and that my tide of appetite was fairly on the flow, I at length declared loudly to the woman that I was determined to get up and partake of somesupper in the next room. I gave no time for the expression of the discontent or alarm which: I knew this announcement must excite; for I followed it up rapidly by a soothing speech, addressed to both the women, whom I had summoned to the door of my closet from the outer room, where they had been silently keeping watch—not for my wants alone, but, as I
shrewdly conjectured, for the arrival looked for
as well by them as by me.

"I am, you see, resolved to get up, my good women," said I, " so there is no use whatever in attempting to dissuade me. But have no alarm; I am neither inclined nor able to do any harm to any one, or to interrupt, in any way, the persons whom I know you expect. I shall sit by the fire, and promise you to neither look, nor listen for any information which you or the lady may be anxious to keep from me. Neither will I take any notice whatever of who comes, or who goes-your own words, my girl. But I cannot lie here any longer-I am cramped and wearied; and I must have something to eat, I don't care what, for I am hungry enough to devour any thing. So now do you, my kind dame, prepare whatever you can give me; and you, my lass, go to the lady beyond, and tell her to have no apprehension, but, on the contrary, to rely upon my good wishes and anxiety to serve her if in my power."

My discourse concluded, the women whispered a moment together, and the old one merely saying, "Very well, Sir, we will do as you like"—they went to fulfil the offices severally assigned to them.

Well pleased with myself for my exertion, and with them for their compliance, I was soon equipped, and seated by the fire in the outer room, which I avoid calling the kitchen, only from the fear of degrading (in the reader's imagination) the principal apartment of the hut. The old mistress of the place began, with every appearance of good will, to prepare somewhat for the satisfaction of my palate. As animal food was not, in her estimation, adapted to my imperfectly recovered state, she sought to furnish me with a more innocent diet; and she accordingly brought forth from a little recess in the wall, a vessel of goat's milk, which lay, till wanted, in a stream of water, cold as the

rock it sprang from, which flowed in perpetual course down a channel within the house. A portion of this pure milk, was placed in an earthen vessel to boil, and while it was giving notice of the coming fermentation, my hostess added a couple of wooden spoonsful of the flour of the large grained Asiatic wheat, called generally with us, I believe, Indian corn; but, in the South of France, ble d'Espagne. While the perridge thickened and simmered, a little cassonade (brown sugar) was sprinkled over, a bit of cinnamon flung in, and a tea spoonful of orange flower water (brought from the secret chamber) added by the girl—and finally a brown soup-plate full of the whole composition was placed before me, forming, as the old woman vivaciously exclaimed, "a mess of cruchade, for which any poor Cagot might fairly sell his birth-right." I really could not help thinking so too, as I swallowed this excellent preparation, considering that the common heritage of a Cagot is degradation and distress, less

palatable than even the meanest preparation of the cruchade, as it is generally eaten, simply with salt, and without any of the delicate appliances which flavoured mine. A couple of eggs posched (my own share of the cookery), and a salad, of wild chicory, onions, and beet-root, completed my supper-which was also, be it remembered, my breakfast and dinner; and I began to yawn and stretch out my legs and arms, in the true after-enjoyment of a simple and hearty meal, when all the extended thews and sinews of body and limbs were suddenly contracted and braced up, by the sound of rapid and loud whisperings in the secret chamber. . i Ob.

I looked around me. The old woman sat₁at one corner of the fire-place—the cat at the other—both eying me with feline scrutiny. The girl had disappeared; and I was satisfied that the whispered interchange of sounds within was between her and the mysterious female. While the girl had sat near me a few minutes before,

imuffled up and mute, I could not help from time to time drawing comparisons in my own mind, between her sluggard gesture and position, and the graceful figure I had seen in the same place the preceding night, its speaking attitude and eloquent contour, as the pilgrim 'recited his stirring communication. This mental 'contrast was no infringement of the compact made with the women of the hut; and as long as I abstained from asking or seeking information on the secret object of my curiosity, I felt free to cogitate as much as I thought proper. But all my occupation in that way was put an end to by the whispering within—and all my scrupulous forbearance in such cases was put in peril by the increasing loudness in which one of the voices indulged.

[&]quot;thought I. "Is she, after all, concealed here for some intrigue of passion, not of politics—
stome violent termagant, fallen foul at last of her

poor stupid Cagot confidente?—and who knows that she may not have been making free with the brandy bottle!"

This climax of horrible conjecture thrilled through every fibre of my enthusiasm, and I started up to take refuge in my bed from such fancies, and the still increasing sounds which fed them. The old woman saw and seemed to approve my intention; and I was hurrying off, when a totally new turn was given to my feel-? ings, by the conviction that one or two words' which struck upon my ear proceeded from the? The sight of a foot-print was voice of a man. not more startling to Crusoe in his desert island than was this sound to me-but from a different c cause, for my sensations were purely those of pleasure. I shook off at once the load! of more tifying misgivings which had begun to oppress me; and, satisfied that my secret heroine was ; better employed than I had for a moment famuu cied her, I only hastened my movements to bedize where I was less likely to be an interruption to what was going on, or to acquire any unfair knowledge of it.

. As. I hurried into bed, a thousand different notions rushed upon me. The first was, that it must have been the pilgrim, who was come back. to the hut; but I abandoned that, from the conviction, that he would not have avoided seeing me, in the first instance, nor have stolen in by a hack door or window, as this new visitor must have done. I next thought that it might be some one of the Spanish patriots-perhaps Mina himself—come to this rendezvous to meet his : French partisans, for strong notions existed at the time, that the victorious chief would push forward his successes, and even attempt an invasion of France. But I abandoned this fancy, as soon as formed—for it appeared too extravagant a risk. My conjectures were all, however, much interrupted, and my efforts to keep in ignorance of the strange person thwarted, by the seemingly careless and joyous tone with

which he loudly talked, as if despising conceal-

My door was of that loose construction, common to such lowly habitations as the one which I occupied. It was impossible to close it, so as to shut out even the imperfect sounds of voices in the other part of the house, and my attempts at humming a tune, talking to Ranger, and haranguing the old woman, were not sufficient to keep me from an occasional involuntary acquirement of information as to my fellow occupants of the Cagot's hut. The voice of the stranger was manly but delicate—the tone high but not boisterous - the accent good, and the pronunciation pure Parisian-a very agreeable contrast to the rude patois of the Cagot family, the provincial twang of the pilgrim, and the serjeant's Gascon drawl. I was satisfied, at any rate, that though ignorant of the who? as to the stranger's identity, I might answer the what? by saying "a gentleman;" and as to the why? and the wherefore? of his present visit, I left

There was also something in the varied modulations of his voice that convinced me he was a young man; and I had made up my mind, even without other proofs of tenderness, that he was a lover. I set him down for my heroine's hero and mine, and though sometimes unlucky in these allotments of character, I was this time, at least, not wrong.

The first words I heard in a connected phrase clearly related to myself, and they were probably meant to meet my ear distinctly, as the door of the secret room evidently lay a little open.

"Yes, yes, my Malvide, you may safely rely on his being no enemy of yours or mine. His aiding to seize that ruffian is sufficient proof you are justified in your confidence—so let us not dream of dangers, but indulge in hope and joy."

gine nothing evil;" murmured a half suppress-

a confused and tender interchange of sounds, which no doubt spoke volumes to the lovers, but told me nothing. Their garrulous babbling went on with great animation for full an hour, a broken sentence reaching me at intervals, in my own despite, but betraying nothing, for I carefully avoided the context. But it was clear to me that the lovers were placed in some difficulty and peril more than common, although it has been seen that they seemed agreed to scout all notions of danger.

Finding it impossible to sleep, I had taken from my knapsack what I may justly call my common-place-book, for it consisted of scraps of all kinds, in prose and rhyme, rough sketches in pencil, and memoranda of expenses; and I was beguiling the time by noting down, as was my custom, some hints for future expansion, when I heard the chords of the guitar I had before observed, swept with a masterly and animating touch, which gave a tone and character to that instrument, that I had only from time to

time heard equalled by some Spanish professors, but never knew approached by a performer of any other nation than their's.

After several bold and varied preludes and voluntaries, the young stranger, for it was plainly the touch of a manly hand, played with considerable effect some popular Spanish airs, among others, "Riego's March," that most stirring composition, connecting the name of one of Spain's purest patriots, with the splendid actions of what, at that time, falsely appeared to be the Spanish nation.

While the performer played, my heroine (or rather let me call her Malvide, to prove the better acquaintance of myself and my readers with her), Malvide could not suppress the frequent expression of her delight; and when he struck the final chord of the march he had three or four times repeated, she said something, with an air of entreaty, to which he replied,

"To be sure, to be sure, though my voice has been latterly in a ruder kind of practice."

"A new sympliony sounded softly from the strings, and a voice of manly molody sungrammer, which was to me quite new, though bearing all the character of those Seguidilas, of Moorish origin, which are so peculiar to Spain, and which unite such a harmony of plaintive and simple tenderness.

Malvide seemed as much pleased as I was with this new specimen of her lover's talent, for she honoured it with full half a dozen encores; and as I could not then resist attempting to score it down in my book, I hope I may be excused transplanting it into the one I am now writing, even should it (which I do not believe) have already found its way into print in England.*

* I have observed that the very air I here intended to have given to my readers, has found its way into one of the late numbers of the "National Melodies," with words which have put me so much out of conceit with my own imitation of the original Spanish ones, that prudence, as well as justice, tells me to omit the song altogether.

and The words are a sort of imitation of those which I caught imperfectly from the performer; ler gather a paraphrase of the ideas, for I could start eather their expression connectedly and a sit and wanging oldenic than a second or the ideas of the ideas, for I could shall a sit a

Majorde en con con en communia for emplis de communia de communica de c

The wind the first of the second of the seco

face to the wall, and throwing up my shouldenaa projection, when I caught a glimpse of the girl of the house, putting her hooded head into the room.

"Are you awake, Bir ?" asked she, and 1

thought a fitter was mired with the question.

CHAPTER X.

W No," answered I, sukily, rather offended

at the impertinence, without considering that

WHILE I was still occupied in noting down the song, for some time after the voice and instrument had ceased, my imperfect knowledge of music not keeping pace with the performer's fine execution, I was roused from my task by a gentle knock at the door, which rather startled me, as the old woman always bustled in very unceremoniously. The notion that it might be the stranger, glanced across my mind. "Give yourself the trouble to come in," said I, in the courteous but overstrained parlance of the country, and I sat bolt upright in my bed, to receive my visitor with all due honours but down I sank again very quickly, turning my

face to the wall, and throwing up my shoulder as a protection, when I caught a glimpse of the girl of the house, putting her hooded head into the room.

"Are you awake, Sir?" asked she, and I thought a titter was mixed with the question.

"No," answered I, sulkily, rather offended at the impertinence, without considering that any rapid retreat beneath the bed-clothes, was visible enough.

hughing fairly out, "for there is a gentleman in the house who wished much to pay his respects to you."

The nativeté of the girl's tone, and the quaint patois idiom, were of themselves sufficient to remewe my ill humour; but the announcement of the visit I had half anticipated consummated the return of my composure, and I broke cover, as I may call it, still more rapidly than I had sought refuge.

gas shew kim in by all means-he does me

infinite honour—I am broad awake, and shall be enchanted to see him," exclaimed I, in a breath, bouncing out of bed. The girl took flight precipitately, and I commenced dressing; but before I had made much progress, a bolder knock at the door announced my visitor, and he entered simultaneously with my movement to admit him.

The moment I saw his face I knew it for one that had somewhere before been familiar to me; more I did not recollect. It was evident that the recognition was reciprocal, and he soon proved that his memory possessed more retail qualities than mine, which only had the power of wholesale recollection.

"This is indeed, Sir," said the stranger, putting forth his hand, "an unexpected and may to me prove a fortunate meeting. I little thought, when I last had the pleasure of seeing you with our friend Vinaroz, that our next rencontre should be in these wild scenes."

I shook with much cordiality the proffered

hand: bfor the mention of my friend at, price brought too mind, that I really had metathia ywwgiman difore than once, a few months bed foreizat his hospitable mansion, near Parisa where was frequently united all that was disting mished and respectable among Vinaroa's equal taymer, (for he was a Spaniard,) with much of other nations, that was talented and liberal m hadimiself was both. Among the many Frenchmen of reputation I was there in the habit of mixing with, several were unknown to me by name, and such was the case with the stranger, His frankness soon put an end to my fears that Is had before known his name and now forgot it; for he continued to speak, after my short, reply to his salutation. but Although we have never been formally instructured, the house in which we have before poir aspeciated, is a guarantee to both that we man freely trust in each other; but the circumstances that have thrown us together would heyen justified the confidence. I meant to give

you, even when I supposed that I had never biss seen you before."

I did not perhaps quite agree with this generous opinion; but as I had no confidence to give and all to receive, I did not check his enthusiasm—certain that I could not be betrayed, and that he should not. I therefore said, for I saw that he waited for my reply,

"Depend upon it, you are safe in whatever you may say to me. I pledge my honour not not to abuse your good opinion, and I shall be happy to be of service to you;—but I must in candour premise that I am pretty sure I know a good deal of your present purposes." He stared wide at this. "That is," continued I, " as far as they are connected with your visit here, no more. For instance, I know there is a lady concealed in the house, whom you are come to visit, and with whom you have passed the last two hours—but whatever your connection may be I know not, and I have no wish to pry into so delicate a secret."

He pressed my hand with warmth in his, and nevei said,

"You are right so far; I freely confess it. My visit here was to the lovely person whose concealment you have discovered. But I cannot tell you more at present: you know but half the fact; nor can I confide all just now, for reasons arising solely from her feelings-mine would prompt me to tell every thing, for I hate a half confidence, and your conduct in this house entitles you to ours most fully."

"Pray do not go further—" said I; "I am better pleased to know only what I do-if at any future time, when you know me better, you and your fair friend may think well of giving me your entire confidence, my self-esteem will be more gratified than would be my curiosity in possessing it now."

"Well, well, then," said he, "since you consent to our reserve, and make yourself a party to it, you must not reproach me hereafter

if you find that it has been greater than you above the middle height, but he did just pass

"I shall freely acquit you of every thing unfair or unhandsome."

"Good! the time is fast approaching, then perhaps to-morrow—when I may require your aid in furthering my happiness and securing her safety. Things are in a distracted state just dime that or here—events come on fast and hotly—a crisis is at hand—and my fate is in the balance."

This was spoken with that air which accomrigidly which panies the utterance of things that the speaker forgets are known only to himself-when the mind is abroad, looking widely into "coming events," and enveloped, as it were, in the shadows which they cast before them. The stranger seemed for a moment possessed with that unconsciousness, the frequent distinction of high minds and ardent spirits. He paused for a few minutes, and he looked as if he held communion with mighty aspirations. " I had almost forgotion.

I marked him as he stood. He was scarcely above the middle height, but he did just pass it. He was dark complexioned, and his profusion of black hair, whiskers, and mustachios, would have given, perhaps, an air of fierceness to his countenance, had it not been softened by a warm glow upon his cheek, and a brilliancy of eye quite foreign to aught of violence. His muscular form assorted well with the half military undress, a grey frock coat and vest, black handkerchief, and pantaloons of dark green, edged with scarlet. He wore short boots which shewed marks of rough travelling, and inside his frock I perceived a black belt, but it had no weapon then.

He soon recovered from the fit of abstraction which had absorbed him, and he accepted my offer of the only chair which the room contained, my sketch-book and lamp being removed from it to the little table. I sat down on the bedside, and he spoke:

"I had almost forgotten you, or rather I

should say myself, in the vast field of thought which opened suddenly before me; but I must come back to mere personal considerations-yet that notion is not so narrow as to embrace myself alone. No, there is one other person combined with every feeling of my heart, more than myself, whose safety and well-being is dearermuch dearer than mine-need I point out the person more clearly?" yam I tally bue yasha "No, no," said I, "I want no further clue for the labyrinth of your sensations." 15 Tis well-you understand me-and I am satisfied. Every hour that passes is pregnant with events that are to us of infinite importance. The mighty struggle now going on, between Reason and Freedom on the one hand, and Bigotry and Despotism on the other, involves us in its career, so intimately and so deeply, that our fate is in suspense till that of Spain is decided. At present all looks well. The good cause triumphs-the really righteous causethat of Virtue and Justice in all their grandest ellaneatts and attributes, against the gross abuses which lostrage nature and degrade mankind. All may continue well-but reverses may be at hand, and the threatening aspect of this frontier army, gives cause for apprehension. Promptness and cenergy may be required in the measures which I and the object of my cares must take. Aid may be necessary to secure her safety, and that I may find alone from some stranger's hand. I would not compromise you in aught, but I do not hesitate to ask you to hold yourself ready for a day or two, should your time and your health permit, to assist in any step which may become expedient, to serve the lady in question, and which she herself may point out."

"I pledge myself to do so," answered I, unhesitatingly.

"You relieve my mind, then," replied he, from the only fear that could oppress it, in this season of triumph and in this brief and stolen visit of love and happiness. One honour-

able man fitth whom she may obtain the protection I may be unable to afford, was alone required-and all that has passed since your arrival here forbids me to doubt that I have found such .a one in you." 11. 5.2 51 I bowed my acknowledgment of the compliment, and he shook my hand firmly as he went on. Mow then one concluding entreaty, and pray do not take it ill. It is, that you will not seek to discover more of my beloved one's secret than she has already permitted me to divulge-that you will not attempt to see her, nor interfere with her in any way, till my return, or a letter from me may authorise your full acquaintance-but that you will continue the course of conduct, while you are here, which has already gained you so much esteem and gratitude."

- " I freely promise all that you demand," was my reply.
- "I have nothing more to require," said he.
 "And now you will excuse my saying, adieu.
 Time is precious, and it presses fast. Every

regnerit passed away from my Malvide, is, to my Relings, so much lost. You will not take this MI but make allowances still greater than I but ask for a while. Before the dawn I must be away from hence. This neighbourhood is alive with dangers—but before I set out I may again disturb you, to trespass on you with my parting acknowledgments, and final request for the protection of her who is so dear to me."

After the interchange of a few words, he quitted the room; and I had just laid myself down upon the bed, when he returned.

'"" There is one point more," said he, "on which I did not think it necessary to touch, but where political opinions are in doubt, one should not, in these times, take any thing for granted. I might safely make an exception, I think, with regard to you; but you cannot be offended at my taking the better course, and ascertaining whether we feel alike on the momentous question which now agitates the world."

I was about to reply, but he continued—
"Permit me one observation. From the society in which I have been in the habit of meeting you I am quite sure you are on the side of all that is liberal in Europe; but I remember to have heard you on one occasion express yourself strongly against some of the measures of the French Revolution, and you know how much the present ones of Naples, Piedmont, and Spain, are identified with that.

"So much the worse," interrupted I, for he was inclined to continue—"So much the worse for it and them; as its atrocities are thus brought in full contrast with their splendid moderation, at once blasting it by comparison, and degrading them by contact. Excuse me," said I, for he was about to speak, "if I entreat you not to let us commence a political discussion. Your time must not be wasted, nor our good understanding endangered. I see to what your inquiries point. You fear that, should we differ in opinion, my conduct towards

the interesting object of your solicitude might be affected?"

He nodded assent.

"Make your mind easy on that head." I the most servile of the Serviles in my political creed, my private conduct would not be changed and were yours the odious character that I have supposed possible for myself, I would still in this matter act towards you faithfully and cordially. But be quite convinced that in all that is essential we think alike. You love liberty, and hate tyranny-so do I. wish for triumph, great and lasting, to the liberal cause in Spain-my wishes and hopes are your's. And further let me add, that had I lived at the birth-day of the French Revolution, I should have hailed it with the same enthusiasm with which I glorify the dawn that even now breaks over Spain;—but should this in its progress sink into the excesses which have eternized the infamy of that, I would execrate the one as I do the other. My ardent prayer is,

example of the past is the best guarantee for that which is to come. Let Spain march on in all the magnificence of her present progress; and should even overwhelming force throw her back again into the depths of darkness and disgrace, better lie so till the fitting hour of regeneration arrives, than gain a freedom defiled by crimes, whose brand sinks deeper than that of slavery itself,—a freedom which must disappear in rapid and loathsome extinction, as the gleams of pratreacency expire in the rottenness by which they are engendered."

Such, or nearly such, were the words, and certainly it was the tenor, of the reply which I made to my unknown catechist. It is not necessary to record his rejoinder, for it did not bear in any way on the course of the events in which we were now parties. He almost immediately left me; and I soon heard him in deep converse with her who was, for the time being at least, his world.

that such only not to the mean of the for that evans.

The real to the control of the control of the short of the control of t

rally reverted to the subject of this last interview. I entered on a train of reflection on the singular chances which had thus again brought into contact two men, not known to each other, even by name, yet between whom the very germ of a casual acquaintance, seemed at once to ripen into friendship; for I had no reason to doubt the stranger's sentiments towards me, and Incould answer for the sincerity of those which he had excited. And thus, perhaps, it is that the best and most solid attachments of life are, in their very formation, cemented and confirmed, by some secret sympathy which defies

our research, and our ignorance of which makes us marvel at our own facility, and that of the object who so readily admits and returns that regard. And probably the philosophy of practice teaches that thus our friendships should he formed—by impulse, not on calculation—and bartering the best emotions of the heart for a speculative return—not seeking objects for our sympathy, nor choosing them for qualities that really place them out of its range; but following the feeling, that fixes our friendships as if by predestined doom—and letting our hearts imbibe the generous flow, like plants that instinctively open to the dew-shower which fills them with fruitfulness and bloom.

Let those who have gone out into the widefield of life on such a search as I have supposed; examine the result of the selections they may have made. Let them recollect the checks, which have withered their budding hopes—the disappointments which have chilled their cultured expectations;—and then they will perhape repose with fresh delight upon the few yet invaluable friendships which have sprung from chance meetings, and often forced their way through all the obstacles of opposing tastes, opinions, and pursuits. But I must not processed so illogically as to anticipate the corollary of my argument, while the premises are yet unproved. Rather let me return to the subject of my story, and shew how my connection with its hero led to the digression I have too long industed in.

constructed as my readers will allow, no small construct to be pleased with my own sagacity, in being conjectured the hut to be the haunt of some of the persons connected with the political intrigues known at that time to be in progress. This contained known at that time to be in progress. This contained known at all but avowed himself to be involved in some such, and I did not hesitate inclocking from him as a delegate from the discontained krench, and the medium of communication between them, and the patriots of Spain. So far I was satisfied as to his political

character; but my own opinions on public matters in no way influenced or interfered with the sentiments which led me to regard my new acquaintance as no common one. Accordance, or dissent, on points of this kind, happily interfere but seldom with individual attachments; for true liberality can draw the fine between opinions and feelings, and thus separate the public from the private man.

But I was infinitely more at a loss when I attempted to account to myself for the embarrassment in which my new friend and his fair companion were involved. I hazarded several conjectures on the subject, which were all at variance with each other, and none satisfactory in itself; and I put an end to the fruitless intricacy of this guess-work, by a fervent prayer that, maid, wife, or widow, my heroine might get safely through her perils, and prove worthy of the guardianship that watched her.

All this while the night was passing overrapidly enough, even for me, but how much faster for the couple with whom the hours were but as moments, yet every moment a long age of bliss—who neither counted the sands in the glass of Time, nor heard the flapping of his wings! The lovers were better employed. They were making the most of the brief interval snatched from their difficulties, be they what they might; and I fancied the breaks in their murmured conversation to be filled up by those looks and sighs, which speak a language more expressive, and more eloquent, than that of words.

The moment of separation at length arrived; it was within an hour of dawn, and the stranger left his mistress's chamber, and came to wish me a hasty farewell. Very few words passed between us. He was evidently affected by the parting which had just taken place—he had, like all lovers in like circumstances, out-staid his time—and he had little to say to me but the repetition of his hopes for my assistance should it be required, and a renewed entreaty, that

until I saw or heard from him I would not, in any circumstances, approach the secret chamber, nor interfere with its mysterious and interesting occupant.

I said just enough to satisfy, but not detain him. My lamp, which had been calculated for the actual duration of darkness, was growing rapidly dim, and promised not to outshine the stars. Its murky beam allowed just light enough to give my visitor a clear passage from my room into the one outside, and I saw him pause a moment at the opposite door, as if he gave so much breathing time to the firmness which he summoned to support his final parting. But a counter-current was at hand to oppose the tide of resolution which he expected to set in. As he stopped thus for a while, with one hand pressed against his head, the other on his heart, the door opened, and the female whom I had seen the night before, less dimly even then than now, came gently from the room, and clasped his manly figure in her arms. The embrace was

firstle were answered by soothing tones from her better, and after a time she retired into the room again, he closing the door, and then girling a sword around him, and fixing a brace of pistols in his belt; he next flung a short cloak across his shoulders, placed a military looking travelling cap on his head, and crossing towards the first-place was lost to my sight; and I soon heard the old woman rise from her bed and bolt the door, as this adventurous lover bent his way into the dreary paths, which were to lead to purposes and pursuits to me a mystery.

I lay down again, but scarcely expecting to sheep. Fatigued, however, by my previous indisposition and want of rest, I soon fell into a doze, from which I was awoke by the almost suffocating funter of my expiring lamp, which I had forgot to extinguish, and which was now dying, in any offour but that of sweetness or sanctity. I arose hastily, took down the piece of board, which

dicted the part of a shutter to my window, opened the casement, and put the lamp outside. It was not yet dawn; the air was not cold, for a finited might had succeeded to the bad and boisterous weather of the few preceding days. I felt relieved by the stream of freshness which seemed to flow into my confined and heated closet; and I no sooner returned to my: lying position, than the influence of this new atmosphere procured me the sleep which nature had before sought for in vain.

Telept as if I were never to awake again, an littler torpor seemed to have seized on medical heither stirred from one posture, nor did a desam ripple the surface of repose, in which my spirit seemed to be steeped. I awoke, however, but it was as if by force. I felt my mind struggling to get free from the sloth which clogged it, and the sense of hearing was the natural condition through which my brain was acted on 15045. I gradually came into consciousness, it seemed as if enchantment surrounded me; and held intelling

A strain of wild and broken music chine now and then upon the breeze, distantiat first, but repeated in louder strains, then dying away, in lengthened vibrations, and again returninglinghore and varied sounds, it is the property of doll sat up in my bed, and looked, out, of the inpen window. The mists had cleared away from preci the ravine, and the rocky mountains at the other side, seemed to have approached the cottage by full one half their apparent, distance The little hovel which the preceding day. served for a barrack to Serjeant Passepartout land his detachment, stood out in bolder and member relief, and every object displayed the reffect of the changeful atmosphere of this eleinvited region. I arose, in momentary doubt of and that I saw and heard, for it seemed as if blancy was:playing one of its deceptive freaks, Tand that I still slept. But sight and hearing repeated their evidences of reality. As I satistiched out of my window and looked abroad, nall the desolate features of the scene appeared in

only a closer monotony; and I heard in louder sounds the repetition of the music, which I now knew to be bugle blasts, sent back in mimic melody from the hills.

I at first supposed them to proceed from the station, occupied by my friend the serjeant; but I soon ascertained them to come from another and more distant quarter; and I distinctly saw Passepartout and his ten men, without any instrument of martial music, drawn up as if on parade, with all their arms and accoutrements in full marching order. I hastily threw on the remainder of my dress, and passed by the window out into the garden, from the farther extremity of which, a clear view was to be obtained, not only of the ravine, but of all the surrounding space. To my great surprise, I distinguished upon all the little paths leading down the hills in the direction of Gedro, a number of men, scattered in small groups or coming singly along. These I at once discovered to be Spaniards, and a little while confirmed my supposition that they formed a portion of the army of the Faith, having united their straggling bands, and being about to re-enter Spain, by the unfrequented, and, as it appeared, unguarded pass which lay before me.

There was infinite variety and animation in the scene I gazed on. The sun shone out brightly on the peaks, and the snow glistened in his rays. Lower down, the dark shadows of the rocks, or patches of pine wood, contrasted with the brightness above; and, mixed in the sunshine and the shade, were the figures of the Spaniards, of whom I counted above a hundred, in their ragged yet romantic costume, all carrying musquets, pikes, or other weapons. Two or three bugles sounded at intervals, calling in the stragglers to the grand point of reunion, and frequently new objects were seen peering forth from the scanty covers of copse or furze, through which they forced a way, to fall in with the more beaten track.

A party had already halted at the opening of

the gorge, in which the but was situate, and just Where the noisy waterfall deposited its from waves in a basin, from which they flowed in impid and silent streams fito the valley. That seemed to be the rallying point for the assembling Spaniards, and it had all the air of thead duarters to these strolling bands: "Several mules were standing, heavily laden with baskets and bales of different dimensions; three or four tents were already pitched; and others were about to be constructed. These were all of rude materials, blankets, carpets and the like; and they formed a clumsy and mis-shapen parody upon a military encampment. A number of monks, women and children, sat or lay upon the ground, some apparently asleep, others eating, drinking, or occupying themselves about their Section 1866 with a meliscanty baggage.

On a rocky elevation about three or four hindred yards in advance of this encumpment, but not so far from me, a group caught fify attention. It consisted of six or seven persons,

in better and more completely military catting the Best of who surrounded and scamed perpestly to listen to the observations of one why differed from them all in costume and Mhose height also made him remarkable. This H ascertained to be Eather Munoz, in the full thabiliments of his order, who had, it appeared, suggeded in his plans for rallying some of his followers, and was now on the point of executing his daring and desperate project of thostilely recrossing the frontier. Much as I differed from this monk, in principles and appinions, I could not look without interest, hupon so striking a specimen of fanatic feryour, hravery, and benevolence; a strange combination of powerful feelings, with high intellect; and forming a character, the most extraordinary with which I had ever come in contact. moThe situation in which I now observed him, presented an aspect of peculiar power and yariety. He evidently filled the part of military chief, and his functions seemed as various as

they were uncongenial with his age and profession. He appeared to unite in himself all the duties of commander with those of adjutant and quarter-master general combined. time, he reconnoitred with his spy-glass the distant heights, then he looked towards the baggage, and instantly one of the surrounding group hastened to the spot, where the bustle announced some movement, in obedience to the orders issued. Again he pointed towards particular points, leading to the pass through which his advance was to be attempted, and detachments of his little force quickly moved forwards, under the direction of some one from the party composing his personal staff. this seemed effected by an active yet composed attention on his part, and a ready obedience in those who served his orders, indicative of a share of discipline that must have proceeded alone from the respect in which this holy chieftain was held.

A strong contrast to his zealous and ardent

measures was presented in the lazy and luxurious air of his brother monks, who were reclined in indolent enjoyment, if it could be called so, partaking every thing but their trouble with the worn out and wretched women of the party; or some riding up to the rendezvous, while the females, more delicate, but not so weak, plodded on beside their mules, burdened and bowed down, by their young children, or large packages of clothes or provender.

Father Munoz having made all his preparatory arrangements for his enterprize, with an apparent combination of boldness and caution, placed his advanced parties at their posts, and assigned to the whole their several stations and order of march; and next, to my great surprise and no little satisfaction, he quitted his party, and alone took the path which led up to the hut. I could not doubt his visit being meant for me, and I was grateful for this anticipated recollection of his patient, while I admired the good feeling that could, at a moment of such impor-

white to himself and his devoted band, prompt a step which could alone, as I thought, have attisen from a pure sense of duty; and with when I found in a little time that other motives were mixed with that, it did not lessen inty esteem.

"The movement most natural to these feelings was to go forward to meet him, and I proceeded to put it into execution. I was about to return 'to my room, by the way I had come out, namely "through the window, no door being visible to me, at the rear of the house. But in looking towards the window, which belonged to the secret chamber, with a punctilious avoidance of a scrutiny that might see through it, I was struck by observing an object, which confirmed my whole mass of former suspicion and coniecture. This was no other than a small machine, evidently telegraphic, of a construction which I did not understand, but which was garnished with balls and ribbons of different colours, and was actually in busy motion,

worked by hidden, hands, and strings from the window, which my scrupulous regard to my promise prevented my more closely examining. This political or amorous instrument, for the communication of facts or feelings, was quite close to the hut, but so low as not to overtop it, and so slender and small in all its proportions, to be invisible from a very short distance, nwithout the aid of a telescope—and such, I , had no doubt was steadily fixed upon it that moment, and perhaps upon me as well, thought I. I am not quite sure, whether or not this last notion had its effect in hastening my retreat, but I very quickly passed into my bed-room, and through it into the kitchen. I was somewhat surprised to see it quite tenantless. was no sign of any member of the family except the cat, which held its silent watch in the chimmay corner, beside the unexpired embers of the might, and took no notice of my and Ranger's nintrusion beyond the bristling line upon its back, which marked its rising choler-and which, if borne by many a more reasoning, but not less irrational being, would be in a state of perpetual elevation. Had it not been for the silent testimony of the little telegraph, I should have believed myself sole occupant of the hut, but although the Cagot proprietors had disappeared, I felt too anxious for the interests of her whom I believed to remain, to allow of my running any risk to her prejudice, by the admission of Father Munoz. I therefore quitted the house, and walked down the path by which he was rapidly ascending.

I saluted him cordially, but with respect, taking off my hat, and addressing a few words of welcome, and thanks for the good advice, which had been so effectual in my recovery. He returned my salutation, as if his mind was fixed on other matters; and when he came close to me, he mechanically stretched out his hand, not to shake mine, but to feel my pulse. While his right hand was thus employed, his left held up his long sabre in its brass sheath, and also a

erucifix, fixed to a wooden handle of about four medium fixed to a wooden handle of about four medium fixed long. A brace of huge horse pistols and a spy-glass were in his belt, which was also fixed with rolls of paper stuck thickly into it.

His cassock was tucked up all round, as high as bin knees, and his long sinewy legs were thus displayed maked, but for the straps of his spar-tilles—and this, with the other parts of his dress before described, completed the marching and fighting costume of this singular chieftain.

When he had satisfied himself that my pulse was right, that is, supposing that he really thought about it at all, he dropped my hand abruptly, and said to me, looking all the while far above me, and into the distant peaks of the mountains, as I thought,

Sir, I am glad you are well. I was desirous to see you, and have my hopes confirmed, as they now are. Nothing more is necessary, but to follow nature and trust in Heaven. And now let me fairly own to you that other motives besides my good wishes for you, urged my visit

to this hut! In the first place, you have, I know, a gun, useless for awhile to you, but which, in other hands just now, might be of infinite assistance to the great cause of religion and loyalty, which I am in the act of servings You understand me,"-continued he, pointing towards his encampment-" Will you lend me this valuable weapon, taking my good faith is security for its safe return, as soon as I have repassed our frontier line, and chastised the rebel bands that would interrupt my progress?" "My good father and very worthy physician," answered I, "as your request is made with candour, I must refuse it without reserve. In the first place—opposed as I am to your attempt, however I may esteem your motives; anxious for your failure, though I personally regard you; wishing well to your enemies, while they are individually unknown to me-I cannot voluntarily contribute, in ever so trifling a degree, to your triumph and their defeat. In the next place-"

I takebugh, enough interrupted he, and his lefty, tone, and on the came principle. I suppose which induced blenry IV of France to plus which induced blenry IV of France to plus which induced blenry IV of France to plus which induced blenry it of France to plus which induced blenry who did not salute his approach with a discharge of artillery, the first being that he had no cannon. **Enough I it during which marks your refusal: nor would I decept your gun if your compliance had revolted your conscience."

And besides," said I, wishing to soften the absolute rigour of my denial, "you have, it seems, no enemy to contend with, and your followers appear all well armed."

Why, answered he, calmly, "my followers are armed, but not well. They have had their weapons returned to them from the neighbouring French depot; but let that pass. And so you think my enterprize is without difficulty, and that I shall not be opposed? Look yonder!"

With these words he arranged his spy-glass, gave it into my hand, and pointed to a distant part of the mountains that lay dark in the shade of Mount Perdu, which towered above all the others. I had no sooner placed the glass to my eye, and levelled it in the direction he designed, than to my utter astonishment I discovered the face of the particular hill I looked at alive with men. My heart throbbed with pleasure, for I knew them at once to be the constitutional force of Spain.

Some sudden exclamation escaped me, and the monk observed,

- "You see them then?"
- "I do, indeed," answered I; "and I advise you, my good father, to retrack your steps into the safe shelter of France, nor venture beyond the bounds that will deliver you to the vengeance of yonder heroes."
- "Their vengeance! seek shelter!" cried he, with energy. "Rather let me hurry on to chastise the rebel crew, and drive them before

this consecrated blade, which the most reverend and holy Francis Xavier himself has blessed and bound around me."

With these words he drew out his blade, a real "toledo," of prodigious length, and of apparent corresponding sharpness of point and edge. He swung this formidable weapon over his head, held his crucifix like a standard, high in his other hand, and with his eyes staring forward towards the scene of approaching action, he stood a moment in this menacing, and, I may say, appalling attitude. But I had not the least alarm. Had the ruffian Sanchez been so near, I dare say I should have felt very differently.

The monk recovered from his warlike reverie in a few minutes, and putting up his blade, he asked me if the family of the hut were all from home?

[•] The prelate alluded to was, I suppose, Francis Xavier Mier y Campillo, Bishop of Almeira, and Inquisitor General.

wered I. A single over the second send that remains

"Either you are mistaken;" said the first the some one besides the family is in the house this moment, I think." As he said this, he looked through his glass towards the mountain. I made no immediate reply, but I began to feel seriously uneasy for the person whom I tolerably well knew to be in the house.

Look once more," said he, "and steadily, at yonder point of rocky appearance, just under that large long patch of snow."

I pointed the glass as desired, and in a very little my eye rested on a machine of precisely the same telegraphic appearance as that which was so near us. It appeared busily worked by the figure of a man, who stood close to it. If started with surprise.

" and I am convinced that those signals communicate with the Cagot's hut."

-ng Whyshouldbyou think 1,50 m sked if in a manner that must have looked very like complicity-an my part. . . What was now write! sid In the first place," replied ha, "because L can no where else discover or indeed imagine a returns of this kind of communication; and in the second, because I know that the family are in actual, understanding with yonder odious enemy of What! you are incredulous again? Take the glass once more, and look firmly on that little rugged path, leading up from that garge to the left, and tell me if you recognize an acquaintance." an Again I put this magic glass to my eye, and although expecting some new wonder, I was indeed saurprised to mark the bent yet active form of the old Cagot woman, trudging up the path, in direct course for the Liberal army, not Charles of the Contract of the far out of her reach. Whythe glass has indeed taught me something new, for all these matters were to me most perfect secrets," said Is a lought mar about a community

"I believe it," replied he; "and you will not be now surprised if I should wish to examine that hut."

"Not surprised at your wish, but most unwilling that you should put it into force. I consider myself in some measure the guardian of the house, and all it contains, however unknown to me. I cannot consent to have it examined, but I cannot prevent your entering it by force."

"By force!" exclaimed Father Munoz, "No, not even if I had the right. But we are on French ground, and the right is not mine; so, be satisfied as to the safety of all that is there, whether friends of your's, or our foes. And now I must hasten to my duty, strong in confidence, and confident in faith. Adieu, Sir; and that you may know fully the principles which are my impulse and my support, read this."

He then gave me from his belt a printed paper; and while I read as follows, he wended his way down the path which led him to his post. The continue " Proclamation.

"Soldiers and Children in Jesus Christ.

"By the aid of the Lord, you are about to gain a glory equal to that which your forefathers acquired over the impious Moors. The bells of the temple of God have called forth your valour and your love for our holy religion. Ye have taken up arms, and heaven will favour and forward your undertakings. Ye are about to begin your glorious task of exterminating the troops of the line, militia, and constitutionalists. Continue firm and zealous in your object, and you are more than a match for these perverse and odious wretches. You will imitate your ancestors, who raised the cross on the Spanish soil, in sign of the total destruction of the Moorish race. A new sect, far worse than the infidels of old, now trample into ruins the sacred temple of the only true faith. If you wish indeed to gain the road to heaven, follow me to victory; and look on the standard of the

crucifix which I bear before you, as the basement and guide of your actions upon earth, and of your eternal salvation.

"Sacrifices are dear to the Lord! Christians, I place myself at your head, and together we shall triumph! I lead you on the path to victory; and our enemies, who are the foes of religion and of Christ, shall perish to a man! Let us swear before heaven, and in presence of the image of God, not to lay down our arms before they be exterminated—the philosophers, the troops of the line, and the militia, one and all?"

"Let us cry aloud, and with one voice, and in the name of our Redeemer, Long live the Faith! long live our absolute King!—and, for the safety and the glory of these, blood and flames to every Constitutionalist!

* Monoz, the General multisection of the second solution of the se craciffs which their hetere your as the basement and grade of your persons open earth, and of your energy savisation

I phase to be a second to the decident to the shall grant to the path to the shall grant to the path to the shall grant to the path to the

MHAR I read this very characteristic specimen of christianity as practised, and reflected what it ought to be as professed, following the laudable example of my betters, by letting my commentary far exceed the text in length and obscurity, the reverend and pugnacious author had joined his disciples; and the bugles sounding to arms, the bustle of preparation became general. The fighting men sprang from the earth with alacrity; the women busily commenced to repack and arrange the baggage, strike the tents, and load the mules; while even the ecclesiastical incumbrances showed some signs of activity, as if aroused from their torpor by the inspiration of the scene.

When a pause in the bugle sounds allowed me distinctly to hear the hundred echoes, in which they beautifully died away, a sharper, but not less harmonious strain came from the mountain, distant and faint at first, but swelling, each loud-mouthed cavern caught the tones and sent them downwards. I then knew the spiritstirring trumpet blasts; and, as they vibrated around, I seemed to inhale the very breath of the freedom they proclaimed. The bugles from below loudly answered the defying notes. The trumpets again, and more fiercely than before, Blast succeeded to blast, and echo replied. angrily mocked echo, as if the strained throats of the mortal musicians had given sensation as well as sound to animate the voices of the hills.

During the continuance of this fierce concert, the monk had addressed, and read to his assembled followers, the to them inspiring, but, in my view, the impious proclamation. I could not hear his single voice amidst the clangour of loud sounds, but I clearly saw his violent gestures, at every passage of his extempore speech, mir printed production, which demanded partiunian emphasis. He proved himself in this instance as eloquent as he was zealous and braye, for no sooner had he finished his hasangue, than the collected crowd bore testimony The monk raised his sword to its effect. and crucifix on high, and gave a signal shout, which was joined by full two hundred voices, each vying with the rest in force, Prolonged and repeated yells sent the signals of fanatic zeal into the narrowest and deepest recesses of the mountains, and every rock returned the salute in reverberations that reached the skies. The descending bands of the patriots, now becoming visible in every pass, caught the dving tones, and flung their hoarse shouts upon the vibrating circles of the air, till all the atmosphere seemed filled with sounds, as if thousands of serial sprites were mocking this discordant, yet animating chorus.

I could scarcely calculate the time passed in vol. 1.

these preparatory sounds, which formed anappalling overture to the deadly drama about to be acted. I felt myself so worked upon by the wild and impressive scene, and so interested in the coming contest, that had I been personally involved in its results, I could not have been more alive to the transactions which were passing, or more heedless of the time they consumed.

As the invading party moved steadily upwards to gain the Spanish ground, the patriot defenders of the soil poured down, and took up their position, at a few hundred yards distance from the French line of demarcation. Serjeant Passepartout, and his ten soldiers stood firmly at their post, their regular position only slightly and occasionally disturbed by an impatient attitude or disapproving gesture at some movement of one of the hostile parties.

During this opening of the enterprize I kept near to the hut, following the movements of the opposing parties, with my anxious glances, but turning them frequently towards the window of the secret chamber, in expectation of seeing a female form appear; and as I intently listened to catch the report of the first hostile musket my ear involuntarily turned towards her, whose possible call for assistance I held myself ready to attend. But as the champions of the Faith advanced with apparent resolution, gallantly led on by Father Munoz, and clearly opposed to an enemy of double their number, I could not help feeling for some minutes that interest in the fortunes of the few, so natural even when one considers them as foes; and I went mechanically down the rugged side of the ravine, my gun in hand, following their line of march. I was really startled after a little time, at seeing my near contact with their rearward platoon, and I was brought to my senses by the shame of thus almost identifying myself with it, on hearing the following chorus to a kind of battle song, which the whole party simultaneously chanted, as Father Munoz, having passed the

frontier line, struck his standard upon the earth, and sounded the key note of the martial air, to which the wretched words were adapted.

las stalk. The tighting man intropolity moted out

Murieron los Liberals,

Murio la Constitucion,

Porque viva el Rey Fernando

Con la Patria y Religion!

Let the Liberals die,

And their Code let it perish!

That the King, with the Faith,

And the Country, may flourish.

to followed the worters, not resting on the

Brought to my recollection by the besotted bigotry of this stanza, I stopped short, and resumed my proper character of a distant observer of the scene. I sat upon a rock, which gave me an ample view of the hut, and allowed me to mark distinctly the progress of Father Munoz's band, the movements of the constitutionals, and the conduct of Serjeant Passepartout and his neutral party.

Father Munoz still led the van; but once within the Spanish territory, he turned round

to his band, and quickened their advance by vigorous and inspiring gestures, which were repeated by those close to his person, and who formed his staff. The fighting men intrepidly moved on, and as they came up close to their commander, formed in the order of battle which he traced. But nothing seemed to prove more completely the confidence of the whole, than the promptitude with which the remainder of the party, monks on their mules, women and children on foot, followed the warriors, not resting on the safe protection of French teritory for the result of the day, but closely joining themselves to the chances of the coming fight. This was, however, not caused alone by their certainty of success, although that was unbounded, but by the advantage taken of it by their skilful sleader, for he knew that the generous enemy would rather suffer his advance to the most advantageous ground for his inferior numbers, then oppose it at the risk of injury to the helpless followers, thus apparently, but not actually exposed:

The ground on which the champions of the Faith were deploying was a plain of small extent, rugged, certainly, for their movements, but smooth in comparison with the rocks and ravines which were around it. It ran along the side of the mountain to the eastward, and lost itself in a gorge of deep and dark appearance. This plain seemed the last accessible pasture ground on our side of the mountain, for the abrupt elevation which bounded it, forbade the ascent of any animals but the wild goat in search of safety from his pursuers, or the men whose love for liberty made them struggle now through its rude obstructions.

The force of the Constitutionals must have been full five hundred men, but more than half that number, as soon as the exact amount of their enemies was visible, were seen to retreat from the advanced position retained by the rest, and they retired along the narrow pass which was about to be contested, until they disappeared from the scene of approaching action. This was evidently done by the patriot chieftain from a chivalric feeling, founded, perhaps, on contempt for his foe: but he ranged and stationed his remaining men with great care, in the heights at each side of the pass, and in a position which, if defended with courage, appeared to me impregnable.

This chief was, with others about him, at first seen on horseback, and the skill and safety with which they managed their small and active steeds, was almost miraculous, and seemed to excuse the exaggeration of the country people, who, vaunting the feats of Mina's cavalry, reported them to gallop on the most pointed peaks of the rocks. The person in chief command on the present occasion, was full as conspicuous as was Father Munoz in his important post; and soon dismounting from his horse, he put himself on a personal equality with his rival. The

generals seemed to vie with each other in vigour and activity, and I cannot describe the feeling with which I thought that the patriot chief might be Mina himself, or my intense curiosity to obtain exact information on that point. Passepartout and his men remained with steadiness on their own ground. The serjeant proved himself on this day a veteran; and the young raw conscripts under his command, caught the inspiration of his disciplined demeanour, and kept coolly observant of events, the novel and exciting nature of which must have been a trial to their inexperienced nerves.

When Father Munoz and his fighting fanaties had reached the foot of the rude heights where the patriots were posted (the monks and women having halted on the plain), a short pause was made. Each man seemed to breathe awhile for fresh energy, to encounter the danger thus so well envisaged by the whole. It was indeed a formidable sight. The patriots seemed in their position quite invulnerable. They were indivi-

dually niched in the rocky recesses, from which gthey had the power of picking out their assailand sacrificing them one by one, while collectively they might defy the utmost efforts their foes. Still the latter showed no dastard hanging back; and when, at their general's command, the bugle at last sounded the signal for firing, a discharge took place, not in regular volley, but in the independent way, called by as "hedge firing," such as is practised for a feu-de-joie, every man selecting his object, and fring at discretion. I marked the flashes of this first discharge, heard the sudden and faint concussion of the sounds, which fell flattened, as it were, against the rocks; then followed the progress of the concentrated clouds sent up from every musket, and as they at first enveloped, but, with gradual dispersion, soon shewed the patriots again, I watched anxiously for the return of the deadly salute, as the echoes caught its report, and sent it in distant and irregular repetitions from crag to crag.

But not a shot was returned by the patriots, who stood firmly in their position; nor could I distinguish that they were diminished by one man. Father Munoz's bugle sounded "cease firing,' and a momentary silence ensued. He seemed to wait the enemy's fire, but it came not, and there was something inexpressibly awful in the fixed and expectant attitudes of the assailants, waiting for the death they braved, and the statue-like aspect of their enemies, each standing immovably on his rocky pedestal, and not deigning to notice the assault so fiercely given and so unflinchingly received.

Whatever might be Father Munoz's feelings, he was determined that those of his followers should not flag. He once more raised his crucifix on high, and taking off his hat, he waved it round his head, and uttered just such a shout as had before burst from him. Its effect was, as then, electrical. Every throat of his band was opened out, and a long and loud huzza burst spontaneously from all; its echoes died

far away, and then came down from the mountain-side a harsh and general screech of laughter, that seemed vollied from the bitterest depths of contempt. The unwearied echoes caught the topes, and in their insensible yet living mimicry, they prolonged them from hill to hill, blending with each other the loudest with the feeblest repetitions, in a way so wild and thrilling as to give an air of fiendish mockery to the whole. My blood felt frozen, and every nerve cramped up, as I breathlessly gazed on the immovable men from whom such strange and demon sounds proceeded.

The fanatics, if as much shocked, were much more moved than I; for after giving an instant to the rising of their indignant desperation, it burst forth in a torrent of vigorous and varied development. Father Munoz, as usual, gave the signal for this out-bursting. He jumped with furious gestures, stamped, and raved. The whole force of his followers was instantly displayed in the like antics—the women screamed,

and even the lazy monks clapped their hands, thumped their breasts, and uttered loud and pious executions.

But the insulted warriors did not rest contented with these tokens of rage. Their destiny led them forward to a more ruinous demonstration. They rushed one and all against the rocky bulwarks before them, and with straining efforts clambered over every obstacle to their destruction. It was their day of doom! sooner was the whole body of their force fairly entangled in the rocks than a loud shout from above, which seemed to speak both vengeance and victory, was the signal for a shower of ponderous rocks, torn from the earth by arms new nerved by hate, and hurled with a deadly accuracy of aim. Nothing could be more terrible than the simultaneous discharge of these savage missiles. The huge blocks of granite, shoved from their resting places, at first rolled slowly down, like animals coiling up their energies for the fierce speed they were about to put forth." Some went on gradually for a time, on the smooth slopes which here and there smiled greenly among the grey and desolate heaps of granite. Others at once bounded off from crag to crag, but a very short space, and a period almost imperceptible, intervened between the desperate setting out of these solid bodies and their rapid crash into thousands of fragments, every one an instrument of death. The view of this silent shower of fate was almost momentary, but it was harrowing. The wretched victims of its coming effects looked towards it-shrieks of terror broke from some, as they flung themselves upon the earth, to be mangled and crushed without an effort-others held up their arms as if such feeble intervention might avert their fate-others more collected shrunk safely down behind projecting rocks—and a few from their stony ambuscades took steady aim, and returned from their muskets unerring answers to the deadly salutation thus sent down.

Three or four of the patriots were hit and fell. Full a fourth of the fanatics were struck to earth. My eye involuntarily fixed on Father Munoz, and the group which stood, like him, braving what the bravest might have shrunk from. Several received the bruising or deep-cutting splinters, but the general stood unharmed. urged on his men with unabated vigour, and such as had survived the shock, and were not disabled, prepared for an attempt to force the The partial execution done by the heights. last discharge gave encouragement to their marksmen, and revenge for their killed or maimed companions enforced the example set by their daring chief. But they fought against impossibilities, and without a chance of success. The patriots, having exhausted their prepared store of rocky missiles, now took their fire-arms into use, and their impetuosity for close combat being not to be restrained, they abandoned their position, and hurried down to meet their foes.

A more desperate conflict then commenced,

and bayonets, pikes, and swords, were soon brought into action, as individual exertion and bodily force more particularly characterized the I observed many instances of great fight. bravery in the single combats into which the contest was now divided, but the result was never for a moment doubtful. The patriots on all sides drove their opponents down, and a retreat from their temporary advance was soon general among the fanatics. Father Munoz made almost incredible efforts to rally and reassure his men. If he gave up a foot of ground, it was only in exertion to restrain the flight, now becoming general. He seemed to seek danger wherever it was thickest, and from him alone the patriot warriors shrunk. At first I thought this was caused by fear of his prowess, but I soon perceived it to proceed from respect for his profession. No man would fight him hand to hand; and though several of his immediate followers were wounded, and two or three fell dead beside him, I could see that no musket

was levelled at his person. Several chance balls, however, as I afterwards ascertained, pierced his but and the flowing drapery of his robe; and the brass scabbard of his sabre was contused in more than one place. He certainly escaped enough of risks on this day to strengthen his disciples' belief that he bore "a charmed life."

During the continuance of this sanguinary scene, the women of "the Faith," and the assistant monks, prayed, wept, and screamed by turns. Perceiving at length that the day was lost, they fell back with their frail possessions upon the French territory. They were soon followed by many of the discomfitted and disabled combatants—but Father Munoz maintained his ground, shifting from rock to rock as each spot appeared susceptible of defence, or while any aid was left to his exertions.

During the whole affair, the commander of the patriot force was distinguishable not more by his valour than his surprising activity. He bounded from place to place wherever an enemy

was to be opposed or a friend assisted, On several occasions he joined in personal combat with two or more of the enemy, and his victory seemed half achieved before he struck a blow. He was the mark for many well directed shots. diseveral times observed the ground ploughed up by bullets close at his feet, or splinters struck from rocks beside him or above his head. He was once wounded, but slightly it appeared, for he merely tore his handkerchief from his neck and bound it round his arm; and instantly develling his pistol, fired at the brawny fellow by whom he had been hit. He had a sure revenge, for the fellow, shot through the heart or head, I could not at that distance distinguish which, apprang high from the crag where he had stood the certain movement following a wound in either of those vital parts-and, dropping dead, he rolled down from rock to rock in frightful succession, his limbs and carcass almost visibly dislocated and defaced, as he hung dangling for a moment on a jagged point, and then was

dashed upon some lower projection. I could not resist the hope which flashed upon me that this might be the ruffian Sanchez, or at least that he had fallen, for whenever he came across my mind a presentiment of ill seemed coupled with the recollection.

As the retreating fanatics came again acrossthe frontier line into France, they were severally disarmed by Serjeant Passepartout and his men, and I thought I could distinguish in their abruptness the contemptuous dislike which even the partial bravery of the vanquished was not sufficient to entirely remove. As soon as they had given up their arms, these outcasts, thus promptly disbanded, disposed of themselves with all the vagabond recklessness which I had, observed at my first meeting with them. A few, stood, sullenly watching the fruitless struggle of their gallant chief, who called on them in vain. Others, most of them wounded, joined the. monks and women, who wept and wailed loudly as they applied rude remedies, and staunched,

or bound up their hurts. A few fled up the gorges of the hills, apparently ashamed of their too easy defeat; and I was only withheld from inquiring of them the name of the patriot chief, by the fear of insulting and irritating their already goaded feelings. Some lay down in the ravine by the side of the rivulet, as it would seem, to die. Not one came near the hut; and my surprise at their avoiding this shelter where they might have expected aid, was not removed till I afterwards learned that Father Munoz had most peremptorily commanded his troops to hold the hut inviolate—and he was thus implicitly obeyed, even in defeat and ruin.

As the fugitives came towards me I could plainly distinguish their features, and I recognised several of those who had been my fellow lodgers two days before at Gedro. I could have well enough occupied myself in reading the varieties of character displayed in the different expression of their countenances, from indignant rage to hardened indifference, had not my

I instantly knew to be Sanchez. A cresping sensation, such as some people feel at the sight of particular reptiles, seemed to curdle through my veins as I gazed on this object of my abhor-rence. I saw him lie down behind a rock, which intervened between him and the foes he ran from as well as the friends he had forsaken, but which allowed me an ample view of his figure, every movement of which was now familiar to me.

I had frequently during the last two or three eventful hours, forced my eyes from the scene on which they appeared rivetted, to look round at the house I was so well inclined, but so little able, to protect, had injury been attempted. But at each glance, while no danger really existed, I could see no object on which hostility might be practised. Now, however, when this desperate and already detected ruffian, overflowing no doubt with venom, and projecting revenge, came within reach of harm to the hut and its one inhabitant, I saw, as I turned my

watchful gaze abruptly round, the girl of the house, in her usual dress, standing in the garden, which she grasped with one hand, while with the other cheiwaved a silken flag, in animating gestures divisory and welcome.

here? Was she with her mother on the mission to the patriots? Did she remain in the secret chamber? And where is the mysterious female? All these were the quick and self-put questions of my brain, which came in a simultaneous and unanswered rush. My eye then turned with inquiring rapidity across the ravine turned with inquiring rapidity across the ravine turned which the signal flag was waved. There I saw a scene of incomplete and perplexing information—but giving, with a startling discovery, a promise of an instant and ample denouement.

gnthe last of the defeated fanatics—and that Lineed hardly say, was no other than Father Munoz,—was disarmed, and had repassed the

He was deprived of his sabre and pistols—and he slowly retired—his crucifix held to his breast-his hands clasped together-his head down. The patriots were collected in an irregular group, forming a broken crescent, in about the centre of which stood their victorious leader, with the other officers, who had supported him so well. The trumpets blew a flourish; a thrice repeated shout drowned the exulting notes; and their long huzzas and vivas proclaimed the hero's fame, to all who listened. "Long live Don Melchior!" "Long live De Trevazos!" "Long live the Avenger!" were the enthusiastic tribute to the conqueror's praise -and to me the proud announcement of the hero I had already welcomed as my friend. For as he gracefully removed his plumed cap, and displayed his ardent and animated countenance, I could not be mistaken, and I learned the truth, which, I dare say, my readers need not now be told, that it was no other than the stranger visitor of the preceding night, who now stood

displayed in all the pride and glory of success.

My quick-glancing gaze flew back in search of her, who should, I thought, have been the first to hail, and hallow by her presence, the triumph of the scene. My eye only rested on the Cagot costume of the girl, waving her flag, and hurrying down the rugged path. when again I turned my looks to meet the hero, they caught the intercepting form of the crouched ruffian, who looked up towards the scene round a projecting elbow of the rock, by which he was reclined. I marked the impatient acknowledgments of Don Melchior, as he bowed his thanks to his gallant band. But placing one hand on his heart, he pointed the other towards the hill where I stood, and he followed the direction thus given to his soldiers' observation, with a quick and active step, attended only for a few paces by Serjeant Passepartout, to whom he delivered his sword and pistols, and who seemed, as he accepted them, to apologize to

the gallant owner of the weapons he deserved 363 well to wear.

which made me struggle over the rude obsticles that kept me from the ravine. My eye never quitted Don Melchior for one moment, and the was not till I saw him pass by the rock where Sanchez lay concealed, that a pang of appreciance has a pang of appreciant it was in vain, that I recovered myself and stirred, as I saw the crouching villain rises and follow, with bent body and long strides, that victim he had too surely marked.

Don Melchior came quickly on with light and unsuspicious step, and the firm, yet cauticule tread of the murderer fell unheard behind himself on the mossy slope he traversed. The moments: I perceived his perilous situation I shouted with all my might, at once to warn him, and seems the assassin; but he looked up towards me, and returned the shout with a joyous expression. for:

the welcome he supposed it to convey; and the unruffled assassin, only raised his arm the higher that the blade it wielded might more steadily fall upon his destined prey.

Joined to my shout, a piercing scream burst from the path close to my side, and the hood of the Cagot girl hung floating from behind that beauteous head, whose thick curled ringlets I could not fail to recognise, as a light form bounded past me. Don Melchior stood for a moment transfixed in surprise, at the sounds of alarm, and at the same instant Passepartout and his men, catching the figures of the hero and his assassin, which the rock had till then concealed, joined in the loud and terrified signal which I and the frantic girl had raised. Don Melchior, startled and perplexed, just turned his head half round, when Sanchez, with one fierce exclamation, "We have met!" plunged his murderous knife with a downward slope, into the hero's side. Don Melchior tottered from him, and was falling-when I, with an instinctive effort, raised my gun to my shoulder, and having covered the villain, was in the act of putting my finger to the trigger, when a flash from Serjeant Passepartout's carbine, arrested the movement, and before the report reached my ear, the coward lay writhing on the earth in the agonies of an immediate and far too easy death.

How often, in the course of this recital, have I wished that my pen could fly across the page, and trace, in words of flaming speed, thoughts and events as rapid and as hot as the lightning. But now I seem to wish a long and lingering pause: for how describe the accumulated burst of feelings which followed the assassin's stroke! "To fall thus!" was, I believe, the bitter thought that struck all those who saw and who could think. The gallant comrades of his glory, the astonished and delighted witnesses of his courage, his own troops, Passepartout and his soldiers, and myself, all saw and felt no doubt alike. But there was one among us yet who felt

heart appeared to be pierced by the stroke so steadily aimed at her lover's. She had force to fly to the spot, such force as makes the body writhe when severed from existence. She reached her lover, wild, screaming, and exhausted. He had fallen to the ground, and with out-stretched arms he received the beauteous form which sunk upon his, to staunch with senseless weight his wide and gushing wound. I was in a moment one of the group that surrounded this pair, of whom we could scarcely imagine which was the nearer to death.

The mixed feelings of grief, astonishment, and horror, agitated every bystander around me, but in addition to these I had to suffer that wild and still incredulous conviction that made me certain of the fact discovered to me, but doubtful of my own intellect.

The female before me was, I saw it, the Cagot girl. Her dress, her height, her whole appearance left no possibility of doubt, but her

form of symmetry, her face of beauty, how could these be there? and when, with a convulsive spasm, she tore open the firm-clasped capulet, and exposed her neck and heaving bosom, what was my amazement to see, instead of the gross deformity I had in fancy loathed, perfection that might invite a sculptor's hand, and make his heart thrill as he gazed.

I hastily threw her cloak and hood over this rich field of beauty, which I felt to be already violated by the rude yet admiring stare of the astonished observers.

. . .

C. Course at &

() *(*) *(*) *(*) *(*) *(*)

έΣ ↔ . Ε

CHAPTER XIII.

For several minutes the bodies lay untouched and motionless. An attempt to clasp his unconscious mistress in his arms was instantly followed by a fainting fit, which rendered the fallen hero as insensible as she. The blood gushed freely from his wound, and covered her profusely, and had it not been for this streaming evidence of life, their pallid faces and fixed forms might have seemed silently to claim the shelter of a grave.

A stupifying cloud appeared to hang over us who stood by. The spectacle before us, would at any time, even by a train of preparation, have been enough to have produced a bewildering inaction, but the violence of the shock from triumph to despair, the sudden wrenching of the joy which seemed rooted in all hearts—the instant revulsion of feelings, all flowing in channels the most opposite to the point towards which they were thus strained, this was too much for even manhood to sustain, and a group of agonized and powerless observers was the result.

I believe I was one of the first who shook off this lethargy, and I was aroused only by the impetuous grief of one of Don Melchior's soldiers, who, coming with others to the spot, would have rushed towards the body of his adored commander, to strain it in his arms. This abruptness shocked me, I feared that the life blood would have ebbed away in the violent movement of the body; and, as I interposed between it and the distracted soldier, Father Munoz's figure caught my eye, as he was in the very act of dressing one of his wounded followers, not a hundred yards from me. Salvation

seemed within my glance. I pushed my way right through the crowd around me; and just as Licleared the lane of men, and stepped out into the open space, my foot actually touched, and had nearly fallen upon the outstretched corpse of the atrocious Sanchez. I shrank back with a spasm of disgust. The wretch betrayed in death what he might have, when living, succeeded to conceal. His face was bare, and his upturned eyes, and the curl upon his lip, spoke volumes of malignity and baseness. thick black stream flowed from his temple, where the bullet had entered, and added to the ghastly expression of his colourless cheek. I sprang across the corpse, and was in a few moments close to Father Munoz.

He looked up at me, and seeing the evident expression of distress which prompted my breathless entreaty that he would accompany me, he paused for a moment, and laid down the half bandaged leg of the sufferer he was relieving What is the nature of the wound?

"A desperate thrust of a knife," cried I, "close to the heart, if heaven has kept that unhurt."

"A knife! that cannot wait, this may;" returned he, with animation, and adding a word or two of comfort to his patient, he hurried with me along the track I had just left behind. He did not ask me whom I had summoned him to attend. In his evident anxiety to afford aid, he not only omitted to inquire whether it was officer, or private, friend or foe; but he also seemed to forget the defeat and disgrace under which he himself laboured, proving the nobleness of his nature, by the triumph of genuine benevolence over the most powerful prejudices and passions of the mind.

I had seen enough of this extraordinary man, to be convinced that the rank of my friend would in nothing influence his attentions. But I was not sure of the effect which a knowledge at the risk I was about to run in naming at once the wounded man. I felt it, however, but just to do so towards him, in order that I might be enabled to combat the repugnance which was naturally to be excited in the priest; and towards the priest himself, as a matter of delicacy, not to surprise his still festering feelings, by the top abrupt view of his late successful rivals.

There was not a moment to lose.

"Father Munoz," said I, "I have not at such a time stood on points of form. I have ventured to put you to a severe trial. The man whom you are about to see, but whom I fear you cannot save, is no other than Don Melchior de Trevazos."

"What! Don Melchior! God be praised!" ejaculated he; and my heart sunk with disappointed grief to hear the expression, and in dread of the refusal of assistance which I expected to follow it.

334.00

- "God be praised!" reiterated the monk;
 you said he still lived?"
- "I fear to ask the question now," said I,
 "but he was not dead when I left the spet."
- "Then I may be in time to save him—or, at least, to breathe the words of holy truth into his ear, and give comfort to his parting spirit; let us hasten to him!"

These reassuring words were scarcely finished, when we reached the place where the wailing Spaniards, with Serjeant Passepartout and his men, stood closely encircling the still senseless bodies of Don Melchior and Malvide. At sight of the monk, his patriot fellow countrymen made way for him one and all, with every demonstration of respect, inspired by his triple character of general, priest, and doctor. When he reached the centre of the circle, and saw the afflicting spectacle, he started with a movement which seemed the combined effect of astonishment and horror. All the austere collectedness of his na-

ture was overpowered by the scene; and, to the amazement of myself and the other spectators, the rigid priest, the stoical physician, the intrepid warrior, threw himself upon his knees, bent low over the bodies, and giving a full vent to his feelings, which were a mystery to all around him, he burst into a passionate flood of He made no affected efforts to conceal his emotion, but for some moments sobbed aloud in speechless anguish. His recovery from this gush of feeling was as instantaneous as had been the attack. He started up quickly, and with a bitter and self-reproaching tone, exclaimed, "Good God, what am I about!—while he is dying-and she! Heaven forgive this last and worst exposure of criminal anguish!"

With the utmost promptness and self-command, he commenced the operations of his surgical skill, anxiety of the deepest kind marked upon his countenance, where the violent traces of some fierce conflict of passions were stamping their deep but fugitive imprint. It seemed as

if his mind was separated into distinct parts—all the faculties of judgment and exertion bearing on the immediate objects of his case, while the wild emotions of personal feeling swept like a hurricane through his brain. So, at least, a read the convulsed expression of his face and frame, and the sequel will prove that I read rightly.

Father Munoz had, in the first instance, to give a divided attention to the senseless pair beafere him—but he gave it as though he felt them to be as one. He promptly but steadily seized Don Melchior's wrist, and felt his scarcely beating breast. Almost, at the same instant, he took Malvide's fair hand in his, and I plainly distinguished the trembling of his arm while he counted the faint pulsation of her's. Without inquiries from those around him as to the causes of what he saw, he appeared to read what had passed in the evidence before him; and he applied himself without hesitation to give aid where assistance was most important.

Ild-eaunot pretend to recollect the means of relief which he applied to Don Melchior. What styptics he employed, or how he treated the wound, are points of little importance to the deader, and were not, even at the moment, attended to by me. It was enough for me to cheer'te, that various accessories to Father Munoz's skill were contained in the well filled cavities of his leathern girdle, which held, besides his prayer-book, and the thick folds of his prochamation, some instruments of surgery, with two or three phials and rolls of lint, plaster, and bandage. From this assortment he chose whatever he thought most suited to the case; and such was my confidence in his skill and his integrity, that I felt neither apprehension as to the first, nor doubt of the latter. In his hands A considered Don Melchior as near to a chance of safety, as was consistent with his apparently desperate state. My immediate observation turned therefore to the other object, which so

irresistibly shared without weakening the deep interest excited for the unfortunate chieftain.

Scarcely had the monk's still sensitive fingers loosed their hold of Malvide's arm, when she like some instrument in which vibration had been awakened by the touch, gave signs of returning animation. A shivering movement told that the nerves were newly strung; and the dawn of reviving nature broke, in a streaky flush, upon her pallid cheek. Her quivering lip and trembling lid, rising at once, as if to take in air and light, shewed the instinctive struggle of mortality to cling to life; and the awakening of the mind was almost instantly perceptible, in the sudden opening of eyes and mouth, the distension of nostril—that membrane. as eloquent as either feature—the incredulous stare, as memory told what had passed—the hand pressed against the brow to feel if sense were there—the abrupt start and half articulate scream, while reason's fully risen orb flashed its

maddening beam upon her. Recollecting the fulness of her misery, she turned her looks upon her lover, and withheld from flinging herself upon his bleeding body, by the dread of interrupting the monk's benevolent care, her emotion burst forth in one of those suppressed and suffocating screams, so terrific to the hearer, and which seemed to rend the utterer's heart.

Her countenance was a picture of inexpressible agony, as her glance fell alternately upon Don Melchior, and her own dress, which was covered with his blood. She knelt and rung her hands. She did not speak, as if the fear of agitating him overpowered the natural wish, at such a time, to let her heart overflow in words. But her lips quivered convulsively; her eyes were raised at times, and then, for an instant, closed; and she, more than once, seized her bloodstained capulet, and hugged it with frantic energy, as though she thus enfolded to her breast all of him which she dared venture to embrace.

It was not certainly a fitting moment for a critical examination of the interesting girl; and even now I wonder at the strange perversity o feeling which prompted me to enter upon such But such was the combined effect of admiration, pity, and surprise, that I forgot for awhile every more important consideration, and I began to observe the object that should have inspired them with as minute a scrutiny as one exercises in a ball-room, or on a race-course. could scarcely believe my eyes—those perjured evidences, which so lately told me that this heroine of mine was lame and loathsome, and which now testified to her surpassing grace and beauty. She was, indeed, most beautiful; and her anguished movements shewed sorrow in such subdued and natural grace, as might have put joy's fantastic antics to the blush.

There are various kinds of female beauty, as all the world allows; and each in its turn considered the most lovely. The rich red bloom of health, the pallid tint of grief, the azure or

the hazel eye, curls of light brown, or ringlets of deep jet—which is admired the most, or which is the most to be admired? While each makes the assortment that he fancies best, I may, perhaps, be suffered to express my notion on a point which ever has held, and ever will hold, mankind in a state of most lucky disagreement.

To my mind, variety in the face of a lovely woman, as in that of nature's self, is the greatest To suppose loveliness in a possible charm. woman, is to admit that her features, skin, and hair are all good. But these are individually unimportant points; for it signifies little whether a complexion be white or brown, a nose Roman or Grecian, an eye black or blue. Neither is it by those faces where all may be called in keeping, that we are most pleased. If we are told that a woman is beautiful and fair, we expect to see light eyes, light hair, brilliant skin, and rosy cheeks. If a brunette is announced, dark locks, dark eyes, and dark complexion, spontaneously

associate themselves in our minds. We see each object agreeing with, or even surpassing our expectation; we mark and marvel at the regularity of nature's master-pieces, and we acknowledge each beautiful of its kind.

But this is different far from that amazed delight with which we gaze upon the rare, yet to-be-met-with, specimens of beauty, still more exquisite, by which we are every moment taken by surprise, and where wonder forms the chief spell of our fresh springing admiration: where we see black folds of glossy hair shrouding a snow-white brow, and bright blue eye: or where an orb of hazel, or still more eloquent grey, beams on a cheek of bloom; or where auburn ringlets curl round an eye of black, whose long dark lashes fall on a colourless cheek, from which early care has too soon plucked the roses.

These are a few of the many incongruous yet fascinating combinations which nature loves to effect, baffling our conjectures as to what is beau-

tiful, and leaving perfection as undefinable as it is various.

, Malvide's was, to my taste, a sample of beauty's best variety. I cannot venture to describe the fluctuating charms of her countenance, which displayed an ever shifting sameness of loveliness, like the moving surface of the sea, each instant changing, but eternally the same. Her hair was dark; her brow, and cheek, and bosom brightly fair; her eyes deep grey-long liquid shapes, not starting out as if to peer into the world, but retiring rather towards the brain, from which they drew their intellectual beams. Her mouth -that next best feature of the face, whose every movement telegraphs the mind, ere the tongue can speak its bidding—was neither small nor large, a happy medium between primness and expanse; lips bedewed and ripe, sufficiently apart to let the soft breath keep them moist, and the white teeth shine between; the nether one indented towards the chin, and the upper softly marked with the silken down, which is as

as the fringe that gives expression to her eye, or the ringlets that adorn her brow.

I can go no further in this sketch. Let the retail dealers in beauty each fill it up as he may choose; and, with such elements as I have described, I defy any or all to convert Malvide into aught but what she was, a beautiful—a perfectly beautiful girl.

While I was employed in collecting the materials for my most imperfect portrait, let it not be supposed that Father Munoz was indifferent to the subject of his care. And I think my readers will already have acquitted me of a rising charge of levity at such a time, by anticipating the monk's announcement that Don Melchior's wound was not, in the least degree, dangerous. Such was, in fact, the happy intelligence promptly announced to the anxious lookers on. A rib—but heaven knows which, and anatomists may inquire—those natural bulwarks which so often thwart the deadly designs

of blade and bullet, had interposed between the knife of the assassin and the hero's life. The former was turned aside, the latter saved; and the rush of blood which caused us such alarm, was, perhaps, the best token of the intended victim's preservation.

When the salutary pain inflicted in the dressing of Don Melchior's wound brought him to a sense of his suffering and his actual state, his first exclamation was "Malvide!" and he wildly looked around for her on whom he called. His eyes fell upon Father Munoz's face, and a surprised ejaculation escaped him.

"What do I see?" cried he. "Is this possible—you, Mazaredo! my long lost friend!"

"Hush, hush!" replied the monk. "It is, indeed, no other than your old friend; but this is no time for explanation. You are hurt, but not badly; repose is all that is required to your rapid recovery. Do not speak another word."

But this dress, this tonsure?" for the monk's bare head shewed the mark of his calling.

- "'Tis even so, Melchior," said, or rather sighed he, as if one passing feeling of regret rose upon him in his own despite.
- "Ah, my own Malvide!" exclaimed Don Melchior, his fugitive glance having rested upon her.
- "Not a word, not a word, my beloved," said she, pressing her hand against her own lips, as if the breath of his existence lay within them.

Scarcely a whisper broke from one of the many anxious observers, until the wounded object of their care and caution was safely laid in bed in the secret chamber of the Cagot's hut, which had been so long the place of shelter, rather than repose to the beauteous tenant, who now resigned her refuge, and threw aside the mystery that hung round her and it.

CHAPTER XIV.

I CANNOT pretend to strict accuracy of dates, but for four or five days Don Melchior's convalescence went regularly on, and in less than a week he was able to leave his bed. I know not if his rapid recovery was to be attributed to the slightness of his wound, the goodness of his constitution, or the skill of his physician. But, be the chief cause what it might, I am sure that the care of his nurse was not the *least*. Most ably was she seconded by the assiduous old Cagot woman, who shewed, on every occasion that required it, an intelligence that went as far to remove my belief in the incorrigible dullness of her race, as her benevolence went to

confirm my conviction of their susceptibility to the best feelings of humanity. And I may perhaps thus passingly be allowed to hope, that should any one, led by these pages to visit this excellent old being in her wild retreat, find any difficulty in discovering her, they will let their benevolence take place of their curiosity, or go hand in hand with it, and seek out other objects among the proscribed race, who will, I venture to predict, repay, at least with gratitude, all the kindness that may be shewn them.

Don Melchior being installed in the whilom secret chamber, Malvide became the temporary tenant of my closet, while I shifted my quarters to the inn at Gedro, and took possession of the same moiety of a room which I had occupied on the first night of this adventurous epoch. My days were passed entirely at the Cagot's hut, and the frequent companion of my walk backwards and forwards was Father Munoz, who, though much occupied with the care of his unfortunate and defeated comrades,

.T .30V

with his own political correspondence and personal concerns, still found time enough to devote to the duty he had undertaken towards his former friend, with whom he passed hours together in secret conversation. I observed that he had made a point of not seeing Malvide in any of his visits. This was an understood arrangement between Don Melchior and himself, and I was quickly made acquainted with it and its cause by the sweet girl whose modesty made her pass the subject over lightly, and who revinced no vanity on an occasion that might, thore than most others, have excused a display of that most natural and most general weak-hess of our nature.

Malvide and myself became, as may be supposed, in a short time, very intimate. While both Melchior and Father Munoz were shut the together, she and I used to walk in the heighbourhood of the hut, through the ravine which was the scene of such eventful occur-

miliar to her as the izards which we frequently, disturbed in these rambles. We never, however, went out of call from the hut; and Melvide perpetually broke off in recitals of former events; to listen to the hoarse voice of the old woman, who, by a particular sound, gave signal of the monk's departure on a round of professional visits to his wounded soldiers, distributed of rude tents, throughout the vallies of Estaubiliand Héas.

It was chiefly in those walks with Malvide, as well as in snatches of conversation with Don Melchior, and from glimpses of confidential chat breaking through the monk's habitual reserves that I learned enough of former circumstances to be able to enter fully into the feelings and objects of the whole trio. It was not long afterwards till I became perfectly acquainted with all the connecting links of their historic inasmuch as it formed a chain to bind them now together; and I will, for my readers' satisfable

tion, throw into as brief a form as possible, the details of former events, so necessary to an understanding of the scenes which I have been just reciting, and of those which succeeded them so quickly.

I pass over, as foreign to the interest of my story, many bustling occupations which broke in on the course of affairs at the hut during Don Melchior's convalescence, as the visits of Serjeant Passepartont, who shewed kimself throughout this interval in a quite new aspect, smothering the flame of his constitutional gallantry, suppressing the uprisings of his national vanity, and silencing the voice of his provincial gasconading, for the provence itself furnishes the only sufficient epithet to express the thing. He was respectful to the lady, who, under her peasant's disguise, he had made love to, good-naturedly solicitous about the man he had saved, and totally silent as to the villain he slew. He gained the good will and esteem of all concerned, and did not take one liberty in consequence,

which was the certain method of preserving what he had acquired. In our moments of familiar chat, he could not, however, help droping some hints as to his affair with the Arragonese countess, who turned out after all to be an actress from the theatre of Astorga, and the niece of one of the worthy curés, forming part of the fugitives of the Faith. But the serjeant was quite satisfied with his conquest, and I felt no inclination to disturb him in its possession, nor to stand in the way of the score of designs he professed against the wives and daughters of the muleteers, and the widows of the poor devils who had been killed in the late affair, who wanted consolation.

One of the most unpleasant interruptions to the dreary tranquillity of the place, was caused by the burying of the dead bodies. This occupied two whole days, during which Serjeant Passepartout shewed an admirable aptitude for the situation of undertaker and sexton. Under his auspices and the superintendence of his

party, some dozens of fine fellows were flung into their graves, head or feet foremost, as the case might be. Neither ceremony nor ceremonial attended their burial. No rites of religion were observed, save the murmured prayer of some kind comrade, as the sods were shovelled in upon each body; and the holiest water that could be sprinkled over them were the tears dashed off from deep bronzed cheeks by hands that had rarely been dipped in the bénetier. A mass was said by Father Munoz the following Sunday in the church of Gavernie, for the repose of the souls of the fallen. I witnessed this ceremony, and was struck by the imposing and almost more than earthly bearing of the monk, as he paid this gorgeous tribute to the memory of his gone companions. But I was more moved an evening or two afterwards, when, strolling alone over the battle field, I saw a solitary and worn looking man, sitting upon a newly dug grave, and, with some rude instrument, chiselling the name of his comrade, who rotted beneath, on a stupendous mass of granite, a monument large enough to have furnished mausoleums for half the grandees of Spain. The name was, I think, Antonio Ostolazo; but that matters little; it is still to be seen by any one who will explore the desolate vale of Estaubé and the pedestals of Mount Perdu, and I may safely promise a surer immortality to the owner of this eternal monument, than can be afforded by the mouldering fames which enshrine so many more celebrated and much prouder soldiers.

When these last duties were performed, the remainder of Father Munoz's disjointed band dispersed itself still wider than ever across the sheltering soil of France, and no chance remaining for another attempt at entering Spain in this quarter, those who were unmaimed during the last effort, went off in different directions towards Bayonne or Toulouse, in search of some new portion of the expelled fanatics, to whose fortunes they might unite

the hospitals established for the French army, in which they found effectual succount; so that, at the end of a week, scarcely any, of "the Faith" remained near us, and those only of the most desperately and hopelessly wounded, with their wives, and a compassionate monk or two, who had humanity enough not to abandon them quite.

retired; Count Pinati, Mina's lieutenant, having some across the hills, after the gallant affair of Puycerda, to take the command of Don Melchioz's little division, and join it to the main body of the Catalonian army, as Mina's force was now named.

instances of devoted attachment shewn by his soldiers on the occasion of Don Melchion's wound, or during the time of his recovery. It was by force almost that he succeeded in getting

them away from the bivouac they had established near the hut, which they, although disarmed like the others on entering the French territory were resolved to watch by and defend against all other treachery on the part of the fanatics, whose bands they suspected to contain more than one villain of Sanchez's stamp. Serjeant Passepartout also insisted on placing a guard of two of his men on the hut, to preserve it from foul play; and, at my strong solicitation, joined with Malvide's, Don Melchior consented to this the first day, but on Father Munoz pledging his own faith for the fair conduct of his followers, all other precautions were given up, and nothing arose to make us repent of the confidence thus placed in them through him. of bournal agriculture

Having so far cleared the channel through which my story is to run, I will now, without disturbing the current of events, turn to that backwater of narration, which steadies but does not weaken the stream.

Don Francesco de Trevazos, the father of

Don Melchior, one of the innumerable nobles who swarmed in Spain, had held a lucrative situation in the court of Charles IV. previous to his abdication. He was confirmed in it by Ferdinand, having been one of the persons who particularly favoured the designs of the young prince, whom public opinion and state necessity have preserved from being considered a usurper. But Don Francisco was, like many others, actuated by excellent motives in abetting the designs of Ferdinand. Indignant at the virtual sovereignty of the vile Godoy, and deceived by the promise of good in the young prince's character, which was blasted in its very blossoming, the father of our hero, with the majority of the nation, learned too late the extent of their mistake, and found that, of two evils, they had taken the least-only because it wanted energy to make itself the greater. Don Francesco was a cordial friend of liberality and reform; his efforts, united with those of many eminent associates, all tended to the ineffectual task of inculcating his

own principles into the mind of the new monarch. But a hopeless despondency succeeded to these exertions, and all the truly patriotic men in Spain, waited anxiously for some occasion to take a bold and decisive step towards the regularization of their country.

It was at this time that the imbecile and unworthy Ferdinand determined on his memorable visit to Bayonne, the scene not less of his disgrace, than of Napoleon's dishonour. Many, and among them Don Francisco, saw the consequences of this step, and expostulated with the principal ministers on its imprudence. But it appears too evident, that Ferdinand himself was obstinate in his resolution, with a certain knowledge of what was to be its result.

The conferences and conventions at Bayonne, ended in the formal renunciation of the throne of Spain by Ferdinand and his father, in the nomination of Joseph to the vacant dignity, and the occupation of almost all the strong places in the country by the troops of the French Empe-

ror. This is not the place to canvass political questions, and I pass by the meanness of Ferdinand and the violence of Napoleon, to consider for a moment the situation of those who acted in accordance with the principles which guided the father of my hero, and influenced so deeply the fate of Don Melchior himself.

Joseph, acting either from his own impulse or by excellent advice, made an admirable selection of ministers. They were named at Bayonne in July 1808, and the new king entered his kingdom under the sanction of the names of the best and most enlightened men, who had filled high offices under Charles IV. and Ferdinand, All the public functionaries were confirmed in their places, and they almost all acquiesced in their nomination, and became at once Afrancesados, as the adherents of Joseph were soon named.

Under this arrangement, Don Francisco de Travazos continued to hold his place, and he in common with almost the whole of the nobility and corporate bodies of Spain, gave his willing allegiance to the new king, and paid him

No usurper ever mounted a throne with more plausible pretensions or fairer prospects than Joseph. Nominated by his brother, the most powerful of king makers-succeeding to Ferdinand the most contemptible of kings-hailed by the country as a deliverer-the opening acts of his government, being the suppression of that monstrous tribunal, impiously called holy; the formation of codes of laws; appropriation of church lands to the wants of the state, and the consequent relief of the subject; encouragement of public instruction; patronage of arts, manufactures, and commerce :- these were the titles of Joseph to his throne, and the excuses of those Spaniards who adopted his claim. If others were wanted, they might be found in the fact of foreign families having reigned over the country since the Austrian succession, -in the absolute necessity of a new dynasty to purge away the abuses of the old-and in the example of the great

continental states, which approved and confirmed the appointment of Joseph, and sanctioned the submission of Spain. But having thus briefly considered the arguments in favor of the Afranceson. 200,* I hurry to remove any notion, which might wise in the reader's mind, that, while making allowances for them, I do not give my whole sympathy to the splendid patriots by whom they were opposed. No! Glory to the brave spirits, which shone forth at that crisis in the fate of Europe, teaching to despots, through their proudest peer, that men must not be bartered like brutes, nor countries transferred like estates, even though a good master be given for a bad one. Freedom may be forced on nations, as maniacs take medicine by compulsion; and the patriots of Spain taught this lesson to the world, that it is better to establish the great principle of liberty, even at the cost of

[■] I would refer the reader interested in the subject, to the able writings and incontrovertible reasonings of Rianosa, Marina, Llorente, and Blaquiere.

quick recurring bondage, than enjoy for a while comparative happiness, by fixing a precedent of enduring slavery. Such were the views of Porlier, Lacy, Mina, and the rest of the since murdered and proscribed martyrs; such the inspiration that raised the spirit of resistance, which spread on wings of flame, at once desolating and purifying the land. Joseph was driven from his throne, as the type of that presumptuous principle which placed him on it; and Ferdinand recovered his kingdom, by viratue of the imprescriptible right of which he was the unworthy emblem.

price of the control of the control

21.5

alide and volument of the state of the state

Joseph into France, giving to him a proud proof of personal attachment, and to nations, generally, a fine lesson of fidelity. Among the refugees, were Don Francisco de Trevazos, with his numerous family, and Luis Mazeredo, a physician of Madrid, and his only son, Munoz, then a boy of about fourteen years of age. The expatriated Spaniards fixed themselves chiefly in the towns and villages of the South of France, in sight of those frontiers from which they were proscribed, envying the fortunate patriots who remained possessors of the soil, but proudly conscious of their own pure motives in the very

conduct which had brought upon them destruction and disgrace.

these settlers, who had money to support the expences of a principal provincial town. Education, the chief object with heads of families, was the main cause of Don Francisco, his family, and Doctor Mazaredo fixing there; and the four sons of the former, with the doctor's only child, and several other young Spaniards, were, seen established as inmates in the college.

It is not more easy to account for school friendships, than for those of riper years. One is as much the result of some chance circumstance as the other; and it is scarcely of importance to know by what means the intimacy of young Melchior and his companion Munoz was contracted. For three or four years, during which they remained together in college, their attachment continued to increase, and the totally different cast of their minds, and utter dissimilarity of character were the means of

preserving it unimpaired. They were within a week or two of the same age, and when they came to be seventeen or eighteen years old, their dispositions were fully developed. Melchior always destined for the military service, burned with impatience to commence his career. Munoz, intended by his father for his own profession, applied himself assiduously to its study. The rank of Don Francisco, the ample pension he enjoyed from the French government, and the lucky preservation of a large property, which he had prudently transferred into foreign funds, enabled young Melchior to maintain an excellent appearance, and go much into society, in the atmosphere of which alone he seemed to live. Doctor Mazaredo was poor, scantily pensioned, and only enabled by the profits of his profession to support himself and his son respectably, and without show. Munoz was, moreover, of a turn quite the reverse of his friend, hating company, shunning the world,

distinstantly of character were the means of

and giving himself wholly up to abstruse and theoretic study. India socialis a drive social

Melchior had many opportunities just then of meeting in company Malvide d'Euplandre, only daughter of a man of ancient family and high rank, at that time a warm adherent of the Emperor and of his family, who lived almost entirely at his château, on the banks of the Garonne, a place admirably suited to the indulgence of the deep attachment which almost spontaneously sprung up in the breasts of the young couple. In a few months they were lovers, of the most decided, and, as we have seen, of the most determined stamp.

Munoz had but few chances of seeing Malvide. He never spoke to her; but it so happened, that a sympathy of feeling with his friend, on that one particular point, made him also an adorer of this beauteous girl, to see whom was to love. An accidental glimpse of her person, and a few words caught from her dulcet

had never spoken to, and but once heard speak

reice acted on the inflammable feelings bof Munoz, with a violence that was irresistible. No female had ever before created the slightest sensation in his mind, and a passion now burst forth on this insufficient excitement, like a volcano throwing out its self-engendered flames; He encouraged and fed this phrenzy even while he felt that it consumed him: and in the silence and solitude of his college, he had no one resource to turn the current of his diseased sensations. But he possessed, as well as Melchior, a great degree of that fine quality of sentiment, which irresistibly impels the lover to keep his secret to himself. Neither of them. therefore, made the other his confident. Melchior was too much occupied with his mistress tan discover Munoz's passion; but the latter found out, from various causes, that Melchior was the enamoured and accepted lover of the woman he adored. He had hopelessly, desperately, cherished this idolatry for a person he had never spoken to, and but once heard speak!

But he was, even in his early youth, one of the most eccentric and incalculable of mortals-and this character he was now about to establish, by an extraordinary and unlooked for, but still consistent freak. Deterred by his circumstances and station in life from indulging the slightest degree of hope of obtaining the object of his extravagant passion, and making a wild and irrational estimate of friendship and the duties which he thought it imposed, he at once resolved to give up the notion of Malvide, and to remove any bar which his presence might by possibility create, to the progress of his friend's pursuit. Thus consoling himself for the imaginary relinquishment of a mistress whom he never knew, by the unreal security of a friendship, the advantages of which he was flinging away, he formed and put into execution the design of abandoning France, unknown to all, and absolutely, and at once, retiring from the world for ever. deep good and while good

He quitted the college without notice or pre-

paration-and he did not even leave a letter for his friend Melchior, having too strict a regard for truth to conceal it had he written, and dreading the possible effect it might produce on his friend, and consequently on the friendship which he valued more than life. For his father, he left a letter expressive of his sudden but fixed determination to abandon the world; and he entered Spain and joined the pious possessors of one of its many convents. and soon became as wild an enthusiast in the mysteries of religion, as he had been an extravagant worshipper at the shrine of passion. All this was in accordance with his extraordinary character, and not wonderful in a boy of eighteen. Having gone through all preliminary forms, and thoroughly prepared himself for the career on which he was about to enter, he finally took the vows of his order, and became soon distinguished amongst his brethren for his deep piety, his lofty conceptions, his learning, and his medical skill. He devoted all his worldly thoughts to the perfect acquirement of the killing-or-curing art, and his celebrity soon spread beyond the walls of his retreat: and thus distinguished, in that little circle of renowlf he might have lived and died, had not the political events of his time inflamed his mind with a new excitement, and forced him from his obsendantly into the agitated arena of revolutionary life.

through his noviciate as a military man, havings been removed by his father to the college of St. L. Cyr, whence he started to join the regiment of cavalry to which he was appointed; but the rapid succession of political movements at that period, depriving France of her military chieftain and military character, our hero had but the experience of one short and disastrous campaign, that which began with the defeat of the Prussians at Fleurus, and ended with the voverwhelming discomfiture of their conquerors at Waterloo. Melchior fought in both battles, and in the intervening affair of Quatre-bras, and

he acquired, on those days of desperate conflict; a feeling of respect for British valour and fortitade that almost amounted to adoration. Melchior was a true liberal. He inherited from his father the best principles of civil freedom. and he added a wide toleration of religious tenets that sprung from a spontaneous independence of mind. Heretic and papist were with him empty words. Conscience was the only tribunal he acknowledged in these matters; and he felt that a community of political interests might fairly: and safely exist between men whose religious feelings were as widely separated as the poles. His mind was instinct with notions like these. They were confirmed by the general liberality of his military companions; and the licentiousness in which the latter indulged produced no: effect on our hero, beyond teaching him its danger and exciting his disgust. He had entered the French service, because that of his own country was out of his reach, and because, educated in France, he spoke its language, and followed its manners and customs, like a native; but he felt himself still a Spaniard; and though possessing an hereditary attachment to Joseph and a contempt for Ferdinand, he burned with enthusiasm at the thoughts of those heroes who had expelled the former and now groaned under the latter; and he anxiously awaited the day when he might join the ranks of the patriots who abounded in Spain, and whose bosoms throbbed with the desire to set her free.

On the disbanding of the army of the Loire, our young soldier retired to his father's residence at Toulouse, and here he returned with new ardour to the indulgence of his passion for Malvide d'Euplanade. The lovers had regularly corresponded during Melchior's absence; and this short but perilous separation was all that had been wanting to rivet the chains by which the young pair so willingly allowed themselves to be bound; and for some weeks they revelled in the luxury of secret love. But the total change of circumstances in young

YOL. L

Melchior's family, resulting from the ruin of Napoleon, made the avowal of this attachment then impossible. The pensions hitherto paid to the exiled Afrancesados were discontinued on the accession of Louis XVIII.; and the consideration in which they had been held during the influence of Joseph was now replaced by every mark of distrust and detestation. The virulent hostility of the Spanish government was unbounded, and that of France shewed but little wish to alleviate the sufferings of a body of men whom they did hate, and affected to despise.

Don Francisco and his sons felt neither a right nor an inclination to interfere in the politics of a country which afforded them shelter. The father, therefore, cautiously abstained from any public manifestation of his opinions; and the three grown up brothers, including our hero, resolved to embark for South America, and there join the standard of independence, under which so many gallant exiles from old Spain were at that moment fighting. Melchior parted from Malvide, with proud sentiments of confidence in her, and that sanguine certainty of success which is the instinctive feeling that raises the ambitious man so much above the level of his kind.

Malvide had much of the heroine in her character. High-minded and tender-hearted, with a strong intellect and warm feelings, she loved her lover not less for his lofty aspirings than for the overflowing softness of sentiment by which they were tempered. She liked romantic incident and feeling-not that vapid, common place kind which sinks its votaries into languishment and affectation-but those spirited breaks in the equalities of action and thought, which give vigour to the mind and animation to the monotony of life. Her grief at parting with her lover was much assuaged by the effect of this disposition; and during three years of his adventurous career in the new world, her anxiety for his safety at once preyed upon and supported her spirit. She did not pine away during this agitating interval; but her mind was centered in one object with an intensity that would have worn out an intellect less elastic than hers.

Melchior ran a rapid and brilliant career in Venezuela and other parts of South America where liberty was triumphant. His two brothers perished in the struggle, one in action with Morillo's troops, the other in a desperate sea engagement, in which he commanded a patriot aloop. These losses inflamed young Melchior's hatred to the cause of despotism and its agents; and among other effusions of his highly excited mind, the following (which I thought worth translation) escaped him at this period.

TO THE WARRIORS OF CHILI.

2011 Rouse, Men of Freedom, for the fight

In Freedom's majesty and might!

Let the sound of your march be sabres clashing,

Let your signal sign be the cannon flashing,

ovie dat

When furious to the field you rush,

Sweep on, as the herded wild horse dashes

O'er the Pampas, trampled by his crush - "materi

Be your charge like the tropic shower which splashes So loud that the thunder's roar is hush,

Or seems as rolling faint and high, of od line out

A whirlwind of the upper sky! ni tooido taong and privations he had

Gaze on you tempest-driven clouds; " virginial ov

Shattered through Heaven's wide space they fly-

Thus let the Despots' servile crowds

Shrink from you, Sons of Liberty!

Think, as ye rush on the hireling hordes, a beautiful

What cause ye serve when their bosoms bleed-And know that each gleam from your brandished swords Is a watchlight for a Nation freed fill on the mid

father of Maly Our hero became so distinguished for his intrepidity and talent, on several occasions, that he gained rapid promotion in the Colombian service, and was much noticed by Bolivar, who held out many inducements to him to identify himself by naturalization with the country he had so dise mot several Spaniards, to whom

The immense plains of waving grass, which extend for nearly one thousand miles between the banks of the Plata and Chili, are called Pampas by the Spaniards.

into the secret of the preparations for revolt, at that time on the point of completion in the

interestedly served. But no persuasion had one instant's influence with Melchior, whose whole thoughts turned towards his native country and the girl he loved. He had made a name, his great object in the perils and privations he had voluntarily encountered; and having aided in the establishment of liberty in America, he now prepared to return to Europe, certain of having acquired a claim upon the liberal feelings of Spain, and hoping to have established for himself an influence in the good opinion of the father of Malvide.

Full of these prospects, he took leave of the scene of his exploits and the companions of his glory; and embarking on board an English merchant ship, he arrived safely in London early in December 1819. During a stay of a few days there, he met several Spaniards, to whom his reputation was well known, and by one of those, an agent from Cadiz, he was initiated into the secret of the preparations for revolt, at that time on the point of completion in the

prizes, until the figal acceptance of the constituarmy near that place, under the direction of Riego, Quiroga, and their companions. Don Melchior did not hesitate for a moment in the course to be pursued; but leaving London immediately, he proceeded to Falmouth, whence a packet was on the point of sailing for Gibraltar. A quick passage favoured his views, and from that fortress he passed safely across the frontier, and with strong letters of introduction from his London friends, he arrived at Las Cabezas de San Juan, Riego's quarters, on the last day of the year 1819. A hurried but animated and interesting conference took place between these gallant spirits, on the night of that day-and the next morning, the 1st of January 1820, the constitutional flag was unfurled upon long suffering Spain, and liberty proclaimed.

Melchior, in the first instance, acted as a volunteer on Riego's staff, but in a few days he was placed in command of a portion of that hero's immortal little army; and he personally shared in all its harassing and dubious enter-

prizes, until the final acceptance of the constitution by Ferdinand, and the triumphant establishment of freedom. Raised to the very pinnacle of delight by this rapid accomplishment of all his public hopes, the ardent mind of Don Melchior could imagine no possibility of failure in those private and personal views, to which he now thought he might in strictest duty turn his undivided attention. He obtained, through the influence of his gallant chief Riego, an appointment under the immediate command of Mina (who had recently returned from France, and was nominated Captain General of Navarre), and he immediately repaired to the scene of his new duties. He obtained from Mina a short leave of absence, to pay a visit to his family and friends at the other side of the Pyrenees. quickly passed the route between Pampeluna and Perpignan; and being now, as it were, within reach of all he loved, compared at least with the distances which had so lately separated them, his heart acknowledged the near approach

to his immediate family: but he still felt as if half the globe intervened between him and the dearest object of his affections—and the last league he had to traverse in his rapid journey, seemed infinitely the longest since he left Columbia.

Malvide was apprised of her lover's approach, as she had been of all his movements since he returned to Europe, through the medium of Felix, a trusty servant of her father, almost her earliest playmate, and, since childhood up, her faithful ally, long in the confidence of herself and Don Melchior, and wholly devoted to their interest. By his contrivances a correspondence had been carried on for several years in perfect secrecy and safety; and Melchior's last letter, two days before the one fixed for his arrival, gave the joyous news for which her heart had so long panted, and which now seemed too much for it to bear.

A hint dropped of an interesting event, is, I know, like seed sown upon that most fertile field,

a reader's imagination. Is it not then enough for me to say that Melchior came, that Malvide received him, that their interview was as secret as it was holy—and will not a rich harvest of imaginings spontaneously spring up in every reader's mind? Will not all instantly recollect what passed, once at least in their lives, in their own individual cases? -and can it be necessary to enter into details of what the whole world knows by heart? In the present instance, at all events, I can give no minute particulars; for though I pressed both Melchior and Malvide to be very exact and communicative at this part of their story, they both assured me they could not, for they did not recollect a word that had passed at their meeting. They only remembered the gnawing, restless, enchanting wretchedness with which they awaited the appointed hour; the rapture which they respectively caught each other's figure in the moonlight grove by the river side; the beating of heart, and swimming of brain when they pronounced each other's name; and the delirious forgetfulness of all beside when they stood clasped in firm embrace. Their only feeling was that nothing human could sever them; but Felix, ere long undeceived them, by rushing towards them, dragging them from each other's arms, forcibly carrying Don Melchior to the boat from which he had just landed, and leaving Malvide almost fainting on a bench, from which she was roused by her father himself, who had wandered out, thus malapropos, to enjoy the beauties of the evening, and destroy a scene of extacy that was worth them all.

Fortunately no discovery attended this interruption. A succession of interviews gave the lovers time to calm their transports, and an interchange of ideas and opinions led to a more rational consideration of the measures which their mutual happiness required them to adopt. Melchior was received by his father and mother, his remaining brother, and two sisters, with all the feelings of pride and pleasure, excited by the happy return and honourable success of a son

and brother; but dear as those greetings were, they were of very inferior import to those in another quarter, and I therefore leave them too to the reader's fancy, certain that it will not dwell upon them much longer than I do myself. The Vicomte d'Euplandre, the father of Malvide, was glad to see his old favourite Melchior safely returned from his various exploitsbut he had no interest in the exploits themselves, and was by no means pleased at the triumphant aspect of the cause, which our hero had entered into with such distinguished zeal. In fact the Vicomte had changed his political opinions. He had conveniently cast off his attachment to the Bonaparte family when fortune ceased to be on visiting terms with them; and being now a warm worshipper of the newly risen sun of Bourbon prosperity, he discovered for every flagrant act of Ferdinand some excelient excuse, and in the noble conduct of the patriot liberators of Spain he saw nothing but the most atrocious guilt. He very shortly took occasion to inform Melchior of this, and gave him to understand that he would not be sorry to be freed from the danger of infection which lurked in every fold of his young friend's reputation, and which he dreaded might communicate itself to the very susceptible sympathy of his own countrymen. He therefore did every thing but recommend Melchior to hurry back to Spain; and gave him plainly, though not broadly, to understand, that that interview was to end their intercourse.

The shock which all this would have produced to Melchior's sanguine mind was broken, in some measure, by the previous hints he had received from his own family of the Vicomte's change of opinions, or principles—or whatever else they might be conveniently and respectfully called. In the few minutes snatched from love and its immediate topics, the lovers discussed with condensed energy the course to be followed. It was mutually agreed that no abrupt declaration was to be made by Melchior. He

was to wait awhile, until matters became consolidated in Spain, and the efforts which he was, with others, making to procure an amnesty for the exiled Afrancesados might enable his father to resume his former station in his own country, and entitle him to claim an alliance for his son with the daughter of the Vicomte, according to the cold and commercial forms of French marriages. Having thus arranged, and thus postponed, the open avowal of their mutual passion, the lovers once more separated, confident in the reciprocal attachment which they felt that nothing could now shake, and scarcely less certain of the eventual happiness of which they would not entertain a doubt.

The year 1820 trailed slowly on, according to the estimate of the lovers; and flew fast away, in the opinion of those whose hopes for the good of Spain led them to look to a favourable adjustment of her many difficulties. The clash of her parties was echoed beyond her frontiers, and the discontent of her former despot found sympathy in the feelings of those who thought his debasement might lead to their own. The liberal patriots of Spain had to combat against a host of besetting evils, and they found full employment in endeavouring to avert, or prepare for the dangers which they saw in perspective. The army was strengthened as much as was consistent with the means of the state, and our hero, with the other military officers of distinction, was incessantly employed in the formation of the new levies. He had sufficient interest to keep his place near the frontiers, and he there contrived through the agency of Felix, the only confident of his amour, to keep up a constant correspondence with Malvide. Fatigued not less by his military occupations than by the harassing anxieties of hope deferred, an old wound received in South America caused him considerable annoyance, and he was ordered to the Baths of Barêge, on the French side of the Pyrenees, the sovereign remedy for injuries of the nature of that under which he suffered.

The summer of 1821 saw him fairly established there—not so much for considerations of health as for those of happiness; for Malvide had persuaded her father to consent to the family passing the season at Bagnères, that delightful residence for all who would see nature in its loveliest aspects, and be within reach of its most wild and bold varieties.

In the paths of this romantic region Malvide and Melchior once more revived the oft-breathed vows of eternal fidelity; and every auxiliary of time and place added to the picturesque enthusiasm of their attachment. The father, unsuspicious to the very last of the extent of their intimacy, threw no obstruction in their way. He could not reasonably decline the visits of his old friend's son on the ground of political opinions, for nothing hostile had yet broken out between their respective nations, and it was only on those grounds that he wished to withdraw from the acquaintance. Don Francisco, with the remainder of his family, had in the mean

time returned to Spain, in virtue of the permission tardily granted by the liberal government-liberal, in every thing, to the utmost extent of their powers, except in their intolerant treatment of the Afrancesados, which formed a deep stain on the general purity of their mea-These long persecuted men were at length allowed to enter Spain, but the permission was joined with indignities which nothing but the inherent love of country could have prompted them to submit to. They were declared to have forfeited all their honorary distinctions and rank, and to be unworthy of future employment in the service of that land, for whose good they had laboured and suffered so much. Harsh terms, but still accepted by many, who, with feelings of true patriotism, acknowledged insult and injury to be more than atoned for by the privilege of once more treading their native soil, and of laying their bones beneath it.

During daily excursions to all points of interest in the scenes around them, Melchior and

time returned to Spoin, in virtue of the per-Malvide became thoroughly intimate with the most retired and secret recesses of the mountains; and the rude inhabitants were often the objects of their bounty. Among others, the wretched Cagots excited at first their curiosity next their compassion; and a chance, shelter, taken during a sudden storm at the hut, with which my readers are already well acquainted, ended in many acts of kindness to the poor old couple who owned it, from her who was afterwards to become its heroine—and mine. and or be accounted to take a coupling of in the and produced the angiography and have no Non-Armse and the interest of the second of the second goog he soon somethy rate was a me or in so other on grand has been much on the A speciment attended to the content of well to the slow within a constituent come rate

Allow a constructions of the second solution of the second solution

was a second to god tog:

and feeling it compromised in that of their child. But this latter proposition was more repugnant to Malvide's principles than the former seemed dangerous to har poster for Melchior. I must not cute into a dead of the topide or vite CHAPTER XVI. and w sovitous

to this elandedine murilgo, or of the arguments

-our wind bur lover lunged to enforce his pro-

ANOTHER separation came, another absence, a renewed correspondence-and again a meeting, under circumstances of unusual, and, I may say, of most romantic interest. Frequently, during their summer sojourn in the Pyrenees, did Melchior, in all the vehemence of his affection, implore Malvide's consent to his demanding her formally of her parents; and on her strenuous representations of the certain denial which would bring ruin on their dearest hopes, he used to urge, with the eloquence of passionate entreaty, a private marriage, to put refusal of its legal confirmation beyond the power of parents, proud of their own honour,

and feeling it compromised in that of their child. But this latter proposition was more repugnant to Malvide's principles than the former seemed dangerous to her passion for Melchior. I must not enter into a detail of the motives which induced her decidedly to object to this clandestine marriage, or of the arguments by which her lover hoped to enforce his proposal. It was enough that she viewed such a step with the feelings of horror common to all French females of family and condition, and she vowed that she never would consent to this measure of desperation until driven to the very last extremity. She was firm; he submitted perforce; and he was soon with his troops in Catalonia, and she at her father's château in Languedoc. There another winter and another spring "dragged their slow length along;" and in sure succession came the summer of 1822, which was destined to bring about the catastrophe of the chequered drama, in which Melpower of parents, proud of their own honour,

chior and Malvide had still to sustain so great a share of anxiety and agitation.

It was in the course of that summer, while thick coming events threw doubt and danger over every hope for Spanish happiness, and filled with a thousand inquietudes the breasts of the lovers, that Malvide's father, with an abruptness more peremptory than parental, informed her of a proposal of marriage, her acceptance of which he considered quite a matter of course.

The match was, in the common acceptation of terms, unexceptionable. The suitor was young, wealthy, of good family, and good character. Malvide acknowledged all this, but she frankly told her father and mother that she would rather die than accept this lover, because a feeling worse than death was coupled with the thought of such a union. This refusal was inexplicable to the astonished parents, for they, with that shortsightedness of which one finds instances every day, had no suspicion of their daughter's

secret attachment, and she dared not bring her-

A scene of too common occurrence ensued, and a series of sad consequences were the result; severity on the part of the parents-useless entreaty on that of the daughter-tears and threats, prayers and persecution. Force could not in those days be attempted against the inclinations of the unhappy girl; but, dear as she was to her parents, a train of unpremeditated, yet torturing unkindness was the result of their wounded pride and disappointed hopes. Parents are certainly sometimes to be pitied on these occasions, but never more so than when they bring on their own and their children's suffering by a false estimate of the authority and the obedience, which, duly balanced, should form the happiness of all. In the present case, I can, however, give no sympathy but to my heroine; but I confess myself not an unprejudiced person -and I hope my readers will be all biassed the same way as I was, for I wish them not only to

excuse but to admire the whole conduct of Malvide.

Her character was now put to the test. The whole host of opposing passions and sentiments were aroused. Instinct and feeling-reason, reflection, love, duty, were all fermenting in her mind, with a force that would have been fatal to intellect as well as happiness, had she not by a bold exertion decided on the course to be pursued, with a vigour suited only to a desperate case; but which in such as her's I should be glad to see adopted as a precedent. There is a line of demarcation between submission and resistance. It exists for children as well as nations; and parental no more than political obedience can be expected to go further. This line is no doubt fine-drawn, and sometimes difficult to distinguish. It twists and serpentines, too, according to circumstances and character;and in fact the tracing of it must be left to that discriminating tact, that prompt sense of what is right, which is clear in seeing, and quick in

doing. My heroine possessed, in my opinion, that ready sensitiveness in an eminent degree. Acting upon it, she let her submission to her parents go its full extent. She acknowledged their right to suggest a husband to her-but not to dictate one. She admitted their privilege of rejecting her choice—but not such a choice as Melchior. Reason and sentiment combined to convince her that he was out of the pale of her parent's jurisdiction-and her mind was made up to act at last on that conviction. Firmly bearing up against all the points of petty tyranny in which her father and mother vented their feelings of wounded pride and disappointed expectation, she even endured the torture of a detested suitor's persecuting endearments, while her heart was torn by anxiety for her lover's dangerous situation, for the leagued bands of bigotry had begun to assume an attitude of offence, and several warm actions had been fought between them and the patriots. Malvide saw that the crisis of her fate, her character,

and her happiness had arrived-and she acted with a prudence befitting such a time. She wrote to Melchior, detailing her situation, her feelings, and ber determination. She announced her intention of confessing their attachment to her parents, of soliciting the consent which she had still no hope of their granting; and in case of their refusal, she declared her resolution of setting off, at all hazards to her personal safety or to her fame, to throw herself under the only protection which she would thenceforth acknowledge as legitimate or legal. She pointed out the Cagot's hut, as the place of rendezvous, and the safest shelter that circumstances would admit of; and she fixed a day for her arrival there, either accompanied by her father, and sanctioned by his consent to their union, or alone, and resolved to join her fate irrevocably with his. totally unjuffuenced by his wife's enur

This letter dispatched, and a sufficient time allowed for it to reach Don Melchior, she made the ample revelation of her long-cherished secret to her parents, and detailed the progress and the actual state of her attachment, on the very evening previous to the one fixed for the actual signing of the hated marriage contract. The mother was moved at this account of her daughter's constancy, and of the good conduct evinced in her rejection of Melchior's proposal for a private marriage. She looked from time to time at her husband through the big tears which stood in her eyes, emblematic of the fulness of her heart, and it only wanted one word-one gesture of consent from the Vicomte to have made her embrace her daughter and consent to her wishes, with all the ardour of motherly affection. But the Vicomte gave no sign. He was an obstinate man, without much tenderness or one atom of the romantic in his disposition. He was totally untouched by his child's appeal, totally uninfluenced by his wife's emotion. only saw one side of the question, and that the reverse one of the brightly illumined portion which shone in the rays of sentiment and feeling.

He considered Melchior as a ruined man—his cause as desperate—and his alliance an impossibility. He saw that the liberal party of Spain had no chance, no hope; that all the monarchs of the Continent were leagued against liberty—that England would stand neuter, and that Spain must fall. That conviction was enough: every other consideration was foreign to the point towards which his calculations centered. To Malvide's eloquent entreaty, he answered, "Never!" striking the table with his open palm.

She turned her looks to her mother, with an imploring gesture.

"Never!" echoed the dame, taking a pinch of snuff and blowing her nose at the same moment, ashamed or afraid to put her handkerchief to her streaming eyes.

"Then my destiny is decided!" solemnly exclaimed Malvide.

"Exactly so," cried the Vicomte, pointing to the contract which lay before him.

"Exactly so," echoed the mother, tapping her snuff box; and thus the conference ended.

Those only who know the sacred feeling attached to parental authority in France can understand the sufferings of her who now resolved to violate its commands, and cast off her long allegiance. She did not underrate the importance of the step she was about to take. She felt the full force of that deep sentiment of veneration which had grown with her from her cradle; and to break through the barriers it opposed to her decision, either an impetuous burst of passion, or a well weighed course of reflection was required. Had Malvide acted on the first, her vigour would most probably have subsided into remorse; as it was, the bold step taken—the barrier once broken down-every hour brought with it self-approval and fresh energy.

She dashed away the lingering tears that trickled down her cheek, after that last interview with her harsh father and weak mother, and her heart strings seemed new-braced, as

with dry eyes and beating bosom, she commenced her preparations for flight. Felix was her only counsellor and assistant. He procured a peasant's dress, and a false passport for St. Sauveur, in the Upper Pyrenees, which was given without difficulty on his demand at the Mayor's office at Toulouse, for "Jacqueline L'Heureux, a country girl, aged twenty-two," and no signalement was required. Felix sent forward also a small trunk, stocked with the mere essentials of comfort, addressed to the care of some worthy Bourgeois at Bagnères de Luchon, on the very verge of Spain, an acquaintance of a friend of a relation of his, and far enough removed every way to leave but little risk of discovery through him.

A fine night favoured our heroine, and no accident betrayed her. Supported on the arm of Felix, she safely passed through the lawns and woods, and reached the river side. There a boat awaited her, the same which had carried Melchior to her longing arms, on the secret visit

which I have already mentioned. As she stepped over the side and took her seat in the little skiff, the memory of that delicious meeting rose upon her mind, and overpowered the sorrow which was stealing upon her, at every step which took her from the scenes of her youth. But now, revived and reassured, she would not suffer another retrospection to interfere with the forward movement of her thoughts-she would look back no more. A league from the opposite side of the river she safely met the Bayonne Diligence in which her place was secured. There she took leave of Felix, and stepped into the crowded carriage, where she had to commence her series of masquerade concealments in a mood but little suited for the practice of such antics. She protested to me, during her recital of events, that nothing connected with her stolen journey equalled, in irksomeness, if not in actual suffering, the necessity of supporting her assumed character, of talking patois to her fellow travellers, and falsely answering all their inqui-Melchior to her longing arms, on the secret visil

sitive demands as to her birth, parentage, and connections.

Quitting the Diligence at Lourdes, she proceeded on foot, following the windings of the Gave, skirted Pierrefitte, slept in a cottage inn at Luz, and continued the course of the valley of Barrèges till she reached Gedro, whence she struck off, by the route I took afterwards, into the valley of Héas, and thence into that of Estaubé, where she soon discovered the Cagot's hut, that bourne of the long-sought security, to attain which she had suffered so much.

But on approaching this place of rendezvous, a thousand heretofore unknown emotions rushed upon her. The whole force of every feminine feeling seemed to assail, instead of assisting her. The wild anxiety to clasp her lover in her arms, which had hitherto urged her on—the longing desire to pour out into his bosom the flood of her secret thoughts—all this seemed checked at once; and she felt an oppression of spirits, a

stagnation of feeling, instead of the buoyant delight which had, up till then, supported her. She feared she had gone too far-that delicacy was violated as duty had been defied—and that, instead of the fond embrace of an enraptured lover, she might have to encounter the chill triumph of a contemptuous conqueror. thus she was tortured by the cruel fears which woman is the heir to, which make her doubt the generous hearts that love her best for every step the world calls weakness, and value her the most when she considers herself of least price. There may be men-and women do well perhaps to cherish the belief-who despise the beings that doat on them, but still there are few such; and Melchior and his like were none of them. Malvide would have felt this too, confidently and proudly, had not that passing shade of female distrust—distrust of herself rather than him—discoloured the truth awhile, and thrown an uncertain hue upon the perspective which she was yet destined to enjoy.

She trembled as she gazed on the hut to which her limbs seemed to refuse to bear her-Once, in the conflict of feeling, which oppressed her, and almost bent her to the earth, she was solved to abandon her intention and return home. But an undefinable pang accompanied the thought, that seemed to carry despair in its suggestion. She started forward on her path, and, as if she had been flying from all the combined evils of life, she hur ried up to the well known door of the hut. At every step she expected to meet Melchior, and she shuddered with terror each instant lest he might appear. Arrived at the threshold she paused once more. and she felt a faintness come across her brow. She hastily knocked, and at the same moment she raised the latch; and, tottering into the room, she sank into a chair, and covered her face with her hands, in terror of the encounter she so dreaded, yet so longed for.

It was evening. The old Cagot couple were at their meals of *cruchade*. Surprised at the abrupt entrance of a female, dressed in the costume of the district, but still a stranger, they both for a moment paused. The old man, however, carelessly resumed his occupation, while his more active and more beneficent helpmate rose and approached the agitated girl.

Malvide answered her first kind words by an inquiring stare around the chamber; and when the old woman really recognized her, and gave expression to her astonishment and pleasure, she quickly asked if Melchior were there? Being answered in the negative, she exclaimed, "Thank God! thank God!" and a flood of tears gave relief to her heart, which seemed strained to bursting.

The kind hearted old woman had not sufficient of that tormenting intelligence which just sees enough into one's sorrows to make it wish to pry deeper. She only perceived that the young lady wept; she did not inquire nor care for the cause, but confined her efforts to lessen the effect. She was just dull enough

to know that that is best done by leaving the disease to its own cure; and a few minutes proved the justice of her calculation, by Malvide's recovered composure, a weight of woe having apparently been heaved from her breast.

But this unnatural respite did not continue long. A sudden shock came across her mind once more, in the thought that his absence might be caused by displeasure at the bold step she had taken-by danger-by death even-and she shook in every joint while the last horrid conjecture seemed to freeze her heart. She summoned strength enough to inquire from the old woman if her lover had not been at the hut, or had sent no messenger? The chilling negatives that answered these anxious questions completed her wretchedness. She now felt indeed forlorn, and almost abandoned. If Melchior were indeed then ill-a prisoner-wounded! Such were alone the frightful probabilities her fancy conjured up; for, after a moment's thought, she would not, could not suffer the degrading

notion of his abandonment of her to linger in her brain, and to believe him dead, was to her worse than death. Every feeling of self was then forgotten, and her only considerations were given for his safety.

This was a night of unmitigated misery to our poor heroine. The grateful old mistress of the hut did all she could to alleviate her distress. The spare room, always ready for the chancel guests which adventure might bring there, was put into its best trim. Malvide bad experienced its shelter before, and she reckoned on finding enough for her wants; but as things were, accommodation more indifferent still would have amply suited her desires. She scarcely felt the texture of the bed she pressed, and seemed alive only to sensations of mental suffering. Her first rational determination was to write immediately to Felix. She had promised him to do so, when anticipating different results to what she now thought her too hasty journey; and she sat down to redeem her pledge to her faithI want as, however, said to expect the dates, and intimate the possible peril of a stantion; and the letter was dispatched by day break, in the care of the old woman, who undertook to forward it from Gedro to the post town of St. Sauveur; and at the same time she promised to procure a safe messenger with a more time the procure of the mountain paths to be more the little trunk, for the mountain our poor became, under the

There is, even in anxiety

a residual possible in the bare effort

a residual for distress, which the

of mankind does not comprehent.

buring done all that depended upon

the mendure the lingering turments
full five days, from the time her

was disputched, until the hour

when that devoted fellow presented himself at the door of the hut, habited in the grotesque disguise, borrowed or bought from some disgarnished pilgrim, at which I myself soon afterwards stared.

His young mistress's delight may be imagined, by those who can have pictured the anguish of her solitary state. Felix was nearly as much rejoiced, in being the means of relieving her agitation. Almost without a word of inquiry or salutation, and waiving all those ceremonious preparations, which less practised and less considerate confidents delight in, he put a letter into Malvide's hand. To break the seal, almost devour the contents with her eyes, and next the paper with kisses, was the work of a minute; for the letter was a short one, and from Melchior. It was scrawled hurriedly, at the very moment of a victory over the Baron D'Eroles and his fanatics; but it said enough in one or two lines to stamp it, in Malvide's regard, as the most precious epistle she had ever

received, even from Melchior. It told that he was safe—that he was her's as ever—and that he had not received the letter she had so faithfully promised, and he so ardently looked for. Here then was the whole mystery of his nonappearance plainly cleared up, and in a way so simple, that a hysteric laugh burst from the delighted girl, at her own expence. In all the conjectures of her miserable incertitude, the easiest, the most natural of all, had never crossed her mind: her all important epistle had miscarried; and to that moment her lover was in utter ignorance of her situation, and of her close neighbourhood to him, for he was only a few leagues distant across the mountain frontier.

Malvide very soon found time to inquire with anxious solicitude for her parents, whose sufferings she imagined and deeply felt for. Felix gave a trite, but feeling description of their emotion and affright, when it was discovered that Malvide had fled—the tears and lamentations of the mother, mixed with reproaches to

the cruel father, who drove her daughter to despair—the half stifled misery of the proud and cold blooded Vicomte—the alarm of the servants—and the agitation of the discarded lover. Felix declared, that though he scarcely pitied any one of the chief trio, he could hardly restrain his tears, when, as a last desperate hope of discovery, the Vicomte ordered the river to be dragged; and tottered, pale and trembling, himself into the first boat, while the worn out mother sank fainting on the bank.

At this part of his recital Malvide wrung her hands, and wept bitterly, at the thought of the misery which these unwise parents had made her the means of inflicting on them. But then came Felix's account of his own sufferings, when the receipt of her and Don Melchior's letter, enclosing one for her, told him of their double disappointment, and of her destitute state. Then without a moment's delay, he resolved to set out to join her, and to go at all risks into Spain, and bring Don Melchior to her. He did not tell

exactly this extent of his intentions to his old master and mistress, but he swore to them that he would set out in search of their daughter, and that he would never return without tidings of her. His preparations were soon made. He took care secretly to forward a guitar, and some little portable luxuries, for Malvide; and providing himself with the before-noticed apt disguise for frontier travelling in such times, furnished with a passport, and more money than he could require, he set off, and journeyed night and day, until he arrived at the Cagot's hut, and threw himself—not unexpectedly, for she reckoned on his zeal—before his delighted and agitated mistress.

It may be well supposed that Felix did not linger long in the hut. Even had his own inclination prompted any loss of time, the exigency of the case would have overcome it. But he was anxious to be gone, for he was a fellow of an adventurous spirit; he longed to mix in the strange company, to be looked for at the other

side of the hills; and he felt proudly anxious to signalize himself in the service of his attached mistress, and of the gallant lover with whom her destinies were now for ever to be joined. A little time served for his scanty preparations—a hearty meal, a few hours repose, his relics and amulets put in proper order, his false beard replaced on his chin, and his staff grasped firmly in his hand—and away he trudged across the mountains, followed by Malvide's anxious looks, which seemed to out-pace his steps, and would have penetrated the secrets of distance and time.

The adventures of Felix on this expedition, would have formed one of the most amusing of modern pilgrimages, had I room for such an episode. But I must slur over his meetings with the various curious characters which at that time abounded in Spain; the accidents which for many days retarded his main object; his falling in with Father Munoz, whom he immediately recognized as Don Melchior's old friend; and

his rencontre with the villain Sanchez, who, in his presence, and deceived by his professed opinions, avowed to the monk his intention of murdering Don Melchior, and set out for his quarters, under a treacherous semblance of patriotism, to effect his purpose. To prevent it, however, two obstacles were in the way-Father Munoz's and Felix's disapproval. The strange circumstances of this gratuitous villany revived all the old warmth of the monk's attachment; and he immediately despatched Felix, furnished with passes of security against the outrages of the Royalist bands, to outmarch the intended assassin, and put Don Melchior on his guard. He entered fully into Felix's confidence, who told him not only of the continued attachment of his old friend for Malvide, but entrusted him with the secret of her present retreat, certain that, in the result of any accident to Don Melchior, the Monk would use all his powerful influence for her protection. Felix little knew the chord he touched on, when he sounded the praises of Malvide; and the only return asked by Father Munoz, for his solemn promises of protection to that dear object, was a profound secrecy, as to his having been informed of her circumstances and situation.

Felix thought that was the least return he could make for so important a protection, and being discreet as well as zealous, he never violated his promises to the monk; and neither Melchior nor Malvide, knew the guardian that protected the latter, during a lawless and hazardous interval, until Father Munoz informed his friend of the fact, and allowed me an opportunity for knowing, how far I too had shared in the safety secured to the hut, by his peremptory orders for its inviolability.

The marches and countermarches perpetually employing Don Melchior and his fellow pursuers of the fugitive fanatics, made it a difficult matter for the pretended pilgrim to come into actual contact with him. The object was at last attained. He found Don Melchior; warned

him of the projected attempt against his life; informed him of the situation of her, for whom alone he thought that life worth preserving; and bearing a hasty but eloquent letter from the gallant soldier to his faithful mistress, with instructions for the formation of a miniature telegraph, and signals for its use, Felix once more bent his steps towards the secret hold of the lovers, and never paused in his career, until the very evening when I so unexpectedly formed one of the party among whom he alighted.

The march of circumstances from that moment has been, I hope, as clearly as it was truly traced. I have made my recital of previous transactions bear mainly on points of immediate interest to my heroine. Any oversight in those little dovetailings, which make a narrative more perfect, will be readily dispensed with for the entertainment of my straight-forward object, of coming quickly to the situation of chief importance, in what I have chosen to denominate, like the rest, a tale. And I now resume the

narrative of events, at the place where I again							
occame an actual observer of them; feeling all							
the relief, which one naturally experiences in getting rid of a second-hand atory, and having only to deal with such facts, as one can vouch							
						for on one's own authority.	
						we can be a second of the second	अंद्र ठेवह
$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right) = \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + $	+ 5095a						
green factor and the second state of	, war						
The second of the second of the second							
Section 1985 (1985)							
END OF VOL. I.							
Recorded to the second	£G,						
$ \mathbf{p}(q) \leq \delta \left(1 + \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \mathbf{p}(q) ^{2} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \mathbf{p}(q) ^{2} \right) \right)$	4,4						
$\phi = \phi_{\rm phi} \phi_{\rm phi}$ to the first of $\phi = \phi^{(1)} \phi_{\rm phi} \phi_{\rm phi}$	47 V						
good at a compact for	:						
cases again to a place.							
MESSA DELM CONTROLL	7.						
Barringdo Branzair i 💮 🐬	1.4						
SHACKELI AND BATLIS, JOHNSON'S COURT.							
ode agrano wan in a control of							

1

-

L,

POPULAR WORKS OF FICTION.

Printed for H. Colburn, 8, New Burlington Street.

- 1. DE VERE, or the MAN of INDEPENDENCE. By the Author of TREMAINE. 4 vols. post 8vo.
 - 2. VIVIAN GREY. Volumes 3, 4, and 5.
- "Decidedly the cleverest production of the class to which it belongs."
 -- London Magazine.
 - 3. FALKLAND. In 1 vol. post 8vo. 9s. 6d.

" Is this her fault or mine?
The tempter, or the tempted, who sins most?"
SHAKSPEARL.

- 4. ENGLISH FASHIONABLES ABROAD. A Novel. 3 vols. post 8vo.
- 5. HYDE NUGENT. A Tale of Fashionable Life. 3 vols. post 8vo.
- 6. THE PRAIRIE; a Tale. By the Author of "THE SPY," "THE PILOT," &c. 3 vols.
- 7. TRUCKLEBOROUGH HALL; A SATIRICAL NOVEL. 3 vols. post 8vo. 28s. 6d.
- "This is an extremely piquant and ingenious satire. Such a book is much to our tastes, as we infinitely prefer laughing at the extravagancies of the world, to bewailing them."—London Magazine.
- 8. THE TOR HILL. By the Author of "BRAMBLETYE HOUSE; or, Cavaliers and Roundheads." Third Edition. 3 vols. post 8vo. 31s. 6d.
- 9. CONFESSIONS of an OLD BACHELOR. In 1 vol. post 8vo. 9s. 6d.
- 10. THE NATCHEZ; an Indian Tale. By the Viscount DE CHATEAUBRIAND, Author of "Atala," "Travels in the Holy Land," &c. 3 vols. small 8vo. 24s.; French, 18s,
- "There are Scenes and Portraits in this Romance which the pencil of genius has exquisitely touched, and which will insure it fame and favour of no trivial description."—Literary Chroncicle.
- 11. THE NOWLANS, and PETER of the CAS-TLE; being a SECOND SERIES OF TALES, by the O'HARA FAMILY. Second Edition. 3 vols. post 8vo. 31s. 6d.
- "The Author is truly a man of talent and genius."—Literary Gazette.
 "We bid adieu to the Author with the highest opinions of his exalted talents."—Literary Chronicle.
- "We have read these Tales with an interest often excited even to a painful degree of intensity, and with frequent admiration of the Author's genius."—London Magazine.

New Works Published by H. Colburn.

12. TALES of a VOYAGER. 3 vols. post 8vo. 25s. 6d.

"The Author's firste is essentially humourous, and his humour is of the spirit and quarry of Washington Irring's, combined with infinitely more lancy and swards "-New Times."

13. RICHMOND; or SCENES in the LIFE of a BOW-STRELF OFFICER; drawn up from his private Memoranda, 3 vols. post 8vo. 28s. 6d.

** Some bottle of war and some of woe, And some of tru and fulge also, bone of escapes, and gull and death: Also of love for south there beth "

14. SANDOVAL; or the FREEMASON. A Tale of the Spanish Revolution. By the Author of Don Estaban. 3 vols. post 8vo 23., 6d.

"The production of a Spanish refugee of some rank and high estimation, whose narration is very far from being altogether fiction; and who, in lee I, with respect to the essentials of his very interesting story, might say with diseas." All which I saw, and part of which I was,""—Panoram c Muscellany.

15. A NEW SERIES of ARABIAN NIGHTS' EN-TERTAINMENTS, selected from the Original Oriental MS. By Jos. Von Hanner, and now first translated into English by the Rev. George Lamb. In 3 vols. foolscap 8vo. 18s.

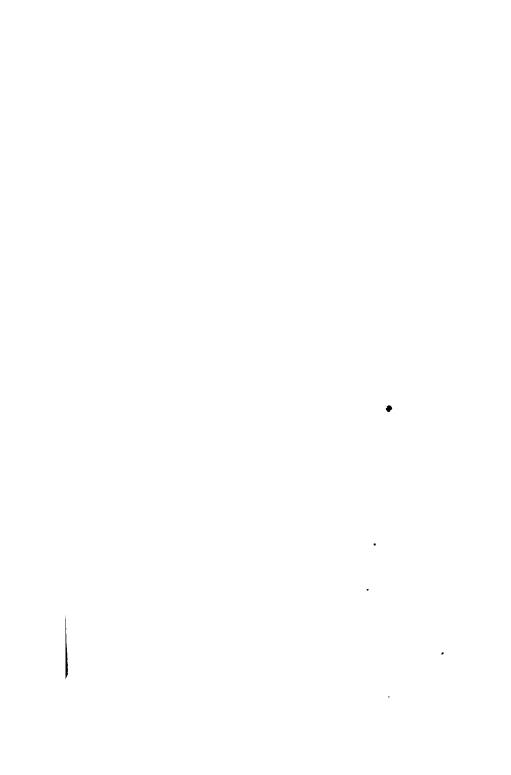
Will it not be a sufficient recommendation of these volumes to state, that they fall by no means short of their greatly admired predecessors? Indeed, several of the e-Tales are more than either works of fiction, or pictures of the customs, manners, &c. of the nations of which they treat. Some of them will be found to contain much excellent moral instruction and philosophical reflection. The imaginative and descriptive parts will be found equally interesting and beautiful."—Morning Post.

16. GASTON DE BLONDEVILLE; or, the Court of Henry III. keeping Festival in Ardenne, a Romance; and St. Alban's Abbey, a Metrical Tale: with some Poetical Pieces. By Anne Radcliffe, Author of "The Romance of the Forest;" "Mysteries of Udolpho;" Italian," &c. To which is prefixed, a Memoir of the Author, with Extracts from her Journals. Published from the Originals, in the possession of Wm. Radcliffe, Esq. In 4 vols. post 8vo. 38s.

Mrs. Radeilife's last Romance is likely to attract, in no common degree, the attention of the literary world. The delicacy of her sentiments, the force and beauty of her reflections, and the splendour of her imagination, are conspicuous in every page."—British Press.

		··	
•			

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 		
•	`			•	



. • •

.

